## HOUSE BILL 1786

## State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

**By** Representatives Gregerson, Tarleton, Robinson, Sells, Ortiz-Self, McBride, Peterson, Cody, Bergquist, Moscoso, Jinkins, Ormsby, Stanford, Ryu, Pollet, and S. Hunt

Read first time 01/28/15. Referred to Committee on Labor.

AN ACT Relating to establishing a statewide wage standard for 1 2 aerospace employment as a requirement to qualify for certain 3 aerospace-related tax incentives; amending RCW 82.32.534; amending 4 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 1 (uncodified); reenacting and amending 5 82.04.260; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.32 RCW; creating a new section; providing an 6 7 effective date; and declaring an emergency.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 Sec. 1. 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 1 (uncodified) is amended to read 10 as follows:

11 (1) The legislature finds that the people of Washington have 12 benefited enormously from the presence of the aerospace industry in 13 Washington state. The legislature further finds that the industry ((continues to provide)) has historically provided good wages and 14 benefits for the thousands of engineers, mechanics, and support staff 15 16 working directly in the industry throughout the state. ((The 17 legislature further finds that suppliers and vendors that support the aerospace industry in turn provide a range of well-paying jobs.)) In 18 2003, and again in 2006, and 2007, the legislature determined it was 19 20 in the public interest to encourage the continued presence of the 21 aerospace industry through the provision of tax incentives. To this

end, and in recognition of the continuing extreme importance of the aerospace industry in Washington, it is the legislature's intent to reaffirm and build upon prior aerospace tax incentive legislation in a fiscally prudent manner.

5 (2) The legislature categorizes the tax preferences extended in 6 this act as intended to create or retain jobs, as indicated in RCW 7 82.32.808(2)(c).

8 (3) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to 9 maintain and grow Washington's aerospace industry workforce <u>and the</u> 10 <u>good wages traditionally offered by aerospace employment</u>. To help 11 achieve this public policy objective, it is the legislature's intent 12 to conditionally extend aerospace industry tax preferences until July 13 1, 2040, in recognition of intent by the state's aerospace industry 14 sector to maintain and grow its <u>well-paid</u> workforce within the state.

(4) The joint legislative audit and review committee must review 15 16 the tax preferences provided in this act and report to the 17 legislature by December 1, 2019, and every five years thereafter. As part of its tax preference reviews, the committee must specifically 18 19 assess changes in aerospace industry employment in Washington in comparison with other states and internationally, and assess growth 20 21 in high-wage employment, as defined by an annual or hourly wage equal or greater than the state median wage. To the extent practicable, the 22 committee must use occupational data statistics provided by the 23 24 bureau of labor statistics and state agencies responsible for 25 administering unemployment insurance to perform this assessment.

26 Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.260 and 2014 c 140 s 6 and 2014 c 140 s 4 are 27 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the businessof manufacturing:

30 (a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into 31 soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola by-32 products, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons 33 the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value 34 of the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola by-product 35 manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;

36 (b) Beginning July 1, 2015, seafood products that remain in a 37 raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the 38 manufacturing by that person; or selling manufactured seafood 39 products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the

1 completion of the manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such 2 persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to 3 the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived 4 from such sales, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers 5 б must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 7 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state; 8

(c)(i) Beginning July 1, 2015, dairy products; or selling dairy 9 products that the person has manufactured to purchasers who either 10 11 transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state 12 or purchasers who use such dairy products as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing of a dairy product; as to such persons 13 14 the tax imposed is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 15 16 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period 17 by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the required qoods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out 18 of this state or sold to a manufacturer for use as an ingredient or 19 20 component in the manufacturing of a dairy product.

21 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(c), "dairy products"
22 means:

(A) Products, not including any marijuana-infused product, that
 as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1,
 parts 131, 133, and 135, including by-products from the manufacturing
 of the dairy products, such as whey and casein; and

(B) Products comprised of not less than seventy percent dairy
 products that qualify under (c)(ii)(A) of this subsection, measured
 by weight or volume.

30 (iii) The preferential tax rate provided to taxpayers under this 31 subsection (1)(c) does not apply to sales of dairy products on or 32 after July 1, 2023, where a dairy product is used by the purchaser as 33 an ingredient or component in the manufacturing in Washington of a 34 dairy product;

(d)(i) Beginning July 1, 2015, fruits or vegetables by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this 1 state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such 2 business is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the 3 gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 4 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period 5 required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were 6 transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out 7 of this state.

8 (ii) For purposes of this subsection (1)(d), "fruits" and 9 "vegetables" do not include marijuana, useable marijuana, or 10 marijuana-infused products;

(e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and

16 (f) Wood biomass fuel as defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such 17 persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to 18 the value of wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate 19 of 0.138 percent.

20 (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business 21 of splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount 22 of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the 23 peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, as to such corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed is equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

34 (5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business 35 of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the 36 amount of the tax with respect to such activities is equal to the 37 gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 38 0.275 percent.

39 (6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as40 an international steamship agent, international customs house broker,

1 international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker 2 in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such 3 persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international 4 activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities 5 multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

6 (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business 7 of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; 8 as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is 9 equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied 10 11 by the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this 12 subsection are exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this 13 14 subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign 15 16 commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or 17 transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or 18 from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or 19 similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding or storage yard or area to await further movement in import 20 21 or export or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated 22 or aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation 23 for delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this 24 25 definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of 26 cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation 27 services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, 28 29 custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal 30 31 stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited 32 to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, 33 trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship hatch covers. 34

(8) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

1 If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities 2 both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to 3 this state must be determined in accordance with the methods of 4 apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

5 (9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance 6 producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW or 7 a surplus line broker licensed under chapter 48.15 RCW; as to such 8 persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed 9 activities is equal to the gross income of such business multiplied 10 by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent thereafter.

(11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging 18 within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial 19 20 airplanes, or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at 21 retail or wholesale, of commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount 22 tax with respect to such business is, 23 of in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product manufactured and the 24 25 gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case 26 of processors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, 27 multiplied by the rate of:

28 (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through June 30, 2007;
 29 and

30

(ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.

31 (b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is 32 engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling 33 specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial airplanes 34 or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at retail or 35 36 wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in the 37 38 case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product manufactured 39 and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in

HB 1786

р. б

1 the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the 2 business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.

3 (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial 4 airplane" and "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 5 82.32.550.

(d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a
person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (11)
must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW
82.32.534.

(e)(i) Except as provided in (e)(ii) of this subsection (11),
this subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2040.

12 (ii) With respect to the manufacturing of commercial airplanes or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial airplanes, this 13 subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1st of the year in 14 which the department makes a determination that any final assembly or 15 16 wing assembly of any version or variant of a commercial airplane that 17 is the basis of a siting of a significant commercial airplane manufacturing program in the state under RCW 82.32.850 has been sited 18 outside the state of Washington. This subsection (11)(e)(ii) only 19 applies to the manufacturing or sale of commercial airplanes that are 20 a siting of a significant commercial airplane 21 the basis of manufacturing program in the state under RCW 82.32.850. 22

(f) Beginning with taxes due and payable in calendar year 2016, a 23 taxpayer may not claim the preferential rates under this subsection 24 25 (11) for taxes due and payable during the calendar year if the wage ratio of the taxpayer does not equal one. The department, in 26 collaboration with the employment security department, must make this 27 28 determination and notify affected taxpayers, to the extent possible, by January 1st of each year. Taxpayers disallowed from claiming the 29 preferential rates under (a)(ii) of this subsection (11) during any 30 calendar year may claim the preferential rates in subsequent calendar 31 32 years if the wage ratio requirement under this subsection (11)(f) is met for those calendar years. This subsection (11)(f) applies to a 33 taxpayer only if: (i) The taxpayer files on a monthly or quarterly 34 basis; and (ii) the taxpayer claimed a preferential rate under 35 (a)(ii) of this subsection (11) and reported wage data to the 36 employment security department for the entire twelve-month period 37 ending on September 30th, as described in section 3 of this act. 38 39 "Wage ratio" has the meaning provided in section 3 of this act.

1 (12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for 2 hire timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the 3 business is, in the case of extractors, equal to the value 4 of products, including by-products, extracted, or in the case of 5 б extractors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, 7 multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 8 9 2024.

(b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 10 11 state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) 12 Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the 13 14 amount of the tax with respect to the business is, in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of products, including by-products, 15 16 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the 17 gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent 18 19 from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.

(c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 20 21 state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from 22 timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured 23 24 by that person from timber or timber products; as to such persons the 25 amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross 26 proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through 27 June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 28 29 2024.

(d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 30 31 state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the 32 gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 33 percent. For purposes of this subsection (12)(d), "selling standing 34 35 timber" means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer 36 is required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of 37 the original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the 38 timber and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or 39 after severance.

1 (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions
2 apply:

3 (i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material 4 products containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent 5 recycled paper and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as 6 a bonding agent.

7 (ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper 8 and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and 9 pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; 10 11 kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, 12 and solid-fiber containers including linerboard and corrugated 13 14 medium; and related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and 15 16 paper products" does not include books, newspapers, magazines, 17 periodicals, and other printed publications, advertising materials, 18 calendars, and similar types of printed materials.

19 (iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having 20 fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from 21 postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), 22 "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be 23 disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a 24 consumer item.

(iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035.

29

(v) "Timber products" means:

(A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products
 obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation
 hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;

(B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recoveredpaper or paper products; and

35 (C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture of 36 biocomposite surface products.

(vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood windows; and biocomposite surface products. (f) Except for small harvesters as defined in RCW 84.33.035, a
 person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (12)
 must file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW
 82.32.585.

5 (13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, 6 testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, 7 as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities 8 is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied 9 by the rate of 0.484 percent.

10 (14)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the 11 business of printing a newspaper, publishing a newspaper, or both, 12 the amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of 13 the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.

14 (b) A person reporting under the tax rate provided in this 15 subsection (14) must file a complete annual report with the 16 department under RCW 82.32.534.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 18 RCW to read as follows:

19 The definitions in this section apply to this section and RCW 20 82.04.260(11).

(1) "Qualifying wage standard" means eighty percent of the state median wage for the determination made by the department under RCW 82.04.260(11)(f) in 2015, ninety percent of the state median wage for the determination made by the department in 2016, and one hundred percent of the state median wage for the determination made by the department in 2017 and every year thereafter.

(2) "State median wage" means the most recent median family income for the state of Washington for a one-earner family as reported in the American community survey and published by the United States census bureau.

(3) "Wage data" means wage amounts reported to the employmentsecurity department by an employer.

(4) "Wage ratio" means the fraction of employees of an employer earning at least the qualifying wage standard for the twelve-month period ending on September 30th. The determination includes only employees for which wage data has been reported by the employer to the employment security department for at least thirty-six months through September 30th. The wage data used in the determination under this subsection (4) is not subject to the confidentiality provisions

of RCW 50.13.020 or 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request as long as names, social security numbers, addresses, and any details identifying an individual or employer are deleted.

4 Sec. 4. RCW 82.04.4461 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 9 are each 5 amended to read as follows:

6 (1)(a)(i) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a 7 credit is allowed for each person for qualified aerospace product 8 development. For a person who is a manufacturer or processor for hire 9 of commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, credit may 10 be earned for expenditures occurring after December 1, 2003. For all 11 other persons, credit may be earned only for expenditures occurring 12 after June 30, 2008.

13 (ii) For purposes of this subsection, "commercial airplane" and 14 "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550.

15 (b) Before July 1, 2005, any credits earned under this section 16 must be accrued and carried forward and may not be used until July 1, 17 2005. These carryover credits may be used at any time thereafter, and 18 may be carried over until used. Refunds may not be granted in the 19 place of a credit.

20 (2) The credit is equal to the amount of qualified aerospace 21 product development expenditures of a person, multiplied by the rate 22 of 1.5 percent.

(3) Beginning with taxes due and payable in calendar year 2016, a 23 24 taxpayer may not claim the credit under this section if the taxpayer is disallowed from claiming the preferential rate under RCW 25 82.04.260(11)(a)(ii) due to RCW 82.04.260(11)(f). The department must 26 27 notify affected taxpayers, to the extent possible, by January 1st of each year. Taxpayers disallowed from claiming the credit under this 28 subsection (3) during a calendar year may claim the credit in 29 subsequent calendar years if the wage ratio requirement under RCW 30 31 82.04.260(11)(f) is met for those calendar years.

32 (4) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section the 33 credit must be claimed against taxes due for the same calendar year 34 in which the qualified aerospace product development expenditures are 35 incurred. Credit earned on or after July 1, 2005, may not be carried 36 over. The credit for each calendar year may not exceed the amount of 37 tax otherwise due under this chapter for the calendar year. Refunds 38 may not be granted in the place of a credit. 1 (((4))) (5) Any person claiming the credit must file a form 2 prescribed by the department that must include the amount of the 3 credit claimed, an estimate of the anticipated aerospace product 4 development expenditures during the calendar year for which the 5 credit is claimed, an estimate of the taxable amount during the 6 calendar year for which the credit is claimed, and such additional 7 information as the department may prescribe.

8 ((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(6)</u> The definitions in this subsection apply throughout 9 this section.

10

(a) "Aerospace product" has the meaning given in RCW 82.08.975.

11 (b) "Aerospace product development" means research, design, and 12 engineering activities performed in relation to the development of an aerospace product or of a product line, model, or model derivative of 13 an aerospace product, including prototype development, testing, and 14 certification. The term includes the discovery of technological 15 16 information, the translating of technological information into new or 17 improved products, processes, techniques, formulas, or inventions, and the adaptation of existing products and models into new products 18 19 or new models, or derivatives of products or models. The term does not include manufacturing activities or other production-oriented 20 21 activities, however the term does include tool design and engineering design for the manufacturing process. The term does not include 22 surveys and studies, social science and humanities research, market 23 research or testing, quality control, sale promotion and service, 24 25 computer software developed for internal use, and research in areas 26 such as improved style, taste, and seasonal design.

(c) "Qualified aerospace product development" means aerospaceproduct development performed within this state.

29 (d) "Qualified aerospace product development expenditures" means operating expenses, including wages, compensation of a proprietor or 30 31 a partner in a partnership as determined by the department, benefits, supplies, and computer expenses, directly incurred in qualified 32 33 aerospace product development by a person claiming the credit provided in this section. The term does not include amounts paid to a 34 person or to the state and any of its departments and institutions, 35 36 other than a public educational or research institution to conduct qualified aerospace product development. The term does not include 37 capital costs and overhead, such as expenses for land, structures, or 38 39 depreciable property.

1 (e) "Taxable amount" means the taxable amount subject to the tax 2 imposed in this chapter required to be reported on the person's tax 3 returns during the year in which the credit is claimed, less any 4 taxable amount for which a credit is allowed under RCW 82.04.440.

5 ((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(7)</u> In addition to all other requirements under this 6 title, a person claiming the credit under this section must file a 7 complete annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

8 (((<del>7)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> Credit may not be claimed for expenditures for which 9 a credit is claimed under RCW 82.04.4452.

10

(( ( + 8 + ))) (9) This section expires July 1, 2040.

11 **Sec. 5.** RCW 82.32.534 and 2014 c 97 s 102 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

(1)(a) Every person claiming a tax preference that requires a report under this section must file a complete annual report with the department. The report is due by April 30th of the year following any calendar year in which a person becomes eligible to claim the tax preference that requires a report under this section. The department may extend the due date for timely filing of annual reports under this section as provided in RCW 82.32.590.

20 (b) The report must include information detailing employment, wages, and employer-provided health and retirement benefits for 21 employment positions in Washington for the year that the tax 22 23 preference was claimed. ((However, persons engaged in manufacturing 24 commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes may report employment, wage, and benefit information per job at the 25 manufacturing site for the year that the tax preference was 26 27 claimed.)) The report ((must)) may not include names of employees. The report must also detail employment by the total number of full-28 time, part-time, and temporary positions for the year that the tax 29 30 preference was claimed.

(c) Persons receiving the benefit of the tax preference provided by RCW 82.16.0421 or claiming any of the tax preferences provided by RCW 82.04.2909, 82.04.4481, 82.08.805, 82.12.805, or 82.12.022(5) must indicate on the annual report the quantity of product produced in this state during the time period covered by the report.

(d) If a person filing a report under this section did not file a
 report with the department in the previous calendar year, the report
 filed under this section must also include employment, wage, and

benefit information for the calendar year immediately preceding the
 calendar year for which a tax preference was claimed.

3 (2) As part of the annual report, the department may request 4 additional information necessary to measure the results of, or 5 determine eligibility for, the tax preference.

6 (3) Other than information requested under subsection (2) of this
7 section, the information contained in an annual report filed under
8 this section is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW
9 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.

(4) Except as otherwise provided by law, if a person claims a tax 10 11 preference that requires an annual report under this section but 12 fails to submit a complete report by the due date or any extension under RCW 82.32.590, the department must declare the amount of the 13 tax preference claimed for the previous calendar year to 14 be immediately due and payable. The department must assess interest, but 15 16 not penalties, on the amounts due under this subsection. The interest 17 must be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent taxes under this chapter, retroactively to the date the tax preference was claimed, 18 19 and accrues until the taxes for which the tax preference was claimed are repaid. Amounts due under this subsection are not subject to the 20 21 confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request. 22

(5) The department must use the information from this section to prepare summary descriptive statistics by category. No fewer than three taxpayers may be included in any category. The department must report these statistics to the legislature each year by December 1st.

27

(6) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Person" has the meaning provided in RCW 82.04.030 and alsoincludes the state and its departments and institutions.

30 (b) "Tax preference" has the meaning provided in RCW 43.136.021 31 and includes only the tax preferences requiring a survey under this 32 section.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 82.32
 34 RCW to read as follows:

Increases in state general fund revenue collections resulting from the changes made in this act must be used for state services that aid low-income individuals.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. This act may be known and cited as the
 aerospace tax incentive accountability act.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. Section 2 of this act is necessary for the 4 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or 5 support of the state government and its existing public institutions, 6 and takes effect July 1, 2015.

--- END ---