HOUSE BILL 1552

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Representatives Shea, Taylor, Condotta, Pike, Goodman, G. Hunt, Scott, Buys, Holy, Griffey, Blake, Fitzgibbon, Hurst, Ormsby, Young, and Magendanz

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1 AN ACT Relating to industrial hemp; amending RCW 69.50.204; 2 adding a new chapter to Title 15 RCW; creating new sections; and 3 providing an expiration date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that hemp has been 6 continuously cultivated for millennia, is accepted and available in 7 the global marketplace, and has numerous beneficial, practical, and economic uses, including, but not limited to: High strength fiber; 8 9 textiles; clothing biofuel; paper products; protein rich food containing fatty acids and amino acids; biodegradable plastics; 10 11 resins; nontoxic medicinal and cosmetic products; construction materials; rope; and value-added crafts. 12

The many beneficial agricultural and environmental uses of hemp include, but are not limited to: Livestock feed and bedding; carbon dioxide absorption and conversion; stream buffering; erosion control; water and soil purification; and weed control.

The hemp plant is an annual herbaceous plant that, on average, varies in height from three to nineteen feet and has a stem diameter averaging between one-quarter to one and one-half inches. The hemp plant is morphologically distinctive and readily identifiable as an

agricultural crop grown for the cultivation and harvesting of its
 fiber and seed.

The agricultural act of 2014, known as the farm bill, passed by 3 congress last year, authorizes the growing of hemp by institutions of 4 higher learning and state departments of agriculture for academic or 5 6 agricultural research purposes, but only in those states that have already legalized hemp production. At least eight states have passed 7 legislation generally authorizing the production and marketing of 8 industrial hemp and eleven others have authorized either hemp pilot 9 studies or the production of hemp for agricultural research purposes, 10 11 or both.

Hemp cultivation will enable the state of Washington to accelerate economic growth and job creation, promote environmental stewardship, and expand export opportunities.

15 Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to legalize the 16 agricultural production of industrial hemp and provide a regulatory 17 framework that will ensure the security and safety of hemp crops 18 while at the same time facilitate the ability of Washington farmers 19 to successfully compete in the global hemp marketplace.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. Industrial hemp is an agricultural product that may be legally grown, produced, possessed, processed, 21 and commercially traded in accordance with the provisions of this 22 chapter. Interstate and international commercial transactions may be 23 24 conducted by state licensed industrial hemp producers and processors 25 with respect to industrial hemp and industrial hemp products produced 26 in this state by licensees. The department of agriculture is granted 27 the rule-making authority necessary to implement this chapter in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. 28

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** The definitions in this section apply 30 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 31 otherwise.

(1) "Cultivar" means a variation of genera *Cannabis* that has been
 developed through cultivation by selective breeding.

(2) "Grower" means any person or entity growing industrial hemp
 and being duly licensed in accordance with the provisions of this
 chapter.

37 (3) "Hemp products" include all products made from industrial38 hemp including, but not limited to, cloth, cordage, fiber, food,

fuel, paint, paper, building materials, plastics, seed, livestock feed, seed meal, seed oil intended for consumption, seed certified for cultivation, or any other hemp product derived from industrial hemp, provided the product is derived from seeds originating from industrial hemp cultivars approved by the department in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

7 (4) "Industrial hemp" means all parts and varieties of the genera 8 *Cannabis*, cultivated or possessed by a grower, whether growing or 9 not, that contain a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of 0.3 percent 10 or less by weight, except that the THC concentration limit of 0.3 11 percent may be exceeded with respect to seeds used for licensed 12 industrial hemp research conducted in accordance with the 13 requirements of sections 8 and 10 of this act.

14 (5) "THC" or "tetrahydrocannabinol" means the component delta-9-15 tetrahydrocannibinol contained in the genera *Cannabis*, or in the 16 resinous extractives of the genera *Cannabis*, or the synthetic 17 substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical 18 structure and pharmacological activity.

19 (6) "THC concentration" means percent of total THC, which is the 20 combined percent of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and 21 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the genera *Cannabis*, 22 regardless of moisture content.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) The department shall administer and 24 enforce the provisions of this chapter.

(2) The department is authorized to investigate compliance with this chapter, and have access, subject to the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, to all land, buildings, or places where industrial hemp is grown, kept, stored, or handled, and to all records relating to hemp production. The department may make copies of the records.

(3) The department may access properties and records specified in subsection (2) of this section during regular business hours upon the consent of the grower or when the department has probable cause to believe that any grower licensed under this chapter is otherwise in violation of this chapter or rules adopted under it.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** (1) Any person or entity wishing to engage 37 in the production of industrial hemp must be licensed as an 38 industrial hemp grower by the department. A department-issued license authorizes industrial hemp production only at the site or sites
 specified by the licensee in the licensee's license application.

3 (2) In order to obtain a license, a prospective licensee must 4 file an application with the department. The department must make a 5 determination to either grant or deny a license within sixty days of 6 receipt of the application. A department-issued license is valid for 7 thirty-six months and may be renewed, but may not be transferred.

8 (3) To qualify for a license, an applicant shall demonstrate to 9 the satisfaction of the department, in a manner prescribed by the 10 department, that the applicant intends to and is capable of growing 11 industrial hemp and has adopted methods to ensure its safe 12 production, which at a minimum include:

(a) Securing the supply of all industrial hemp seed obtained forplanting in compliance with this chapter;

(b) Ensuring the integrity of the industrial hemp crop while it is in the field, which includes filing with the department the location and acreage of all parcels sown and other field reference information as may be required by the director;

(c) Agreeing to the provisions of section 4 of this act regardinginspections and records requests by the department; and

(d) Maintaining records that reflect compliance with the provisions of this chapter and with all other state law regulating the planting and cultivation of hemp.

24 (4) Every grower shall maintain all production records for at25 least three years at the production site.

26 (5) Every grower shall place signs at the natural access points 27 of industrial hemp fields that communicate, at a minimum, that the industrial and that the THC 28 crop is hemp content is 29 insignificant. The minimum length of the signs is twenty-four inches and the minimum height is eighteen inches. 30

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. (1) The department may deny, suspend, 32 revoke, or refuse to renew the license of any grower that:

33 (a) Makes a false statement or misrepresentation on an34 application for a license or renewal of a license;

35 (b) Fails to comply with or violates any provision of this 36 chapter or any rule adopted under it; or

37 (c) Fails to take any action required by the department under the 38 provisions of this chapter.

1 (2) Revocation or suspension of a license may be in addition to 2 any criminal penalties or fines imposed on a grower under other state 3 law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The department shall charge a fee for 4 each license granted to a grower under this chapter. The fee amount 5 charged for the first growing season after the effective date of this б section is ten dollars per acre of land under cultivation. After the 7 first growing season, the department shall adopt by rule a fee to 8 fund and administer the program, to be used beginning with the 9 10 growing season following the first growing season. All fee revenue 11 must be deposited in the industrial hemp account created in section 11 of this act. 12

(2) After the third growing season, the department shall report
to the legislature on the fee amount, the acres of industrial hemp in
production, and the revenue generated from industrial hemp.

16 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **Sec. 8.** (1) The industrial hemp authorized for production under this chapter must be propagated through certified, 17 18 conventionally bred pedigreed seeds as determined by the department 19 through its rule-making authority. Except when grown by an accredited agricultural research institution or by a registered seed breeder 20 developing a new Washington seed cultivar, industrial hemp must be 21 grown only from seed types identified on a list of approved seed 22 23 cultivars to be established by the department by rule.

(2) The following varieties of seed cultivars are approved by the
department for industrial hemp production and are exempt from the THC
testing required under section 9 of this act: Alyssa; Anka; CFX-1;
CFX-2; Delores; X-59 (Hemp Nut); Crag; CRS-1; USO 14; USO 31; and
Zolotonosha 11.

29 (3) The following varieties of seed cultivars are approved by the department for industrial hemp production but must undergo THC 30 testing as required under section 9 of this act until such time as 31 the department determines they are exempt from THC testing: Canda; 32 CanMa; Carmagnola; Carmen; CS; Deni; ESTA-1; Fasamo; Fedrina 74; 33 Felina 34; Ferimon; Fibranova; Fibriko; Fibrimon 24; Fibrimon 56; 34 Finola; Joey; Jutta; Komplti; Kompolti Hybrid TC; Kompolti 35 Sargaszaru; Lovrin 110; Petera; Silesia; UC-RGM; Uniko B; Yvonne; and 36 37 Zolotonosha 15.

1 (4) In addition to those approved cultivars identified in 2 subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the department must 3 determine and adopt by rule a list of approved seed cultivars. In 4 establishing the list of department-approved seed cultivars, the 5 department should consider the following:

6 (a) Industrial hemp seed cultivars that have been certified by 7 January 1, 2013, by member organizations of the association of 8 official seed certifying agencies, including, but not limited to, the 9 Canadian seed growers' association; and

10 (b) Industrial hemp seed cultivars that have been certified by 11 January 1, 2013, by the organization of economic cooperation and 12 development.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. (1) Industrial hemp growers are required to annually submit plant samples to an independent, department-14 15 certified testing laboratory for the testing of THC levels in 16 accordance with the requirements of this chapter. The annual test 17 results must be retained by the grower for a period of three years. 18 be from each noncontiquous, individually The samples must identifiable field, regardless of size, that is owned or controlled 19 20 by the grower. The costs of the testing must be borne by the producer 21 and the test results must be provided to the department by either the laboratory or the grower, or both, at the request of the department. 22 The department has discretionary authority to require random testing 23 24 at any time.

(2) The department may exempt a grower from the annual testing requirement established under this section if the annual test results of the hemp varieties grown by that producer prove to contain 0.3 percent THC or less for three consecutive years.

(3) The department shall adopt by rule the criteria for the certification of a testing laboratory and the testing standards and processes to be used by a laboratory under this section.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. (1) Subject to receiving federal or 33 private funds for this purpose, Washington State University shall 34 study the feasibility and desirability of industrial hemp production 35 in Washington state. In conducting the study, Washington State 36 University shall gather information from agricultural and scientific 37 literature, consulting with experts and the public, and reviewing the 38 best practices of other states and countries worldwide regarding the

1 development of markets for industrial hemp and hemp products. The 2 study must include an analysis of:

3 (a) The market economic conditions affecting the development of
4 an industrial hemp industry in the state;

5 (b) The estimated value-added benefit that Washington's economy 6 would obtain from having a developed industrial hemp industry in the 7 state;

8 (c) Whether Washington soils and growing conditions are 9 appropriate for economically viable levels of industrial hemp 10 production;

(d) The threat posed to industrial hemp by agricultural pests and diseases and the potential remedies for these agricultural threats;

(e) The agronomy research being conducted worldwide relating toindustrial hemp varieties, production, and use; and

(f) Other legislative acts, experiences, and outcomes around the world regarding industrial hemp production.

17 (2)(a) Washington State University shall report its findings to18 the legislature by January 14, 2016.

(b) The report must include recommendations for any legislative actions necessary to encourage and support the development of an industrial hemp industry in the state of Washington.

22 (3) This section expires August 1, 2016.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. The industrial hemp account is created in 24 the state treasury. All receipts from fees from section 7 of this act 25 must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be 26 spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be 27 used only for the purposes of defraying the cost of implementing this 28 chapter.

29 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. Sec. 12. By January 15th of each year, the 30 department must report to the relevant committees of the legislature 31 agricultural activities with jurisdiction over regarding implementation of this chapter and on the commercialization of 32 industrial hemp in this state and elsewhere in the world, and 33 34 recommend any changes to this chapter deemed appropriate.

35 **Sec. 13.** RCW 69.50.204 and 2010 c 177 s 2 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

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1 specifically excepted by state or federal law Unless or regulation or more specifically included in another schedule, the 2 following controlled substances are listed in Schedule I: 3 Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, 4 (a) esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers 5 6 whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is 7 possible within the specific chemical designation: (1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-8 piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide); 9 10 (2) Acetylmethadol; 11 (3) Allylprodine; Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol, 12 (4) also 13 known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM; 14 (5) Alphameprodine; 15 (6) Alphamethadol; Alpha-methylfentanyl 16 (7) (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) 17 ethyl-4-piperidyl] propionanilide); (1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(Npropanilido) piperidine); 18 19 Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-(8) piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide); 20 21 (9) Benzethidine; 22 (10) Betacetylmethadol; 23 Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-(11)piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide); 24 25 (12) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, some trade or other names: N-26 [1-(2-hydrox-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-Nphenylpropanamide; 27 28 (13) Betameprodine; 29 (14) Betamethadol; 30 (15) Betaprodine; 31 (16) Clonitazene; 32 (17) Dextromoramide; 33 (18) Diampromide; (19) Diethylthiambutene; 34 (20) Difenoxin; 35 36 (21) Dimenoxadol; (22) Dimepheptanol; 37 (23) Dimethylthiambutene; 38 39 (24) Dioxaphetyl butyrate; 40 (25) Dipipanone;

1	(26)	Ethylmethylthiambutene;
2	(27)	Etonitazene;
3	(28)	Etoxeridine;
4	(29)	Furethidine;
5	(30)	Hydroxypethidine;
б	(31)	Ketobemidone;
7	(32)	Levomoramide;
8	(33)	Levophenacylmorphan;
9	(34)	3-Methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-
10	piperidy	l]-N-phenylprop anamide);
11	(35)	3-Methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
12	piperidi	nyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
13	(36)	Morpheridine;
14	(37)	<pre>MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);</pre>
15	(38)	Noracymethadol;
16	(39)	Norlevorphanol;
17	(40)	Normethadone;
18	(41)	Norpipanone;
19	(42)	Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-
20	phenethy	l)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide);
21		<pre>PEPAP(1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);</pre>
22		Phenadoxone;
23	(45)	Phenampromide;
24		Phenomorphan;
25		Phenoperidine;
26	(48)	Piritramide;
27	(49)	Proheptazine;
28	(50)	Properidine;
29		Propiram;
30		Racemoramide;
31	(53)	Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-
32	propanam	inde);
33		Tilidine;
34		Trimeperidine.
35		Opium derivatives. Unless specifically excepted or unless
36		n another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives,
37		g their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the
38		e of those salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
39		ne specific chemical designation:
40	(1)	Acetorphine;

1	(2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
2	(3) Benzylmorphine;
3	(4) Codeine methylbromide;
4	(5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
5	(6) Cyprenorphine;
6	(7) Desomorphine;
7	(8) Dihydromorphine;
8	(9) Drotebanol;
9	(10) Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;
10	(11) Heroin;
11	(12) Hydromorphinol;
12	(13) Methyldesorphine;
13	(14) Methyldihydromorphine;
14	(15) Morphine methylbromide;
15	(16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
16	(17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
17	(18) Myrophine;
18	(19) Nicocodeine;
19	(20) Nicomorphine;
20	(21) Normorphine;
21	(22) Pholcodine;
22	(23) Thebacon.
23	(c) Hallucinogenic substances. Unless specifically excepted or
24	unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture,
25	or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
26	hallucinogenic substances, including their salts, isomers, and salts
27	of isomers whenever the existence of those salts, isomers, and salts
28	of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation. For
29	the purposes of this subsection only, the term "isomer" includes the
30	optical, position, and geometric isomers:
31	(1) Alpha-ethyltryptamine: Some trade or other names:
32	Etryptamine; monase; a-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl)
33	indole; a-ET; and AET;
34	(2) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine: Some trade or other names:
35	4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
36	(3) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine: Some trade or other
37	names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl
38	DOB; 2C-B, nexus;
39	(4) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine: Some trade or other names: 2,5-
40	dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA;
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1 (5) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (DOET); 2 (6) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine: Other name: 3 2C - T - 7;(7) 4-methoxyamphetamine: Some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-a-4 methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA; 5 б (8) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine; 7 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine: (9) Some trade and other 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 8 "DOM"; names: and 9 "STP"; (10) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine; 10 11 (11) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA); 12 (12) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, also known as N-13 ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, 14 MDE, MDEA; N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine also 15 (13)known as 16 N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine,N-hydroxy 17 MDA; 18 (14) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine; (15) Alpha-methyltryptamine: Other name: AMT; 19 20 (16) Bufotenine: Some trade names: 3-(betaor other 21 Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; 22 indolol; Ν, 23 mappine; 24 (17)Diethyltryptamine: Some trade other names: N,Nor 25 Diethyltryptamine; DET; 26 (18) Dimethyltryptamine: Some trade or other names: DMT; (19) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine: Other name: 5-MeO-DIPT; 27 (20) Ibogaine: Some trade or other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6 beta, 28 29 7,8,9,10,12,13,-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyndo (1',2' 1,2) azepino (5,4-b) indole; Tabernanthe iboqa; 30 31 (21) Lysergic acid diethylamide; (22) Marihuana or marijuana; 32 (23) Mescaline; 33 Some trade or other names: 34 (24) Parahexyl-7374: 3-Hexyl-1-35 hydroxy-7, 8, 9, 10-tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-6H-36 dibenzo[b,d]pyran; synhexyl; (25) Peyote, meaning all parts of the plant presently classified 37 botanically as Lophophora Williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, 38 39 the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every 40 compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of 1 such plant, its seeds, or extracts; (interprets 21 U.S.C. Sec. 812

2 (c), Schedule I (c)(12));

3 (26) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

(27) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

5 (28) Psilocybin;

6 (29) Psilocyn;

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7 (30)(i) Tetrahydrocannabinols, meaning tetrahydrocannabinols 8 naturally contained in a plant of the ((genus)) genera Cannabis 9 (((cannabis plant))), as well as synthetic equivalents of the 10 substances contained in ((the)) <u>such</u> plant, or in the resinous 11 extractives of <u>the genera</u> Cannabis, ((species,)) and/or synthetic 12 substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical 13 structure and pharmacological activity such as the following:

14 (((i))) (A) 1 - cis - or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their 15 optical isomers, excluding tetrahydrocannabinol in sesame oil and 16 encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by 17 the United States Food and Drug Administration;

18 ((((ii))) (B) 6 - cis - or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their 19 optical isomers;

20 (((iii))) <u>(C)</u> 3,4 - cis - or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its 21 optical isomers;

22 (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally 23 standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical 24 designation of atomic positions covered.)

25 <u>(ii) Industrial hemp, as defined under section 3 of this act, is</u>
26 <u>excepted from the categories of controlled substances identified</u>
27 <u>under this section;</u>

28 (31) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine: Some trade or other 29 names: N-ethyl-1phenylcyclohexalymine, (1-phenylcyclohexl) 30 ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; cyclohexamine; PCE;

31 (32) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine: Some trade or other 32 names: 1-(1-phencyclohexyl)pyrrolidine; PCPy; PHP;

33 (33) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine: Some trade or other 34 names: 1-(1-[2-thenyl]-cyclohexly)-pipendine; 2-thienylanalog of 35 phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP;

36 (34) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine: A trade or other 37 name is TCPy.

(d) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
 which contains any quantity of the following substances having a

depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation.

5 (1) Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid: Some other names include GHB;
6 gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid;
7 sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate;

8 (2) Mecloqualone;

(3) Methaqualone.

10 (e) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 11 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 12 which contains any quantity of the following substances having a 13 stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, 14 isomers, and salts of isomers:

(1) Aminorex: Some other names: aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2 oxazoline; or 4, 5-dihydro-5-phenly-2-oxazolamine;

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(2) N-Benzylpiperazine: Some other names: BZP,1-benzylpiperazine;

18 (3) Cathinone, also known as 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone,
 19 alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone and norephedrone;

20 (4) Fenethylline;

21 (5) Methcathinone: Some other names: 2-(methylamino)propiophenone; alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-22 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; 23 phenylpropan-1-one; 24 monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; methylcathinone; 25 AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR1432, its salts, optical isomers, and 26 salts of optical isomers;

27 (6) (+-)cis-4-methylaminorex ((+-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-28 phenyl-2-oxazolamine);

29 (7) N-ethylamphetamine;

30 (8) N,N-dimethylamphetamine: Some trade or other names: N,N-31 alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-trimethylphenoethylene.

The controlled substances in this section may be added, rescheduled, or deleted as provided for in RCW 69.50.201.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. Sections 2 through 9, 11, and 12 of this 35 act constitute a new chapter in Title 15 RCW.

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