HOUSE BILL 1371

State of Washington64th Legislature2015 Regular SessionBy Representatives Taylor, Shea, G. Hunt, Young, Griffey, Scott,
Condotta, and WilsonState

Read first time 01/19/15. Referred to Committee on State Government.

AN ACT Relating to administrative procedures to promote 1 2 accountability and economic relief; amending RCW 34.05.310, 3 34.05.313, 34.05.320, 34.05.570, 28A.300.040, 41.50.050, 43.06A.030, 43.19.011, 43.21A.064, 43.24.016, 43.27A.090, 43.30.215, 43.31C.060, 4 5 43.33.040, 43.33A.110, 43.59.070, 43.61.040, 43.63A.475, 43.70.580, 43.101.085, 43.115.040, 43.117.050, 43.155.040, 43.160.050, 6 7 43.163.100, 43.180.040, 43.200.070, 43.210.060, 43.250.090, 8 43.320.040, 43.330.040, 47.01.071, 48.02.060, 48.44.050, 48.46.200, 9 66.08.0501, 77.04.055, 80.01.040, 70.94.181, 76.09.060, 77.55.021, 78.44.081, 86.16.025, 70.95.205, 15.54.820, 43.21C.033, 77.115.040, 10 16.65.030, 70.119A.110, 90.03.350, 90.03.370, 90.58.140, 70.118B.030, 11 12 and 36.70B.030; reenacting and amending RCW 34.05.328; adding new 13 sections to chapter 34.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 77.12 RCW; adding a new section 14 15 to chapter 79.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 79A.05 RCW; 16 adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; adding 17 18 a new section to chapter 70.94 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19 90.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.76 RCW; adding a new 20 section to chapter 18.104 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 69.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.64 RCW; adding a new section 21 to chapter 15.58 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 17.21 RCW; 22 23 adding a new section to chapter 70.95J RCW; adding a new section to

1 chapter 90.66 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 36.70A RCW; adding 2 a new section to chapter 43.21H RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 1 3 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 36 RCW; adding a new chapter to 4 Title 34 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; and 5 declaring an emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 34.05 8 RCW to read as follows:

9 This act may be known and cited as the regulatory freedom and 10 accountability act.

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PART I

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 101. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 13 RCW to read as follows:

14 The legislature finds that Washington families, workers, and employers continue to struggle to make ends meet. As families and 15 16 employers have streamlined their budgets and services, so should 17 state government. Government continues to increase the burden on citizens and employers through perpetual alteration and expansion of 18 rules. During 2012, an estimated 1,129 new sections to the Washington 19 20 Administrative Code were permanently adopted, 2,211 sections were 21 permanently amended, 393 emergency rule filings were made, and 961 22 sections were permanently repealed. A total of 5,511 pages of permanent rule changes were made and 2,398 pages of emergency rules 23 24 were adopted. The constant changing of rules provides uncertainty to 25 citizens and employers and adds additional costs to taxpayers as hold public meetings and telephone conferences, and 26 agencies 27 spend untold hours working drafts for employees on rules. Furthermore, continual proposal of new rules distracts employers from 28 being productive in their respective enterprises due to a need to 29 comment against these proposed rules. Most agencies do not track the 30 31 number of hours employees spend on rule making nor do they track the 32 cost to the agency to do this task. One way to reduce millions of 33 dollars in employee and administrative costs is to impose a 34 moratorium on formal and informal rule making by state agencies 35 except in certain specified instances. This moratorium is to last for

1 three years or until the state is no longer facing financial 2 deficits.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 34.05
4 RCW to read as follows:

5 (1) Agency rule making is suspended until the later of July 1, 6 2018, or such time as the economic and revenue forecast council 7 reports for three consecutive quarters that state revenue collections 8 have increased above the official forecast adopted pursuant to RCW 9 82.33.010 on or before February 20th in an even-numbered year or 10 March 20th in an odd-numbered year, except in the following cases:

11 (a) A rule is needed to implement a federal law and the rule is 12 not more stringent than federal law;

13 (b) A rule is needed to implement the terms of a governor-14 declared state of emergency;

15 (c) A rule is needed by the department of health to respond to a 16 public health emergency;

(d) A rule is needed to set the times for the taking of wildlife,
fish, or shellfish pursuant to RCW 77.12.047(1) or 77.04.055(2); or

(e) Legislation enacted after January 1, 2013, specifically directs that rule making be undertaken. Rules adopted under this subsection (1)(e) must be approved by the legislature in the ensuing legislative session before the rule may take effect.

(2) This section does not prohibit an agency from repealingrules.

25 **Sec. 103.** RCW 34.05.310 and 2011 c 298 s 20 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 (1) <u>The provisions of this section are subject to section 102 of</u>
28 <u>this act.</u>

29 (2)(a) To meet the intent of providing greater public access to 30 administrative rule making and to promote consensus among interested 31 parties, agencies must solicit comments from the public on a subject 32 of possible rule making before filing with the code reviser a notice 33 of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320. The agency must prepare 34 a statement of inquiry that:

(i) Identifies the specific statute or statutes authorizing theagency to adopt rules on this subject;

37 (ii) Discusses why rules on this subject may be needed and what 38 they might accomplish; 1 (iii) Identifies other federal and state agencies that regulate 2 this subject, and describes the process whereby the agency would 3 coordinate the contemplated rule with these agencies;

4 (iv) Discusses the process by which the rule might be developed,
5 including, but not limited to, negotiated rule making, pilot rule
6 making, or agency study;

7 (v) Specifies the process by which interested parties can 8 effectively participate in the decision to adopt a new rule and 9 formulation of a proposed rule before its publication.

10 (b) The statement of inquiry must be filed with the code reviser 11 for publication in the state register at least thirty days before the 12 date the agency files notice of proposed rule making under RCW 13 34.05.320 and the statement, or a summary of the information 14 contained in that statement, must be sent to any party that has 15 requested receipt of the agency's statements of inquiry.

16 (((2))) (3) Agencies are encouraged to develop and use new 17 procedures for reaching agreement among interested parties before 18 publication of notice and the adoption hearing on a proposed rule. 19 Examples of new procedures include, but are not limited to:

20 (a) Negotiated rule making by which representatives of an agency 21 and of the interests that are affected by a subject of rule making, 22 including, where appropriate, county and city representatives, seek 23 to reach consensus on the terms of the proposed rule and on the 24 process by which it is negotiated; and

(b) Pilot rule making which includes testing the feasibility of complying with or administering draft new rules or draft amendments to existing rules through the use of volunteer pilot groups in various areas and circumstances, as provided in RCW 34.05.313 or as otherwise provided by the agency.

30 (((3))) (4)(a) An agency must make a determination whether 31 negotiated rule making, pilot rule making, or another process for 32 generating participation from interested parties prior to development 33 of the rule is appropriate.

34 (b) An agency must include a written justification in the rule-35 making file if an opportunity for interested parties to participate 36 in the rule-making process prior to publication of the proposed rule 37 has not been provided.

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((++))) (5) This section does not apply to:

39 (a) Emergency rules adopted under RCW 34.05.350;

(b) Rules relating only to internal governmental operations that
 are not subject to violation by a nongovernment party;

(c) Rules adopting or incorporating by reference without material 3 change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, 4 rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs 5 6 other than those programs governing shorelines of statewide 7 significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the 8 9 material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule; 10

(d) Rules that only correct typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect;

14 (e) Rules the content of which is explicitly and specifically 15 dictated by statute;

16 (f) Rules that set or adjust fees under the authority of RCW 17 19.02.075 or that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative 18 standards, including fees set or adjusted under the authority of RCW 19 19.80.045; or

20 (g) Rules that adopt, amend, or repeal:

21 (i) A procedure, practice, or requirement relating to agency 22 hearings; or

(ii) A filing or related process requirement for applying to anagency for a license or permit.

25 **Sec. 104.** RCW 34.05.313 and 1995 c 403 s 303 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 (1) <u>The provisions of this section are subject to section 102 of</u>
28 <u>this act.</u>

(2) During the development of a rule or after its adoption, an 29 30 agency may develop methods for measuring or testing the feasibility of complying with or administering the rule and for identifying 31 simple, efficient, and economical alternatives for achieving the goal 32 of the rule. A pilot project shall include public notice, 33 participation by volunteers who are or will be subject to the rule, a 34 35 high level of involvement from agency management, reasonable completion dates, and a process by which one or more parties may 36 37 withdraw from the process or the process may be terminated. Volunteers who agree to test a rule and attempt to meet the 38 requirements of the draft rule, to report periodically to the 39

1 proposing agency on the extent of their ability to meet the 2 requirements of the draft rule, and to make recommendations for 3 improving the draft rule shall not be obligated to comply fully with 4 the rule being tested nor be subject to any enforcement action or 5 other sanction for failing to comply with the requirements of the 6 draft rule.

7 (((2))) (3) An agency conducting a pilot rule project authorized 8 under subsection (((1))) (2) of this section may waive one or more 9 provisions of agency rules otherwise applicable to participants in 10 such a pilot project if the agency first determines that such a 11 waiver is in the public interest and necessary to conduct the 12 project. Such a waiver may be only for a stated period of time, not 13 to exceed the duration of the project.

14 (((3))) (4) The findings of the pilot project should be widely 15 shared and, where appropriate, adopted as amendments to the rule.

16 (((4))) <u>(5)</u> If an agency conducts a pilot rule project in lieu of 17 meeting the requirements of the regulatory fairness act, chapter 18 19.85 RCW, the agency shall ensure the following conditions are met:

(a) If over ten small businesses are affected, there shall be at least ten small businesses in the test group and at least one-half of the volunteers participating in the pilot test group shall be small businesses.

(b)(i) If there are at least one hundred businesses affected, the participation by small businesses in the test group shall be as follows:

26 (A) Not less than twenty percent of the small businesses must27 employ twenty-six to fifty employees;

(B) Not less than twenty percent of the small businesses mustemploy eleven to twenty-six employees; and

30 (C) Not less than twenty percent of the small businesses must 31 employ zero to ten employees.

(ii) If there do not exist a sufficient number of small businesses in each size category set forth in (b)(i) of this subsection willing to participate in the pilot project to meet the minimum requirements of that subsection, then the agency must comply with this section to the maximum extent practicable.

37 (c) The agency may not terminate the pilot project before 38 completion. 1 (d) Before filing the notice of proposed rule making pursuant to 2 RCW 34.05.320, the agency must prepare a report of the pilot rule 3 project that includes:

4 (i) A description of the difficulties small businesses had in 5 complying with the pilot rule;

6 (ii) A list of the recommended revisions to the rule to make 7 compliance with the rule easier or to reduce the cost of compliance 8 with the rule by the small businesses participating in the pilot rule 9 project;

10 (iii) A written statement explaining the options it considered to 11 resolve each of the difficulties described and a statement explaining 12 its reasons for not including a recommendation by the pilot test 13 group to revise the rule; and

(iv) If the agency was unable to meet the requirements set forth in (b)(i) of this subsection, a written explanation of why it was unable to do so and the steps the agency took to include small businesses in the pilot project.

18 Sec. 105. RCW 34.05.320 and 2012 c 210 s 2 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 (1) <u>The provisions of this section are subject to section 102 of</u> 21 <u>this act.</u>

22 (2) At least twenty days before the rule-making hearing at which 23 the agency receives public comment regarding adoption of a rule, the 24 agency shall cause notice of the hearing to be published in the state 25 register. The publication constitutes the proposal of a rule. The 26 notice shall include all of the following:

(a) A title, a description of the rule's purpose, and any other
 information which may be of assistance in identifying the rule or its
 purpose;

30 (b) Citations of the statutory authority for adopting the rule 31 and the specific statute the rule is intended to implement;

32 (c) A short explanation of the rule, its purpose, and anticipated 33 effects, including in the case of a proposal that would modify 34 existing rules, a short description of the changes the proposal would 35 make, and a statement of the reasons supporting the proposed action;

36 (d) The agency personnel, with their office location and 37 telephone number, who are responsible for the drafting, 38 implementation, and enforcement of the rule;

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(e) The name of the person or organization, whether private,
 public, or governmental, proposing the rule;

3 (f) Agency comments or recommendations, if any, regarding 4 statutory language, implementation, enforcement, and fiscal matters 5 pertaining to the rule;

6 (g) Whether the rule is necessary as the result of federal law or 7 federal or state court action, and if so, a citation to such law or 8 court decision;

9 (h) When, where, and how persons may present their views on the 10 proposed rule;

11 (i) T

(i) The date on which the agency intends to adopt the rule;

(j) A copy of the small business economic impact statement prepared under chapter 19.85 RCW, or a copy of the school district fiscal impact statement under RCW 28A.305.135 in the case of the state board of education, or an explanation for why the agency did not prepare the statement;

17 (k) A statement indicating whether RCW 34.05.328 applies to the 18 rule adoption; and

19 (1) If RCW 34.05.328 does apply, a statement indicating that a 20 copy of the preliminary cost-benefit analysis described in RCW 21 34.05.328(((1))) (2)(c) is available.

(((2))) (3)(a) Upon filing notice of the proposed rule with the code reviser, the adopting agency shall have copies of the notice on file and available for public inspection. Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the agency shall forward three copies of the notice to the rules review committee.

(b) A pilot of at least ten agencies, including the departments 27 labor and industries, fish and wildlife, revenue, ecology, 28 of 29 retirement systems, and health, shall file the copies required under this subsection, as well as under RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.353, with 30 31 the rules review committee electronically for a period of four years from June 10, 2004. The office of regulatory assistance shall 32 negotiate the details of the pilot among the agencies, the 33 legislature, and the code reviser. 34

(((3))) (4) No later than three days after its publication in the state register, the agency shall cause either a copy of the notice of proposed rule adoption, or a summary of the information contained on the notice, to be mailed to each person, city, and county that has made a request to the agency for a mailed copy of such notices. An

agency may charge for the actual cost of providing a requesting party
 mailed copies of these notices.

3 (((4))) (5) In addition to the notice required by subsections 4 (((1) and)) (2) and (3) of this section, an institution of higher 5 education shall cause the notice to be published in the campus or 6 standard newspaper of the institution at least seven days before the 7 rule-making hearing.

8 Sec. 106. RCW 34.05.328 and 2011 c 298 s 21 and 2011 c 149 s 1 9 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

10 (1) <u>The provisions of this section are subject to section 102 of</u> 11 <u>this act.</u>

12 (2) Before adopting a rule described in subsection (((5))) (7) of 13 this section, an agency must:

14 (a) Clearly state in detail the general goals and specific15 objectives of the statute that the rule implements;

(b) Determine that the rule is needed to achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection, and analyze alternatives to rule making and the consequences of not adopting the rule;

20 (c) Provide notification in the notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320 that a preliminary cost-benefit analysis is 21 available. The preliminary cost-benefit analysis must fulfill the 22 requirements of the cost-benefit analysis under (d) 23 of this 24 subsection. If the agency files a supplemental notice under RCW 25 34.05.340, the supplemental notice must include notification that a revised preliminary cost-benefit analysis is available. A final cost-26 27 benefit analysis must be available when the rule is adopted under RCW 28 34.05.360;

(d) Determine that the probable benefits of the rule are greater than its probable costs, taking into account both the qualitative and quantitative benefits and costs and the specific directives of the statute being implemented;

(e) Determine, after considering alternative versions of the rule and the analysis required under (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection, that the rule being adopted is the least burdensome alternative for those required to comply with it that will achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection;

1 (f) Determine that the rule does not require those to whom it applies to take an action that violates requirements of another 2 federal or state law; 3

(g) Determine that the rule does not impose more stringent 4 performance requirements on private entities than on public entities 5 б unless required to do so by federal or state law;

(h) Determine if the rule differs from any federal regulation or 7 statute applicable to the same activity or subject matter and, if so, 8 determine that the difference is justified by the following: 9

(i) A state statute that explicitly allows the agency to differ 10 11 from federal standards; or

12 (ii) Substantial evidence that the difference is necessary to achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of 13 14 this subsection; ((and))

(i) Coordinate the rule, to the maximum extent practicable, with 15 16 other federal, state, and local laws applicable to the same activity 17 or subject matter; and

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(j) Receive the governor's signature on the final rule.

(((2))) (3) In making its determinations pursuant to subsection 19 (((1))) (2)(b) through (h) of this section, the agency must place in 20 21 the rule-making file documentation of sufficient quantity and quality so as to persuade a reasonable person that the determinations are 22 justified. 23

(((3))) (4) Before adopting rules described in subsection (((5)))24 (7) of this section, an agency must place in the rule-making file a 25 26 rule implementation plan for rules filed under each adopting order. The plan must describe how the agency intends to: 27

(a) Implement and enforce the rule, including a description of 28 29 the resources the agency intends to use;

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(b) Inform and educate affected persons about the rule;

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(c) Promote and assist voluntary compliance; and

(d) Evaluate whether the rule achieves the purpose for which it 32 was adopted, including, to the maximum extent practicable, the use of 33 interim milestones to assess progress and the use of objectively 34 35 measurable outcomes.

36 (((4))) (5) The adoption of rules described in subsection (7) of this section must be made before December 1st of any year, and the 37 rules may not take effect before the end of the regular legislative 38 39 session in the next year.

1 (6) After adopting a rule described in subsection (((5))) (7) of 2 this section regulating the same activity or subject matter as 3 another provision of federal or state law, an agency must do all of 4 the following:

5 (a) Coordinate implementation and enforcement of the rule with 6 the other federal and state entities regulating the same activity or 7 subject matter by making every effort to do one or more of the 8 following:

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(i) Deferring to the other entity;

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(ii) Designating a lead agency; or

11 (iii) Entering into an agreement with the other entities 12 specifying how the agency and entities will coordinate implementation 13 and enforcement.

14 If the agency is unable to comply with this subsection (((4)))15 (6)(a), the agency must report to the legislature pursuant to (b) of 16 this subsection;

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(b) Report to the joint administrative rules review committee:

(i) The existence of any overlap or duplication of other federal
or state laws, any differences from federal law, and any known
overlap, duplication, or conflict with local laws; and

(ii) Make recommendations for any legislation that may be necessary to eliminate or mitigate any adverse effects of such overlap, duplication, or difference.

24 (((5))) <u>(7)</u>(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, this 25 section applies to:

(i) Significant legislative rules of the departments of ecology, labor and industries, health, revenue, social and health services, and natural resources, the employment security department, the forest practices board, the office of the insurance commissioner, and to the legislative rules of the department of fish and wildlife implementing chapter 77.55 RCW; and

32 (ii) Any rule of any agency, if this section is voluntarily made 33 applicable to the rule by the agency, or is made applicable to the 34 rule by a majority vote of the joint administrative rules review 35 committee within forty-five days of receiving the notice of proposed 36 rule making under RCW 34.05.320.

37 (b) This section does not apply to:

38 (i) Emergency rules adopted under RCW 34.05.350;

(ii) Rules relating only to internal governmental operations thatare not subject to violation by a nongovernment party;

(iii) Rules adopting or incorporating by reference without 1 material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state 2 statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master 3 programs other than those programs governing shorelines of statewide 4 significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national 5 6 consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the 7 material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule; 8

9 (iv) Rules that only correct typographical errors, make address 10 or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its 11 effect;

12 (v) Rules the content of which is explicitly and specifically 13 dictated by statute;

(vi) Rules that set or adjust fees under the authority of RCW 15 19.02.075 or that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative 16 standards, including fees set or adjusted under the authority of RCW 17 19.80.045;

18 (vii) Rules of the department of social and health services 19 relating only to client medical or financial eligibility and rules 20 concerning liability for care of dependents; or

(viii) Rules of the department of revenue that adopt a uniform expiration date for reseller permits as authorized in RCW 82.32.780 and 82.32.783.

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(c) For purposes of this subsection:

(i) A "procedural rule" is a rule that adopts, amends, or repeals
(A) any procedure, practice, or requirement relating to any agency
hearings; (B) any filing or related process requirement for making
application to an agency for a license or permit; or (C) any policy
statement pertaining to the consistent internal operations of an
agency.

(ii) An "interpretive rule" is a rule, the violation of which does not subject a person to a penalty or sanction, that sets forth the agency's interpretation of statutory provisions it administers.

(iii) A "significant legislative rule" is a rule other than a procedural or interpretive rule that (A) adopts substantive provisions of law pursuant to delegated legislative authority, the violation of which subjects a violator of such rule to a penalty or sanction; (B) establishes, alters, or revokes any qualification or standard for the issuance, suspension, or revocation of a license or permit; or (C) adopts a new, or makes significant amendments to, a policy or regulatory program.

3 (d) In the notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320, an 4 agency must state whether this section applies to the proposed rule 5 pursuant to (a)(i) of this subsection, or if the agency will apply 6 this section voluntarily.

7 (((6))) <u>(8)</u> By January 31, 1996, and by January 31st of each 8 even-numbered year thereafter, the office of regulatory assistance, 9 after consulting with state agencies, counties, and cities, and 10 business, labor, and environmental organizations, must report to the 11 governor and the legislature regarding the effects of this section on 12 the regulatory system in this state. The report must document:

(a) The rules proposed to which this section applied and to the
extent possible, how compliance with this section affected the
substance of the rule, if any, that the agency ultimately adopted;

16 (b) The costs incurred by state agencies in complying with this 17 section;

18 (c) Any legal action maintained based upon the alleged failure of 19 any agency to comply with this section, the costs to the state of 20 such action, and the result;

(d) The extent to which this section has adversely affected the capacity of agencies to fulfill their legislatively prescribed mission;

24 (e) The extent to which this section has improved the 25 acceptability of state rules to those regulated; and

(f) Any other information considered by the office of financialmanagement to be useful in evaluating the effect of this section.

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PART II

Sec. 201. The legislature finds that many 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> citizens, employers, and local governments are struggling with 30 nonemergency regulatory burdens resulting in the loss of time, 31 resources, employees, and the ability to create job growth. At a time 32 when state agencies should be looking for ways to reduce the negative 33 34 impacts of nonemergency rules, they continue to produce a flow of new and unnecessary changes to the Washington Administrative Code that 35 36 are stunting economic recovery in Washington state.

The citizens of Washington state elect state lawmakers to represent them and, in turn, hold them accountable for their actions

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and the outcomes of state government. If state agencies are placing costly nonemergency regulatory burdens on citizens, it is the duty of state lawmakers to address these problems directly within the legislative process.

State agencies currently must provide economic impact statements 5 6 in a select few instances under the regulatory fairness act. In 2012, 7 an estimated forty-one statements were filed with the code reviser's office despite the fact that there were thousands of changes to 8 rules. The system is set up so that even if there are economic and 9 time burdens placed on citizens, employers, or local governments, 10 state agencies may still go forward and enact the rules. This is 11 12 detrimental to the economic growth of Washington state.

The legislature intends to prevent regulatory bodies from having the authority to place costly burdens on citizens, employers, and local governments that will further damage Washington state's economy.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 202. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Before adoption of a rule, an agency must determine whether compliance with the rule will result in a specified economic impact. If the agency determines that a rule will result in a specified economic impact, the agency must provide notification and may not enforce the rule until the rule is enacted into law by the legislature.

(2) Not later than one hundred eighty days after the effective date of this section, and annually thereafter, each agency shall determine whether any of its rules has resulted in a specified economic impact in the preceding year. If such a determination is made, the agency must provide notification, and may no longer enforce the rule until the rule is enacted into law by the legislature.

(3) (a) For purposes of this section, "provide notification" means transmit the proposed or existing rule determined to result in a specified economic impact and the findings supporting such a determination, including relevant public comments in the case of a proposed rule, to the code reviser for publication in the state register and to the appropriate committees of the senate and the house of representatives.

38 (b) For purposes of this section, "specified economic impact" 39 means any of the following:

1 (i) Costs to any individual of one thousand dollars or more in a 2 year; or

3 (ii) Costs to any business, partnership, corporation, 4 association, or public or private organization, but not including 5 state government, of five thousand dollars or more in a year.

6 (4) Any person may commence an action in the superior court 7 either for an injunction or writ of mandamus for compliance of this 8 section.

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PART III

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 301. The legislature finds that there have 11 been instances where regulatory agencies discovered actions by a 12 regulated entity that are in error after reports have been accepted and approved or inspections have been conducted and approved. 13 14 Retroactively applying fines after governmental approval creates an 15 unfriendly business environment and can place unexpected financial 16 burdens on businesses. Businesses should be able to rely on government approval and acceptance of reports and inspections and not 17 18 risk penalties when mistakes are made by government personnel or 19 contractors. It is the intent of the legislature that regulated parties who have received acceptance and approval by the regulating 20 government authority should not be subsequently fined or penalized, 21 but should be encouraged to correct action that is deemed in error or 22 23 violates reporting or inspection requirements during the next 24 reporting period. The regulating authority should notify the regulated party of the violation to prevent future violations. 25

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 302. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 27 RCW to read as follows:

28 (1) An agency may not issue a fine or impose a penalty on a 29 person if:

30 (a) An inspection is approved by an official of the agency 31 requiring the inspection and a subsequent reevaluation of the 32 approved inspection by the regulating agency identifies a violation 33 by the regulated party; or

34 (b) Documentation required under an agency's reporting 35 requirements is submitted to the agency by a regulated party and is 36 accepted and approved by the regulating agency and a subsequent reevaluation of the approved documentation identifies a violation
 based on failure to provide required documentation or information.

3 (2) A rule adopted under this chapter may not authorize the 4 imposition of a civil fine on a person based on the following 5 circumstances if:

6 (a) An inspection is approved by an official of the agency 7 requiring the inspection and a subsequent reevaluation of the 8 approved inspection by the regulating agency identifies a violation 9 by the regulated party; or

10 (b) Documentation required under an agency's reporting 11 requirements is submitted to the agency by a regulated party and is 12 accepted and approved by the regulating agency and a subsequent 13 reevaluation of the approved documentation identifies a violation 14 based on failure to provide required documentation or information.

15 (3) Violations identified after an inspection or documentation 16 has been approved may be remedied through technical assistance 17 provided to the regulated party allowing correction of the 18 circumstances of the violation for future reporting periods or 19 inspections.

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PART IV

21 **Sec. 401.** RCW 34.05.570 and 2004 c 30 s 1 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

(1) Generally. Except to the extent that this chapter or anotherstatute provides otherwise:

(a) The burden of demonstrating the invalidity of agency actionis on the party asserting invalidity;

(b) The validity of agency action shall be determined in
accordance with the standards of review provided in this section, as
applied to the agency action at the time it was taken;

30 (c) The court shall make a separate and distinct ruling on each 31 material issue on which the court's decision is based; and

32 (d) The court shall grant relief only if it determines that a 33 person seeking judicial relief has been substantially prejudiced by 34 the action complained of.

35 (2) Review of rules. (a) A rule may be reviewed by petition for 36 declaratory judgment filed pursuant to this subsection or in the 37 context of any other review proceeding under this section. In an action challenging the validity of a rule, the agency shall be made a
 party to the proceeding.

(b)(i) The validity of any rule may be determined upon petition 3 for a declaratory judgment addressed to the superior court of 4 Thurston county, when it appears that the rule, or its threatened 5 6 application, interferes with or impairs or immediately threatens to 7 interfere with or impair the legal rights or privileges of the petitioner. The declaratory judgment order may be entered whether or 8 not the petitioner has first requested the agency to pass upon the 9 validity of the rule in question. 10

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(ii) ((From June 10, 2004, until July 1, 2008:))

(A) If the petitioner's residence or principal place of business is within the geographical boundaries of the third division of the court of appeals as defined by RCW 2.06.020(3), the petition may be filed in the superior court of Spokane, Yakima, or Thurston county; and

(B) If the petitioner's residence or principal place of business is within the geographical boundaries of district three of the first division of the court of appeals as defined by RCW 2.06.020(1), the petition may be filed in the superior court of Whatcom or Thurston county.

(c) In a proceeding involving review of a rule, the court shall 22 declare the rule invalid only if it finds that: The rule violates 23 constitutional provisions; the rule exceeds the statutory authority 24 25 of the agency; the rule was adopted without compliance with statutory 26 rule-making procedures; or the rule is arbitrary and capricious. For purposes of this subsection, in determining whether a rule exceeds 27 the agency's statutory authority, the court must also consider 28 whether the rule exceeds the limited delegation under section 437 of 29 30 this act.

31 (3) Review of agency orders in adjudicative proceedings. The 32 court shall grant relief from an agency order in an adjudicative 33 proceeding only if it determines that:

(a) The order, or the statute or rule on which the order is
 based, is in violation of constitutional provisions on its face or as
 applied;

(b) The order is outside the statutory authority or jurisdictionof the agency conferred by any provision of law;

39 (c) The agency has engaged in unlawful procedure or decision-40 making process, or has failed to follow a prescribed procedure;

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(d) The agency has erroneously interpreted or applied the law;

2 (e) The order is not supported by evidence that is substantial 3 when viewed in light of the whole record before the court, which 4 includes the agency record for judicial review, supplemented by any 5 additional evidence received by the court under this chapter;

6 (f) The agency has not decided all issues requiring resolution by7 the agency;

8 (g) A motion for disqualification under RCW 34.05.425 or 9 34.12.050 was made and was improperly denied or, if no motion was 10 made, facts are shown to support the grant of such a motion that were 11 not known and were not reasonably discoverable by the challenging 12 party at the appropriate time for making such a motion;

(h) The order is inconsistent with a rule of the agency unless the agency explains the inconsistency by stating facts and reasons to demonstrate a rational basis for inconsistency; or

(i) The order is arbitrary or capricious.

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(4) Review of other agency action.

(a) All agency action not reviewable under subsection (2) or (3)of this section shall be reviewed under this subsection.

(b) A person whose rights are violated by an agency's failure to 20 21 perform a duty that is required by law to be performed may file a petition for review pursuant to RCW 34.05.514, seeking an order 22 pursuant to this subsection requiring performance. Within twenty days 23 after service of the petition for review, the agency shall file and 24 serve an answer to the petition, made in the same manner as an answer 25 26 to a complaint in a civil action. The court may hear evidence, pursuant to RCW 34.05.562, on material issues of fact raised by the 27 petition and answer. 28

(c) Relief for persons aggrieved by the performance of an agency action, including the exercise of discretion, or an action under (b) of this subsection can be granted only if the court determines that the action is:

33 (i) Unconstitutional;

34 (ii) Outside the statutory authority of the agency or the 35 authority conferred by a provision of law;

36 (iii) Arbitrary or capricious; or

(iv) Taken by persons who were not properly constituted as agencyofficials lawfully entitled to take such action.

1 Sec. 402. RCW 28A.300.040 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 43 s 302 are each
2 amended to read as follows:

3 (1) In addition to any other powers and duties as provided by 4 law, the powers and duties of the superintendent of public 5 instruction shall be:

6 (((1))) <u>(a)</u> To have supervision over all matters pertaining to 7 the public schools of the state;

8 (((2))) (b) To report to the governor and the legislature such 9 information and data as may be required for the management and 10 improvement of the schools;

11 (((3))) (c) To prepare and have printed such forms, registers, 12 courses of study, rules for the government of the common schools, and such other material and books as may be necessary for the discharge 13 of 14 the duties of teachers and officials charged with the administration of the laws relating to the common schools, and to 15 16 distribute the same to educational service district superintendents;

17 (((4))) (d) To travel, without neglecting his or her other 18 official duties as superintendent of public instruction, for the 19 purpose of attending educational meetings or conventions, of visiting 20 schools, and of consulting educational service district 21 superintendents or other school officials;

(((5))) (e) To prepare and from time to time to revise a manual 22 of the Washington state common school code, copies of which shall be 23 made available online and which shall be sold at approximate actual 24 25 cost of publication and distribution per volume to public and nonpublic agencies or individuals, said manual to contain Titles 28A 26 and 28C RCW, rules related to the common schools, and such other 27 matter as the state superintendent or the state board of education 28 29 shall determine;

(((6))) <u>(f)</u> To file all papers, reports and public documents 30 31 transmitted to the superintendent by the school officials of the 32 several counties or districts of the state, each year separately. Copies of all papers filed in the superintendent's office, and the 33 superintendent's official acts, may, or upon request, shall be 34 certified by the superintendent and attested by the superintendent's 35 36 official seal, and when so certified shall be evidence of the papers or acts so certified to; 37

38 (((7))) <u>(g)</u> To require annually, on or before the 15th day of 39 August, of the president, manager, or principal of every educational 40 institution in this state, a report as required by the superintendent

of public instruction; and it is the duty of every president, manager, or principal, to complete and return such forms within such time as the superintendent of public instruction shall direct;

4 (((8))) <u>(h)</u> To keep in the superintendent's office a record of 5 all teachers receiving certificates to teach in the common schools of 6 this state;

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(((9))) <u>(i)</u> To issue certificates as provided by law;

8 (((10))) <u>(j)</u> To keep in the superintendent's office at the 9 capital of the state, all books and papers pertaining to the business 10 of the superintendent's office, and to keep and preserve in the 11 superintendent's office a complete record of statistics, as well as a 12 record of the meetings of the state board of education;

(((11))) (k) With the assistance of the office of the attorney 13 general, to decide all points of law which may be submitted to the 14 superintendent in writing by any educational service district 15 16 superintendent, or that may be submitted to the superintendent by any 17 other person, upon appeal from the decision of any educational service district superintendent; and the superintendent shall publish 18 19 his or her rulings and decisions from time to time for the of school officials 20 information and teachers; and the superintendent's decision shall be final unless set aside by a court 21 of competent jurisdiction; 22

23 (((12))) (1) To administer oaths and affirmations in the 24 discharge of the superintendent's official duties;

25 (((13))) (m) To deliver to his or her successor, at the 26 expiration of the superintendent's term of office, all records, 27 books, maps, documents and papers of whatever kind belonging to the 28 superintendent's office or which may have been received by the 29 superintendent's for the use of the superintendent's office;

30 (((14))) (n) To administer family services and programs to 31 promote the state's policy as provided in RCW 74.14A.025;

32 (((15))) (0) To promote the adoption of school-based curricula 33 and policies that provide quality, daily physical education for all 34 students, and to encourage policies that provide all students with 35 opportunities for physical activity outside of formal physical 36 education classes;

37 (((16))) (p) To perform such other duties as may be required by 38 law.

39 (2) For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after
 40 August 1, 2015, the superintendent of public instruction may adopt

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1 only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority.
2 The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections
3 from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely
4 on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the
5 general enabling provisions establishing the office of the
6 superintendent of public instruction.

7 **Sec. 403.** RCW 41.50.050 and 1995 c 239 s 317 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

The director shall:

9

(1) Have the authority to organize the department into not morethan four divisions, each headed by an assistant director;

12 (2) Have free access to all files and records of various funds 13 assigned to the department and inspect and audit the files and 14 records as deemed necessary;

15 (3) Employ personnel to carry out the general administration of 16 the department;

17 (4) Submit an annual written report of the activities of the 18 department to the governor and the chairs of the appropriate 19 legislative committees with one copy to the staff of each of the 20 committees, including recommendations for statutory changes the 21 director believes to be desirable;

(5) Adopt ((such)) rules ((and regulations)) as are necessary to 22 23 carry out the powers, duties, and functions of the department 24 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW. For rules adopted 25 under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the director <u>may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of</u> 26 27 legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory 28 section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or 29 purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the 30 31 department.

32 **Sec. 404.** RCW 43.06A.030 and 2013 c 23 s 73 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

34 The ombuds shall perform the following duties:

35 (1) Provide information as appropriate on the rights and 36 responsibilities of individuals receiving family and children's 37 services, and on the procedures for providing these services; 1 (2) Investigate, upon his or her own initiative or upon receipt 2 of a complaint, an administrative act alleged to be contrary to law, 3 rule, or policy, imposed without an adequate statement of reason, or 4 based on irrelevant, immaterial, or erroneous grounds; however, the 5 ombuds may decline to investigate any complaint as provided by rules 6 adopted under this chapter;

7 (3) Monitor the procedures as established, implemented, and 8 practiced by the department to carry out its responsibilities in 9 delivering family and children's services with a view toward 10 appropriate preservation of families and ensuring children's health 11 and safety;

12 (4) Review periodically the facilities and procedures of state 13 institutions serving children, and state-licensed facilities or 14 residences;

(5) Recommend changes in the procedures for addressing the needsof families and children;

17 (6) Submit annually to the committee and to the governor by 18 November 1st a report analyzing the work of the office, including 19 recommendations;

20 (7) Grant the committee access to all relevant records in the 21 possession of the ombuds unless prohibited by law; and

22 (8) Adopt rules necessary to implement this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, 23 the ombuds may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of 24 25 legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and 26 27 may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or 28 purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the office of 29 the ombuds.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 405. A new section is added to chapter 43.17 31 RCW to read as follows:

For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the director of each department may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing each department.

1 Sec. 406. RCW 43.19.011 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 43 s 201 are each
2 amended to read as follows:

3 (1) The director of enterprise services shall supervise and 4 administer the activities of the department of enterprise services 5 and shall advise the governor and the legislature with respect to 6 matters under the jurisdiction of the department.

7 (2) In addition to other powers and duties granted to the 8 director, the director shall have the following powers and duties:

9 (a) Enter into contracts on behalf of the state to carry out the 10 purposes of this chapter;

(b) Accept and expend gifts and grants that are related to the purposes of this chapter, whether such grants be of federal or other funds;

(c) Appoint deputy and assistant directors and such other special
assistants as may be needed to administer the department. These
employees are exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW;

17 (d) Adopt rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW and perform all other functions necessary and proper to carry out the purposes of 18 this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter 19 after August 1, 2015, the director may adopt only rules derived from 20 21 a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of 22 authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 23 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling 24 25 provisions establishing the department;

(e) Delegate powers, duties, and functions as the director deems necessary for efficient administration, but the director shall be responsible for the official acts of the officers and employees of the department;

30 (f) Apply for grants from public and private entities, and 31 receive and administer any grant funding received for the purpose and 32 intent of this chapter; and

33 (g) Perform other duties as are necessary and consistent with 34 law.

35 (3) The director may establish additional advisory groups as may36 be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

37 **Sec. 407.** RCW 43.21A.064 and 1997 c 443 s 2 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

1 Subject to RCW 43.21A.068, the director of the department of 2 ecology shall have the following powers and duties:

3 (1) The supervision of public waters within the state and their
4 appropriation, diversion, and use, and of the various officers
5 connected therewith;

6 (2) Insofar as may be necessary to ((assure)) ensure safety to 7 life or property, the director shall inspect the construction of all 8 dams, canals, ditches, irrigation systems, hydraulic power plants, 9 and all other works, systems, and plants pertaining to the use of 10 water, and may require such necessary changes in the construction or 11 maintenance of said works, to be made from time to time, as will 12 reasonably secure safety to life and property;

13 (3) The director shall regulate and control the diversion of 14 water in accordance with the rights thereto;

15 (4) The director shall determine the discharge of streams and 16 springs and other sources of water supply, and the capacities of 17 lakes and of reservoirs whose waters are being or may be utilized for 18 beneficial purposes;

(5) The director shall, if requested, provide assistance to an 19 applicant for a water right in obtaining or developing an adequate 20 21 and appropriate supply of water consistent with the land use permitted for the area in which the water is to be used and the 22 population forecast for the area under RCW 43.62.035. If 23 the applicant is a public water supply system, the supply being sought 24 25 must be used in a manner consistent with applicable land use, 26 watershed and water system plans, and the population forecast for that area provided under RCW 43.62.035; 27

(6) The director shall keep such records as may be necessary for the recording of the financial transactions and statistical data thereof, and shall procure all necessary documents, forms, and blanks. The director shall keep a seal of the office, and all certificates covering any of the director's acts or the acts of the director's office, or the records and files of that office, under such seal, shall be taken as evidence thereof in all courts;

35 (7) The director shall render when required by the governor, a 36 full written report of the office's work with such recommendations 37 for legislation as the director deems advisable for the better 38 control and development of the water resources of the state;

39 (8) The director and duly authorized deputies may administer 40 oaths;

1 (9) The director shall establish and ((promulgate)) adopt rules governing the administration of chapter 90.03 RCW. For rules adopted 2 under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the 3 director may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of 4 legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory 5 6 section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and 7 may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the 8 9 department;

10 (10) The director shall perform such other duties as may be 11 prescribed by law.

12 **Sec. 408.** RCW 43.24.016 and 1999 c 240 s 4 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

14 (1) The director of licensing shall supervise and administer the 15 activities of the department of licensing and shall advise the 16 governor and the legislature with respect to matters under the 17 jurisdiction of the department.

18 (2) In addition to other powers and duties granted to the19 director, the director has the following powers and duties:

20 (a) Enter into contracts on behalf of the state to carry out the 21 responsibilities of the department;

(b) Accept and expend gifts and grants, whether such grants be offederal or other funds;

(c) Appoint a deputy director and such assistant directors, special assistants, and administrators as may be needed to administer the department. These employees are exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW;

28 (d) Adopt rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW and perform all other functions necessary to carry out the responsibilities of 29 30 the department. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the director may adopt only rules 31 derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules 32 must include the specific statutory section or sections from which 33 the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 34 35 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the department; 36

(e) Delegate powers, duties, and functions as the director deemsnecessary for efficient administration, but the director is

1 responsible for the official acts of the officers and employees of 2 the department; and

3 (f) Perform other duties as are necessary and consistent with 4 law.

5 (3) The director may establish advisory groups as may be 6 necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the department.

(4) The internal affairs of the department shall be under the 7 control of the director in order that the director may manage the 8 department in a flexible and intelligent manner as dictated by 9 changing contemporary circumstances. Unless specifically limited by 10 11 law, the director shall have complete charge and supervisory powers 12 over the department. The director may create such administrative structures as the director deems appropriate, except as otherwise 13 14 specified by law, and the director may employ such personnel as may be necessary in accordance with chapter 41.06 RCW, except 15 as 16 otherwise provided by law.

17 **Sec. 409.** RCW 43.27A.090 and 1988 c 127 s 25 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

19 The department shall be empowered as follows:

(1) To represent the state at, and fully participate in, the activities of any basin or regional commission, interagency committee, or any other joint interstate or federal-state agency, committee or commission, or publicly financed entity engaged in the planning, development, administration, management, conservation or preservation of the water resources of the state.

(2) To prepare the views and recommendations of the state of 26 Washington on any project, plan or program relating to the planning, 27 28 development, administration, management, conservation and preservation of any waters located in or affecting the state of 29 30 Washington, including any federal permit or license proposal, and 31 appear on behalf of, and present views and recommendations of the state at any proceeding, negotiation or hearing conducted by the 32 federal government, interstate agency, state or other agency. 33

34 (3) To cooperate with, assist, advise and coordinate plans with 35 the federal government and its officers and agencies, and serve as a 36 state liaison agency with the federal government in matters relating 37 to the use, conservation, preservation, quality, disposal or control 38 of water and activities related thereto.

1 (4) To cooperate with appropriate agencies of the federal 2 government and/or agencies of other states, to enter into contracts, 3 and to make appropriate contributions to federal or interstate 4 projects and programs and governmental bodies to carry out the 5 provisions of this chapter.

6 (5) To apply for, accept, administer and expend grants, gifts and 7 loans from the federal government or any other entity to carry out 8 the purposes of this chapter and make contracts and do such other 9 acts as are necessary insofar as they are not inconsistent with other 10 provisions hereof.

(6) To develop and maintain a coordinated and comprehensive state 11 water and water resources related development plan, and adopt, with 12 regard to such plan, such policies as are necessary to ((insure)) 13 ensure that the waters of the state are used, conserved and preserved 14 for the best interest of the state. There shall be included in the 15 16 state plan a description of developmental objectives and a statement 17 of the recommended means of accomplishing these objectives. To the extent the director deems desirable, the plan shall integrate into 18 the state plan, the plans, programs, reports, research and studies of 19 other state agencies. 20

(7) To assemble and correlate information relating to water supply, power development, irrigation, watersheds, water use, future possibilities of water use and prospective demands for all purposes served through or affected by water resources development.

25 (8) To assemble and correlate state, local and federal laws, regulations, plans, programs and policies affecting the beneficial 26 use, disposal, pollution, control or conservation of water, river 27 basin development, flood prevention, parks, reservations, forests, 28 29 wildlife refuges, drainage and sanitary systems, waste disposal, waterworks, watershed protection and development, soil conservation, 30 31 power facilities and area and municipal water supply needs, and recommend suitable legislation or other action to the legislature, 32 the congress of the United States, or any city, municipality, or to 33 responsible state, local or federal executive departments 34 or 35 agencies.

36 (9) To cooperate with federal, state, regional, interstate and 37 local public and private agencies in the making of plans for 38 drainage, flood control, use, conservation, allocation and 39 distribution of existing water supplies and the development of new 40 water resource projects. 1 (10) To encourage, assist and advise regional, and city and 2 municipal agencies, officials or bodies responsible for planning in 3 relation to water aspects of their programs, and coordinate local 4 water resources activities, programs, and plans.

(11) To ((promulgate such)) adopt rules ((and regulations)) as 5 6 are necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. For rules 7 adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the department may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of 8 legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory 9 section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and 10 may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or 11 purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the 12 13 department.

14 (12) To hold public hearings, and make such investigations,
15 studies and surveys as are necessary to carry out the purposes of the
16 chapter.

17 (13) To subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, administer 18 oaths, take the testimony of any person under oath and require the 19 production of any books or papers when the department deems such 20 measures necessary in the exercise of its rule-making power or in 21 determining whether or not any license, certificate, or permit shall 22 be granted or extended.

23 Sec. 410. RCW 43.30.215 and 2011 c 355 s 1 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

25 The board shall:

(1) Perform duties relating to appraisal, appeal, approval, andhearing functions as provided by law;

(2) Establish policies to ensure that the acquisition, management, and disposition of all lands and resources within the department's jurisdiction are based on sound principles designed to achieve the maximum effective development and use of such lands and resources consistent with laws applicable thereto;

(3) Constitute the board of appraisers provided for in Article16, section 2 of the state Constitution;

35 (4) Constitute the commission on harbor lines provided for in
 36 Article 15, section 1 of the state Constitution as amended;

37 (5) Constitute the board on geographic names as provided for in
 38 RCW 43.30.291 through 43.30.295; and

1 (6) Adopt and enforce rules as may be deemed necessary and proper for carrying out the powers, duties, and functions imposed upon it by 2 this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter 3 after August 1, 2015, the board may adopt only rules derived from a 4 specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the 5 б specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 7 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling 8 provisions establishing the board or the department. 9

10 **Sec. 411.** RCW 43.31C.060 and 2000 c 212 s 7 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

12 The department must administer this chapter and has the following 13 powers and duties:

(1) To monitor the implementation of chapter 212, Laws of 2000 and submit reports evaluating the effectiveness of the program and any suggestions for legislative changes to the governor and legislature by December 1, 2000;

18 (2) To develop evaluation and performance measures for local 19 governments to measure the effectiveness of the program at the local 20 level on meeting the objectives of this chapter;

(3) To provide information and appropriate assistance to persons desiring to locate and operate a business in a community empowerment zone;

(4) To work with appropriate state agencies to coordinate the delivery of programs, including but not limited to housing, community and economic development, small business assistance, social service, and employment and training programs which are carried on in a community empowerment zone; and

(5) To develop rules necessary for the administration of this 29 30 chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after 31 August 1, 2015, the department may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the 32 specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of 33 authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 34 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling 35 provisions establishing the department. 36

37 **Sec. 412.** RCW 43.33.040 and 2009 c 549 s 5112 are each amended 38 to read as follows:

The state finance committee may ((make)) adopt appropriate rules 1 ((and regulations)) for the performance of its duties. The state 2 3 treasurer shall act as chair of the committee. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the state 4 finance committee may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant 5 б of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is 7 derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a 8 statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions 9 10 establishing the state finance committee.

11 **Sec. 413.** RCW 43.33A.110 and 1994 c 154 s 310 are each amended 12 to read as follows:

13 The state investment board may ((make)) adopt appropriate rules ((and regulations)) for the performance of its duties. The board 14 15 shall establish investment policies and procedures designed 16 exclusively to maximize return at a prudent level of risk. However, in the case of the department of labor and industries' accident, 17 medical aid, and reserve funds, the board shall establish investment 18 policies and procedures designed to attempt to limit fluctuations in 19 20 industrial insurance premiums and, subject to this purpose, to maximize return at a prudent level of risk. The board shall adopt 21 22 rules to ensure that its members perform their functions in compliance with chapter 42.52 RCW. Rules adopted by the board shall 23 24 be adopted pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW.

For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the state investment board may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the state investment board.

32 **Sec. 414.** RCW 43.59.070 and 1967 ex.s. c 147 s 8 are each 33 amended to read as follows:

The director shall be secretary of the commission and shall be responsible for carrying into effect the commission's orders and rules ((and regulations promulgated)) adopted by the commission. The director shall also be authorized to employ such staff as is necessary pursuant to the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW. The commission shall adopt ((such)) rules ((and regulations)) as shall be necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this chapter.

3 For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after 4 August 1, 2015, the Washington state traffic safety commission may 5 adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative 6 authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or 7 sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not 8 rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose 9 or the general enabling provisions establishing the commission.

10 **Sec. 415.** RCW 43.61.040 and 1977 c 75 s 60 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

The director of veterans affairs shall ((make such)) adopt rules 12 13 ((and regulations)) as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter 14 15 after August 1, 2015, the director of veterans affairs may adopt only 16 rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from 17 which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 18 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general 19 20 enabling provisions establishing the department of veterans affairs. The department shall furnish information, advice, and assistance to 21 22 veterans and coordinate all programs and services in the field of veterans' claims service, education, health, vocational guidance and 23 24 placement, and services not provided by some other agency of the 25 state or by the federal government. The director shall submit a report of the departments' activities hereunder each year to the 26 27 governor.

28 **Sec. 416.** RCW 43.63A.475 and 1993 c 124 s 2 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

The department shall adopt all rules under chapter 34.05 RCW 30 31 necessary to implement chapter 124, Laws of 1993, giving due consideration to standards and regulations adopted by the secretary 32 of housing and urban development under the National Manufactured 33 Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 (800 Stat. 700; 34 42 U.S.C. Secs. 5401-5426) for manufactured housing construction and 35 safety standards. For rules adopted under the provisions of this 36 37 chapter after August 1, 2015, the department of commerce may adopt 38 only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the department of commerce.

5 **Sec. 417.** RCW 43.70.580 and 1995 c 43 s 3 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 The primary responsibility of the public health system, is to 8 take those actions necessary to protect, promote, and improve the 9 health of the population. In order to accomplish this, the department 10 shall:

(1) Identify, as part of the public health improvement plan, the key health outcomes sought for the population and the capacity needed by the public health system to fulfill its responsibilities in improving health outcomes.

(2)(a) Distribute state funds that, in conjunction with local revenues, are intended to improve the capacity of the public health system. The distribution methodology shall encourage system-wide effectiveness and efficiency and provide local health jurisdictions with the flexibility both to determine governance structures and address their unique needs.

(b) Enter into with each local health jurisdiction performance-21 22 based contracts that establish clear measures of the degree to which the local health jurisdiction is attaining the capacity necessary to 23 24 improve health outcomes. The contracts negotiated between the local 25 health jurisdictions and the department of health must identify the specific measurable progress that local health jurisdictions will 26 make toward achieving health outcomes. A community assessment 27 conducted by the local health jurisdiction according to the public 28 health improvement plan, which shall include the results of the 29 30 comprehensive plan prepared according to RCW 70.190.130, will be used 31 as the basis for identifying the health outcomes. The contracts shall 32 include provisions to encourage collaboration among local health jurisdictions. State funds shall be used solely to expand and 33 complement, but not to supplant city and county government support 34 35 for public health programs.

36 (3) Develop criteria to assess the degree to which capacity is
 37 being achieved and ensure compliance by public health jurisdictions.

38 (4) Adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of chapter
39 43, Laws of 1995. For rules adopted under the provisions of this

1 chapter after August 1, 2015, the department may adopt only rules 2 derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules 3 must include the specific statutory section or sections from which 4 the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 5 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general 6 enabling provisions establishing the department.

7 (5) Biennially, within the public health improvement plan, 8 evaluate the effectiveness of the public health system, assess the 9 degree to which the public health system is attaining the capacity to 10 improve the status of the public's health, and report progress made 11 by each local health jurisdiction toward improving health outcomes.

12 **Sec. 418.** RCW 43.101.085 and 2006 c 22 s 1 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

14 In addition to its other powers granted under this chapter, the 15 commission has authority and power to:

16 (1) Adopt, amend, or repeal rules as necessary to carry out this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after 17 18 August 1, 2015, the commission may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the 19 specific <u>statutory section</u> or <u>sections</u> from which the grant of 20 authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 21 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling 22 provisions establishing the commission; 23

(2) Issue subpoenas and administer oaths in connection with
 investigations, hearings, or other proceedings held under this
 chapter;

(3) Take or cause to be taken depositions and other discovery
 procedures as needed in investigations, hearings, and other
 proceedings held under this chapter;

30 (4) Appoint members of a hearings board as provided under RCW31 43.101.380;

32 (5) Enter into contracts for professional services determined by 33 the commission to be necessary for adequate enforcement of this 34 chapter;

35 (6) Grant, deny, or revoke certification of peace officers under 36 the provisions of this chapter;

37 (7) Designate individuals authorized to sign subpoenas and
 38 statements of charges under the provisions of this chapter;

(8) Employ such investigative, administrative, and clerical staff
 as necessary for the enforcement of this chapter; and

3 (9) ((To)) <u>G</u>rant, deny, or revoke certification of tribal police
4 officers whose tribal governments have agreed to participate in the
5 tribal police officer certification process.

6 **sec. 419.** RCW 43.115.040 and 2009 c 549 s 5170 are each amended 7 to read as follows:

8 The commission shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) Elect one of its members to serve as chair;

10 (2) Adopt rules ((and regulations)) pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after 11 August 1, 2015, the commission may adopt only rules derived from a 12 specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the 13 specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of 14 15 authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 16 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the commission; 17

(3) Examine and define issues pertaining to the rights and needs
of Hispanics, and make recommendations to the governor and state
agencies for changes in programs and laws;

(4) Advise the governor and state agencies on the development and implementation of policies, plans, and programs that relate to the special needs of Hispanics;

24 (5) Advise the legislature on issues of concern to the Hispanic 25 community;

(6) Establish relationships with state agencies, local
governments, and private sector organizations that promote equal
opportunity and benefits for Hispanics; and

(7) Receive gifts, grants, and endowments from public or private sources that are made for the use or benefit of the commission and expend, without appropriation, the same or any income from the gifts, grants, or endowments according to their terms.

33 **Sec. 420.** RCW 43.117.050 and 2009 c 549 s 5172 are each amended 34 to read as follows:

35 The commission shall:

9

36 (1) Elect one of its members to serve as chair; and also such37 other officers as necessary to form an executive committee;

1 (2) Adopt rules ((and regulations)) pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after 2 August 1, 2015, the commission may adopt only rules derived from a 3 specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the 4 specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of 5 6 authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 7 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the commission; 8

9 (3) Meet at the call of the chair or the call of a majority of 10 its members, but in no case less often than once during any three 11 month period;

12 (4) Be authorized to appoint such citizen task force as it deems13 appropriate.

14 **Sec. 421.** RCW 43.155.040 and 1985 c 446 s 10 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 The board may:

(1) Accept from any state or federal agency, loans or grants for the planning or financing of any public works project and enter into agreements with any such agency concerning the loans or grants;

20

(2) Provide technical assistance to local governments;

(3) Accept any gifts, grants, or loans of funds, property, or financial or other aid in any form from any other source on any terms and conditions which are not in conflict with this chapter;

24 (4) Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW as necessary to carry out 25 the purposes of this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the board may adopt only rules 26 27 derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules 28 must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 29 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general 30 31 enabling provisions establishing the board;

32 (5) Do all acts and things necessary or convenient to carry out33 the powers expressly granted or implied under this chapter.

34 **Sec. 422.** RCW 43.160.050 and 2008 c 327 s 4 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

36 The board may:

37 (1) Adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the38 conduct of its business.

1

(2) Adopt an official seal and alter the seal at its pleasure.

2

(3) Utilize the services of other governmental agencies.

3 (4) Accept from any federal agency loans or grants for the 4 planning or financing of any project and enter into an agreement with 5 the agency respecting the loans or grants.

6 (5) Conduct examinations and investigations and take testimony at 7 public hearings of any matter material for its information that will 8 assist in determinations related to the exercise of the board's 9 lawful powers.

10 (6) Accept any gifts, grants, or loans of funds, property, or 11 financial or other aid in any form from any other source on any terms 12 and conditions which are not in conflict with this chapter.

13 (7) Enter into agreements or other transactions with and accept 14 grants and the cooperation of any governmental agency in furtherance 15 of this chapter.

16 (8) Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW as necessary to carry out 17 the purposes of this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the board may adopt only rules 18 derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules 19 must include the specific statutory section or sections from which 20 the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 21 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general 22 enabling provisions establishing the board. 23

(9) Do all acts and things necessary or convenient to carry outthe powers expressly granted or implied under this chapter.

26 **Sec. 423.** RCW 43.163.100 and 1990 c 53 s 6 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

In addition to accomplishing the economic development finance programs specifically authorized in this chapter, the authority may:

30

Maintain an office or offices;

31

(2) Sue and be sued in its own name, and plead and be impleaded;

(3) Engage consultants, agents, attorneys, and advisers, contract
 with federal, state, and local governmental entities for services,
 and hire such employees, agents and other personnel as the authority
 deems necessary, useful, or convenient to accomplish its purposes;

36 (4) Make and execute all manner of contracts, agreements and 37 instruments and financing documents with public and private parties 38 as the authority deems necessary, useful, or convenient to accomplish 39 its purposes; 1 (5) Acquire and hold real or personal property, or any interest 2 therein, in the name of the authority, and to sell, assign, lease, 3 encumber, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the same in such manner 4 as the authority deems necessary, useful, or convenient to accomplish 5 its purposes;

6 (6) Open and maintain accounts in qualified public depositaries 7 and otherwise provide for the investment of any funds not required 8 for immediate disbursement, and provide for the selection of 9 investments;

10 (7) Appear in its own behalf before boards, commissions,11 departments, or agencies of federal, state, or local government;

12 (8) Procure such insurance in such amounts and from such insurers 13 as the authority deems desirable, including, but not limited to, 14 insurance against any loss or damage to its property or other assets, 15 public liability insurance for injuries to persons or property, and 16 directors and officers liability insurance;

(9) Apply for and accept subventions, grants, loans, advances, and contributions from any source of money, property, labor, or other things of value, to be held, used and applied as the authority deems necessary, useful, or convenient to accomplish its purposes;

(10) Establish guidelines for the participation by eligible banking organizations in programs conducted by the authority under this chapter;

(11) Act as an agent, by agreement, for federal, state, or local governmental entities to carry out the programs authorized in this chapter;

(12) Establish, revise, and collect such fees and charges as the authority deems necessary, useful, or convenient to accomplish its purposes;

30 (13) Make such expenditures as are appropriate for paying the 31 administrative costs and expenses of the authority in carrying out 32 the provisions of this chapter: PROVIDED, That expenditures with 33 respect to the economic development financing programs of the 34 authority shall not be made from funds of the state;

35 (14) Establish such reserves and special funds, and controls on 36 deposits to and disbursements from them, as the authority deems 37 necessary, useful, or convenient to accomplish its purposes;

38 (15) Give assistance to public bodies by providing information, 39 guidelines, forms, and procedures for implementing their financing 40 programs;

(16) Prepare, publish and distribute, with or without charge,
 such studies, reports, bulletins, and other material as the authority
 deems necessary, useful, or convenient to accomplish its purposes;

4 (17) Delegate any of its powers and duties if consistent with the 5 purposes of this chapter;

б (18) Adopt rules concerning its exercise of the powers authorized 7 by this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the authority may adopt only rules 8 derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules 9 must include the specific statutory section or sections from which 10 the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 11 12 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the authority; and 13

14 (19) Exercise any other power the authority deems necessary, 15 useful, or convenient to accomplish its purposes and exercise the 16 powers expressly granted in this chapter.

17 **Sec. 424.** RCW 43.180.040 and 1995 c 399 s 98 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) There is ((hereby)) established a public body corporate and 19 20 politic, with perpetual corporate succession, to be known as the Washington state housing finance commission. The commission is an 21 instrumentality of the state exercising essential government 22 23 functions and, for purposes of the code, acts as a constituted 24 authority on behalf of the state when it issues bonds pursuant to 25 this chapter. The commission is a "public body" within the meaning of 26 RCW 39.53.010.

27 28 (2) The commission shall consist of the following voting members:

(a) The state treasurer, ex officio;

29 (b) The director of ((community, trade, and economic 30 development)) commerce, ex officio;

31 (c) An elected local government official, ex officio, with 32 experience in local housing programs, who shall be appointed by the 33 governor with the consent of the senate;

(d) A representative of housing consumer interests, appointed bythe governor with the consent of the senate;

36 (e) A representative of labor interests, appointed by the 37 governor, with the consent of the senate, after consultation with 38 representatives of organized labor; (f) A representative of low-income persons, appointed by the
 governor with the consent of the senate;

3 (g) Five members of the public appointed by the governor, with 4 the consent of the senate, on the basis of geographic distribution 5 and their expertise in housing, real estate, finance, energy 6 efficiency, or construction, one of whom shall be appointed by the 7 governor as chair of the commission and who shall serve on the 8 commission and as chair of the commission at the pleasure of the 9 governor.

The term of the persons appointed by the governor, other than the 10 11 chair, shall be four years from the date of their appointment, except 12 that the terms of three of the initial appointees shall be for two years from the date of their appointment. The governor shall 13 designate the appointees who will serve the two-year terms. 14 An appointee may be removed by the governor for cause pursuant to RCW 15 16 43.06.070 and 43.06.080. The governor shall fill any vacancy in an 17 appointed position by appointment for the remainder of the unexpired 18 term. If the department of ((community development)) commerce is abolished, the resulting vacancy shall be filled by a state official 19 who shall be appointed to the commission by the governor. If this 20 21 official occupies an office or position for which senate confirmation is not required, then his or her appointment to the commission shall 22 be subject to the consent of the senate. The members of the 23 commission shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and 24 25 may be reimbursed, solely from the funds of the commission, for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties under this 26 chapter, subject to the provisions of RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. A 27 28 majority of the commission constitutes a quorum. Designees shall be appointed in such manner and shall exercise such powers as are 29 specified by the rules of the commission. 30

31 (3) The commission may adopt an official seal and may select from 32 its membership a vice chair, a secretary, and a treasurer. The commission shall establish rules concerning its exercise of the 33 powers authorized by this chapter. The rules shall be adopted in 34 conformance with chapter 34.05 RCW. For rules adopted under the 35 provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the commission may 36 adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative 37 authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or 38 39 sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not

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1 rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose

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2 or the general enabling provisions establishing the commission.

3 **Sec. 425.** RCW 43.200.070 and 1989 c 322 s 5 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 The department of ecology shall adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out responsibilities under this chapter. The department of б ecology is authorized to adopt such rules as are necessary to carry 7 out its responsibilities under chapter 43.145 RCW. For rules adopted 8 9 under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the department of ecology may adopt only rules derived from a specific 10 grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific 11 statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is 12 derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a 13 statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions 14 15 establishing the department of ecology.

16 **Sec. 426.** RCW 43.210.060 and 1995 c 399 s 108 are each amended 17 to read as follows:

18 The department of ((community, trade, and economic development or 19 its statutory successor)) commerce shall adopt rules under chapter 20 34.05 RCW as necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 21 22 2015, the department of commerce may adopt only rules derived from a 23 specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of 24 authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 25 26 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling 27 provisions establishing the department of commerce.

28 **Sec. 427.** RCW 43.250.090 and 1986 c 294 s 9 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 The state finance committee shall administer this chapter and 31 adopt appropriate rules. For rules adopted under the provisions of 32 this chapter after August 1, 2015, the state finance committee may 33 adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative 34 authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or 35 sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not 36 rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose 1 or the general enabling provisions establishing the state finance
2 committee.

3 **Sec. 428.** RCW 43.320.040 and 1993 c 472 s 5 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 The director of financial institutions may adopt any rules, under chapter 34.05 RCW, necessary to implement the powers and duties of б the director under this chapter. For rules adopted under the 7 provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the director of 8 financial institutions may adopt only rules derived from a specific 9 grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific 10 11 statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a 12 statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions 13 establishing the department of financial institutions. 14

15 **Sec. 429.** RCW 43.330.040 and 1993 c 280 s 6 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

(1) The director shall supervise and administer the activities of the department and shall advise the governor and the legislature with respect to community and economic development matters affecting the state.

(2) In addition to other powers and duties granted to thedirector, the director shall have the following powers and duties:

(a) Enter into contracts on behalf of the state to carry out thepurposes of this chapter;

(b) Act for the state in the initiation of or participation in any multigovernmental program relative to the purpose of this chapter;

(c) Accept and expend gifts and grants, whether such grants be of federal or other funds;

30 (d) Appoint such deputy directors, assistant directors, and up to 31 seven special assistants as may be needed to administer the 32 department. These employees are exempt from the provisions of chapter 33 41.06 RCW;

34 (e) Prepare and submit budgets for the department for executive35 and legislative action;

36 (f) Submit recommendations for legislative actions as are deemed 37 necessary to further the purposes of this chapter;

1 (g) Adopt rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW and perform all other functions necessary and proper to carry out the purposes of 2 this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter 3 after August 1, 2015, the director may adopt only rules derived from 4 a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the 5 б specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 7 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling 8 provisions establishing the department; 9

10 (h) Delegate powers, duties, and functions as the director deems 11 necessary for efficient administration, but the director shall be 12 responsible for the official acts of the officers and employees of 13 the department; and

14 (i) Perform other duties as are necessary and consistent with 15 law.

16 (3) When federal or other funds are received by the department, 17 they shall be promptly transferred to the state treasurer and 18 thereafter expended only upon the approval of the director.

19 (4) The director may request information and assistance from all 20 other agencies, departments, and officials of the state, and may 21 reimburse such agencies, departments, or officials if such a request 22 imposes any additional expenses upon any such agency, department, or 23 official.

(5) The director shall, in carrying out the responsibilities of office, consult with governmental officials, private groups, and individuals and with officials of other states. All state agencies and their officials and the officials of any political subdivision of the state shall cooperate with and give such assistance to the department, including the submission of requested information, to allow the department to carry out its purposes under this chapter.

31 The director may establish additional advisory (6) or coordinating groups with the legislature, within state government, 32 with state and other governmental units, with the private sector and 33 nonprofit entities or in specialized subject areas as may be 34 necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. 35

36 (7) The internal affairs of the department shall be under the 37 control of the director in order that the director may manage the 38 department in a flexible and intelligent manner as dictated by 39 changing contemporary circumstances. Unless specifically limited by 40 law, the director shall have complete charge and supervisory powers

1 over the department. The director may create such administrative 2 structures as the director deems appropriate, except as otherwise 3 specified by law, and the director may employ such personnel as may 4 be necessary in accordance with chapter 41.06 RCW, except as 5 otherwise provided by law.

6 **Sec. 430.** RCW 47.01.071 and 2007 c 516 s 4 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 The transportation commission shall have the following functions, 9 powers, and duties:

10 (1) To propose policies to be adopted by the governor and the legislature designed to assure the development and maintenance of a 11 comprehensive and balanced statewide transportation system which will 12 meet the needs of the people of this state for safe and efficient 13 transportation services. Wherever appropriate, the policies shall 14 15 provide for the use of integrated, intermodal transportation systems. 16 The policies must be aligned with the goals established in RCW 47.04.280. To this end the commission shall: 17

18 (a) Develop transportation policies which are based on the 19 policies, goals, and objectives expressed and inherent in existing 20 state laws;

(b) Inventory the adopted policies, goals, and objectives of the local and area-wide governmental bodies of the state and define the role of the state, regional, and local governments in determining transportation policies, in transportation planning, and in implementing the state transportation plan;

(c) Establish a procedure for review and revision of the state transportation policy and for submission of proposed changes to the governor and the legislature; and

(d) Integrate the statewide transportation plan with the needs of the elderly and persons with disabilities, and coordinate federal and state programs directed at assisting local governments to answer such needs;

33 (2) To provide for the effective coordination of state 34 transportation planning with national transportation policy, state 35 and local land use policies, and local and regional transportation 36 plans and programs;

37 (3) In conjunction with the provisions under RCW 47.01.075, to
 38 provide for public involvement in transportation designed to elicit
 39 the public's views both with respect to adequate transportation

1 services and appropriate means of minimizing adverse social, 2 economic, environmental, and energy impact of transportation 3 programs;

(4) By December 2010, to prepare a comprehensive and balanced 4 statewide transportation plan consistent with the state's growth 5 6 management goals and based on the transportation policy goals provided under RCW 47.04.280 and applicable state and federal laws. 7 The plan must reflect the priorities of government developed by the 8 office of financial management and address regional needs, including 9 10 multimodal transportation planning. The plan must, at a minimum: (a) 11 Establish a vision for the development of the statewide 12 transportation system; (b) identify significant statewide transportation policy issues; and (c) recommend 13 statewide transportation policies and strategies to the legislature to fulfill 14 the requirements of subsection (1) of this section. The plan must be 15 16 the product of an ongoing process that involves representatives of 17 significant transportation interests and the general public from across the state. Every four years, the plan shall be reviewed and 18 19 revised, and submitted to the and the governor house of representatives and senate standing committees on transportation. 20

The plan shall take into account federal law and regulations relating to the planning, construction, and operation of transportation facilities;

(5) By December 2007, the office of financial management shall 24 25 submit a baseline report on the progress toward attaining the policy goals under RCW 47.04.280 in the 2005-2007 fiscal biennium. By 26 October 1, 2008, beginning with the development of the 2009-2011 27 28 biennial transportation budget, and by October 1st biennially thereafter, the office of financial management shall submit to the 29 legislature and the governor a report on the progress toward the 30 31 attainment by state transportation agencies of the state 32 transportation policy goals and objectives prescribed by statute, 33 appropriation, and governor directive. The report must, at a minimum, include the degree to which state transportation programs have 34 progressed toward the attainment of the policy goals established 35 under RCW 47.04.280, as measured by the objectives and performance 36 measures established by the office of financial management under RCW 37 47.04.280; 38

39 (6) To propose to the governor and the legislature prior to the 40 convening of each regular session held in an odd-numbered year a

1 recommended budget for the operations of the commission as required 2 by RCW 47.01.061;

3 (7) To adopt ((such)) rules as may be necessary to carry out reasonably and properly those functions expressly vested in the 4 commission by statute. For rules adopted under the provisions of this 5 6 chapter after August 1, 2015, the commission may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules 7 must include the specific statutory section or sections from which 8 the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 9 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general 10 enabling provisions establishing the department; 11

12 (8) To contract with the office of financial management or other 13 appropriate state agencies for administrative support, accounting 14 services, computer services, and other support services necessary to 15 carry out its other statutory duties;

16 (9) To conduct transportation-related studies and policy analysis 17 to the extent directed by the legislature or governor in the biennial 18 transportation budget act, or as otherwise provided in law, and 19 subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific 20 purpose; and

(10) To exercise such other specific powers and duties as may be vested in the transportation commission by this or any other provision of law.

24 **Sec. 431.** RCW 48.02.060 and 2010 c 27 s 1 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

(1) The commissioner has the authority expressly conferred upon
 him or her by or reasonably implied from the provisions of this code.

(2) The commissioner must execute his or her duties and mustenforce the provisions of this code.

30 (

(3) The commissioner may:

(a) ((Make)) Adopt reasonable rules for effectuating 31 anv provision of this code, except those relating to his or her election, 32 qualifications, or compensation. Rules are not effective prior to 33 their being filed for public inspection in the commissioner's office. 34 For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 35 1, 2015, the commissioner may adopt only rules derived from a 36 specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the 37 38 specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of 39 authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law 1 stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling

2 provisions establishing the office of the insurance commissioner.

3 (b) Conduct investigations to determine whether any person has4 violated any provision of this code.

5 (c) Conduct examinations, investigations, hearings, in addition 6 to those specifically provided for, useful and proper for the 7 efficient administration of any provision of this code.

8 (4) When the governor proclaims a state of emergency under RCW 9 43.06.010(12), the commissioner may issue an order that addresses any 10 or all of the following matters related to insurance policies issued 11 in this state:

12

(a) Reporting requirements for claims;

13 (b) Grace periods for payment of insurance premiums and 14 performance of other duties by insureds;

15 (c) Temporary postponement of cancellations and nonrenewals; and

16

(d) Medical coverage to ensure access to care.

17 (5) An order by the commissioner under subsection (4) of this section may remain effective for not more than sixty days unless the 18 commissioner extends the termination date for the order for an 19 additional period of not more than thirty days. The commissioner may 20 21 extend the order if, in the commissioner's judgment, the circumstances warrant an extension. An order of the commissioner 22 under subsection (4) of this section is not effective after the 23 related state of emergency is terminated by proclamation of the 24 25 governor under RCW 43.06.210. The order must specify, by line of 26 insurance:

(a) The geographic areas in which the order applies, which must be within but may be less extensive than the geographic area specified in the governor's proclamation of a state of emergency and must be specific according to an appropriate means of delineation, such as the United States postal service zip codes or other appropriate means; and

33 (b) The date on which the order becomes effective and the date on 34 which the order terminates.

35 (6) The commissioner may adopt rules that establish general 36 criteria for orders issued under subsection (4) of this section and 37 may adopt emergency rules applicable to a specific proclamation of a 38 state of emergency by the governor. 1 (7) The rule-making authority set forth in subsection (6) of this 2 section does not limit or affect the rule-making authority otherwise 3 granted to the commissioner by law.

4 **Sec. 432.** RCW 48.44.050 and 1947 c 268 s 5 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 insurance commissioner shall ((make)) The adopt reasonable 7 ((regulations)) rules in aid of the administration of this chapter which may include((-)) but shall not be limited to ((regulations)) 8 9 <u>rules</u> concerning the maintenance of adequate insurance, bonds, or 10 cash deposits, information required of registrants, and methods of 11 expediting speedy and fair payments to claimants. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the 12 insurance commissioner may adopt only rules derived from a specific 13 grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific 14 15 statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is 16 derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions 17 18 establishing the office of the insurance commissioner.

19 Sec. 433. RCW 48.46.200 and 2009 c 549 s 7153 are each amended 20 to read as follows:

21 The commissioner may, in accordance with the provisions of the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, ((promulgate)) adopt 22 23 rules ((and regulations)) as necessary or proper to carry out the 24 provisions of this chapter. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the commissioner may adopt only 25 26 rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from 27 which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 28 29 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the office of the insurance 30 31 commissioner. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the commissioner from requiring changes in procedures previously 32 33 approved by him or her.

34 **Sec. 434.** RCW 66.08.0501 and 1997 c 321 s 56 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

The liquor control board may adopt appropriate rules pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of

chapter 321, Laws of 1997. For rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the liquor control board may adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general enabling provisions establishing the liquor control board.

8 **Sec. 435.** RCW 77.04.055 and 2000 c 107 s 204 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 (1) In establishing policies to preserve, protect, and perpetuate 11 wildlife, fish, and wildlife and fish habitat, the commission shall 12 meet annually with the governor to:

(a) Review and prescribe basic goals and objectives related tothose policies; and

15 (b) Review the performance of the department in implementing fish 16 and wildlife policies.

17 The commission shall maximize fishing, hunting, and outdoor 18 recreational opportunities compatible with healthy and diverse fish 19 and wildlife populations.

(2) The commission shall establish hunting, trapping, and fishing
 seasons and prescribe the time, place, manner, and methods that may
 be used to harvest or enjoy game fish and wildlife.

(3) The commission shall establish provisions regulating foodfish and shellfish as provided in RCW 77.12.047.

25 (4) The commission shall have final approval authority for 26 tribal, interstate, international, and any other department 27 agreements relating to fish and wildlife.

(5) The commission shall adopt rules to implement the state's 28 fish and wildlife laws. For rules adopted under the provisions of 29 30 this chapter after August 1, 2015, the commission may adopt only 31 rules derived from a specific grant of legislative authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or sections from 32 which the grant of authority is derived, and may not rely solely on a 33 section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose or the general 34 35 enabling provisions establishing the commission or the department.

36 (6) The commission shall have final approval authority for the 37 department's budget proposals. 1 (7) The commission shall select its own staff and shall appoint 2 the director of the department. The director and commission staff 3 shall serve at the pleasure of the commission.

4 **Sec. 436.** RCW 80.01.040 and 2007 c 234 s 1 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

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The utilities and transportation commission shall:

7 (1) Exercise all the powers and perform all the duties prescribed
8 by this title and by Title 81 RCW, or by any other law.

9 (2) Regulate in the public interest, as provided by the public 10 service laws, all persons engaging in the transportation of persons 11 or property within this state for compensation.

12 (3) Regulate in the public interest, as provided by the public 13 service laws, the rates, services, facilities, and practices of all 14 persons engaging within this state in the business of supplying any 15 utility service or commodity to the public for compensation.

16 (4) ((Make)) Adopt rules ((and regulations)) necessary to carry out its other powers and duties. For rules adopted under the 17 provisions of this chapter after August 1, 2015, the commission may 18 adopt only rules derived from a specific grant of legislative 19 authority. The rules must include the specific statutory section or 20 sections from which the grant of authority is derived, and may not 21 rely solely on a section of law stating a statute's intent or purpose 22 or the general enabling provisions establishing the commission. 23

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 437. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 25 RCW to read as follows:

When delegating authority to an agency through legislation, the legislature, unless it specifically states otherwise, limits its delegation of authority to:

(1) The minimum delegation necessary to administer thelegislation's clear and unambiguous directives; and

31 (2) The administration of circumstances and behaviors foreseeable32 at the time of the legislation's enactment.

33

PART V

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 501.** The legislature finds that this nation 35 and this state were founded as constitutional republican forms of 36 government with democratically elected representatives enacting and

1 implementing laws consistent with those constitutions to promote the general welfare of all the people. All elected officials take an oath 2 to uphold the constitutions. The role of government was intended to 3 remain as limited as possible in order to expand the liberties of the 4 people as far as possible. Over the past few decades, legislative and 5 6 executive branches have gone far beyond their original purposes and 7 powers, and have grown to the extent that the economic and regulatory burdens placed upon the people is becoming unbearable and 8 is infringing on the rights of law-abiding citizens to enjoy their 9 property, their freedoms, and the fruits of their labors. 10 The 11 legislature further finds that the United States congress has 12 frequently ignored its own House rule XIII 3(d) which requires "Each report of a committee on a public bill or public joint resolution 13 shall contain the following: (1) A statement citing the specific 14 powers granted to congress in the Constitution to enact the law 15 proposed by the bill or resolution." The legislature intends by this 16 17 chapter to ensure that all laws and rules adopted by the federal and 18 governments are firmly grounded in their state respective 19 constitutions so that those governments might return to their proper realms and focus on the essential services that best strike the 20 21 balance between the need for government and the need for people to be 22 free.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 502. (1) Every bill, act, ordinance, 24 resolution, or rule adopted or enacted by a legislative or executive 25 body, or the people, shall include the citation of the express 26 language from the federal or state Constitution that provides the 27 specific authority for the provisions included in the bill, act, 28 ordinance, resolution, or rule.

(2) Every bill, act, ordinance, resolution, or rule adopted or enacted by a legislative or executive body, or the people, shall limit the provisions of the bill, act, ordinance, resolution, or rule to the express language included in the citation from the federal or state Constitution that provides the specific authority such provisions.

35 (3) Every bill, act, ordinance, resolution, or rule adopted or 36 enacted by a legislative or executive body, or the people, shall 37 include a brief rationale as how the provisions of the bill, act, 38 ordinance, resolution, or rule are provided specific authority in the 39 express language of the federal or state Constitution cited,

including the language of the text itself, a reasonable construction and extension of the text, the intent as best can be ascertained of those who adopted the text, and the historical understanding and context in which the text was adopted.

5

PART VI

6

NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. The legislature finds that:

7 (1) The public interest will be best served if lands throughout
8 the state and their resources are subject to the coordinated
9 management efforts of the state and local governments;

10 (2) The federal government requires its agencies to coordinate 11 and provide meaningful involvement of state and local government 12 officials in the development and revisions of federal land use plans, 13 guidelines, and regulations as explained in 43 U.S.C. Sec. 1712 14 (c)(9);

(3) Many local governments have extensive plans for the lands
within their jurisdiction as required by various state laws,
including but not limited to Titles 35, 35A, and 36 RCW; and

(4) The citizens of Washington directly benefit when state
 agencies coordinate their activities with local government officials
 regarding land use administration, management, and planning.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 602. A new section is added to chapter 77.12 22 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) The department shall coordinate with all applicable affected local government officials during the development, revision, and implementation of any public land use plan under the control or authority of the department.

(b) Implementation of this section requires the department to, ata minimum:

(i) Keep itself apprised of all relevant local and tribal landuse plans and ordinances;

(ii) Ensure that consideration is given to local and tribal plans that are germane in the development of land use activities for the department and strive to make corresponding state policies, plans, or actions consistent with local policies, plans, or actions;

35 (iii) Assist in resolving inconsistencies between department land 36 management and local and tribal plans and ordinances; 1 (iv) Provide for meaningful public involvement of other local 2 government officials, both elected and appointed, in the development 3 of land use programs, land use policies, land use rules, and land use 4 decisions for department lands; and

5 (v) Provide local government officials early notification of all 6 land use actions or plans of the department that will affect the unit 7 of local government directly or indirectly.

8 (2) If, after consulting with an affected local government, the 9 department finds that the statutory limitations of the department 10 make compliance with a particular locally adopted land use plan or 11 ordinance unlawful, the department shall report this finding to the 12 appropriate committees of the legislature along with specific 13 information relating to the statute or statutes limiting the 14 department from complying with local plans or ordinances.

(3) The director must make available a formal channel through 15 16 which local government officials may provide direct feedback and 17 other communications regarding proposed actions by the department relating to the purchase and sale of land, the development or 18 revision of land use plans, land use guidelines, land use policies, 19 and land use rules for department lands within the local jurisdiction 20 21 and with respect to other land use matters as deemed relevant to a 22 local official.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 603. A new section is added to chapter 79.02
24 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) The department shall coordinate with all applicable affected local government officials during the development, revision, and implementation of any public land use plan under the control or authority of the department.

29 (b) Implementation of this section requires the department to, at 30 a minimum:

31 (i) Keep itself apprised of all relevant local and tribal land 32 use plans and ordinances;

(ii) Ensure that consideration is given to local and tribal plans that are germane in the development of land use activities for the department and strive to make corresponding state policies, plans, or actions consistent with local policies, plans, or actions;

(iii) Assist in resolving inconsistencies between department landmanagement and local and tribal plans and ordinances;

1 (iv) Provide for meaningful public involvement of other local 2 government officials, both elected and appointed, in the development 3 of land use programs, land use policies, land use rules, and land use 4 decisions for public lands; and

5 (v) Provide local government officials early notification of all 6 land use actions or plans of the department that will affect the unit 7 of local government directly or indirectly.

8 (2) If, after consulting with an affected local government, the 9 department finds that the statutory limitations of the department 10 make compliance with a particular locally adopted land use plan or 11 ordinance unlawful, the department shall report this finding to the 12 appropriate committees of the legislature along with specific 13 information relating to the statute or statutes limiting the 14 department from complying with local plans or ordinances.

(3) The commissioner of public lands must make available a formal 15 16 channel through which local government officials may provide direct 17 feedback and other communications regarding proposed actions by the department relating to the purchase and sale of land, the development 18 or revision of land use plans, land use guidelines, land use 19 policies, and land use rules for public lands within the local 20 21 jurisdiction and with respect to other land use matters as deemed relevant to a local official. 22

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 604. A new section is added to chapter 79A.05
24 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) The commission shall coordinate with all applicable affected local government officials during the development, revision, and implementation of any public land use plan under the control or authority of the commission.

29 (b) Implementation of this section requires the commission to, at 30 a minimum:

31 (i) Keep itself apprised of all relevant local and tribal land 32 use plans and ordinances;

(ii) Ensure that consideration is given to local and tribal plans that are germane in the development of land use activities for the commission and strive to make corresponding commission policies, plans, or actions consistent with local policies, plans, or actions;

(iii) Assist in resolving inconsistencies between commission landmanagement and local and tribal plans and ordinances;

1 (iv) Provide for meaningful public involvement of other local 2 government officials, both elected and appointed, in the development 3 of land use programs, land use policies, land use rules, and land use 4 decisions for commission lands; and

5 (v) Provide local government officials early notification of all 6 land use actions or plans of the commission that will affect the unit 7 of local government directly or indirectly.

8 (2) If, after consulting with an affected local government, the 9 commission finds that the statutory limitations of the commission 10 make compliance with a particular locally adopted land use plan or 11 ordinance unlawful, the commission shall report this finding to the 12 appropriate committees of the legislature along with specific 13 information relating to the statute or statutes limiting the 14 commission from complying with local plans or ordinances.

(3) The director must make available a formal channel through 15 16 which local government officials may provide direct feedback and 17 other communications regarding proposed actions by the commission relating to the purchase and sale of land, the development or 18 revision of land use plans, land use guidelines, land use policies, 19 and land use rules for commission lands within the local jurisdiction 20 21 and with respect to other land use matters as deemed relevant to a 22 local official.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 605. A new section is added to chapter 35.21
24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) If the ordinances, regulations, plans, or policies of a city 25 26 are less restrictive than applicable federal or state laws or 27 requirements, the city must demand, by any lawful means, that the federal or state government coordinate with the city before the 28 federal or state government implements, enforces, expands, or extends 29 30 the federal or state law or requirement within the jurisdictional 31 boundary of the city. The coordination demand required by this subsection may be waived through a resolution adopted by a majority 32 of the city legislative body. 33

34 (2) If the federal or state government fails to coordinate in 35 good faith with the city, the legislative body of the city must hold 36 two or more public hearings, consider the evidence, and vote on 37 whether to authorize litigation to enforce the coordination rights of 38 the city.

1 (3) If a person who resides or conducts business in the state serves each member of the legislative body of the city with a written 2 demand that the city comply with this section, and if within sixty 3 days after service of the demand, the legislative body fails to 4 comply with this section in a manner that causes injury to the 5 6 person, the person may submit a written demand for a response. 7 Written response demands under this subsection must specify the city ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy with which the federal or 8 state government failed to coordinate. Within thirty days after 9 receiving the written demand for a response under this subsection, 10 11 the legislative body of the city must hold a public hearing to 12 present information on the decision to not demand coordination.

13 (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this14 section unless the context requires otherwise.

15 (a) "City" means an incorporated city or town.

16 (b) "Coordinate" means the action necessary to achieve 17 coordination.

18 (c) "Coordination" means the process by which the federal or 19 state government seeks in good faith to reach consistency between a 20 federal or state law or requirement and a city ordinance, regulation, 21 plan, or policy.

(d) "Less restrictive" means a city ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy imposes, or would impose, less of a burden on the exercise of rights, privileges, or immunities enjoyed by individuals, organizations, and businesses within the jurisdictional boundaries of the city.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 606.** A new section is added to chapter 35A.21 28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) If the ordinances, regulations, plans, or policies of a city 29 30 are less restrictive than applicable federal or state laws or 31 requirements, the city must demand, by any lawful means, that the federal or state government coordinate with the city before the 32 federal or state government implements, enforces, expands, or extends 33 the federal or state law or requirement within the jurisdictional 34 35 boundary of the city. The coordination demand required by this subsection may be waived through a resolution adopted by a majority 36 37 of the city legislative body.

(2) If the federal or state government fails to coordinate ingood faith with the city, the legislative body of the city must hold

1 two or more public hearings, consider the evidence, and vote on 2 whether to authorize litigation to enforce the coordination rights of 3 the city.

(3) If a person who resides or conducts business in the state 4 serves each member of the legislative body of the city with a written 5 6 demand that the city comply with this section, and if within sixty 7 days after service of the demand, the legislative body fails to comply with this section in a manner that causes injury to the 8 person, the person may submit a written demand for a response. 9 Written response demands under this subsection must specify the city 10 11 ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy with which the federal or 12 state government failed to coordinate. Within thirty days after receiving the written demand for a response under this subsection, 13 14 the legislative body of the city must hold a public hearing to present information on the decision to not demand coordination. 15

16 (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this17 section unless the context requires otherwise.

18

(a) "City" means any noncharter code city or charter code city.

19 (b) "Coordinate" means the action necessary to achieve 20 coordination.

(c) "Coordination" means the process by which the federal or state government seeks in good faith to reach consistency between a federal or state law or requirement and a city ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy.

(d) "Less restrictive" means a city ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy imposes, or would impose, less of a burden on the exercise of rights, privileges, or immunities enjoyed by individuals, organizations, and businesses within the jurisdictional boundaries of the city.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 607. A new section is added to chapter 36.01 31 RCW to read as follows:

(1) If the ordinances, regulations, plans, or policies of a county are less restrictive than applicable federal or state laws or requirements, the county must demand, by any lawful means, that the federal or state government coordinate with the county before the federal or state government implements, enforces, expands, or extends the federal or state law or requirement within the jurisdictional boundary of the county. The coordination demand required by this subsection may be waived through a resolution adopted by a majority
 of the county legislative body.

3 (2) If the federal or state government fails to coordinate in 4 good faith with the county, the legislative body of the county must 5 hold two or more public hearings, consider the evidence, and vote on 6 whether to authorize litigation to enforce the coordination rights of 7 the county.

(3) If a person who resides or conducts business in the state 8 serves each member of the legislative body of the county with a 9 written demand that the county comply with this section, and if 10 within sixty days after service of the demand, the legislative body 11 12 fails to comply with this section in a manner that causes injury to the person, the person may submit a written demand for a response. 13 14 Written response demands under this subsection must specify the county ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy with which the federal 15 16 or state government failed to coordinate. Within thirty days after 17 receiving the written demand for a response under this subsection, the legislative body of the county must hold a public hearing to 18 present information on the decision to not demand coordination. 19

(4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout thissection unless the context requires otherwise.

(a) "Coordinate" means the action necessary to achievecoordination.

(b) "Coordination" means the process by which the federal or state government seeks in good faith to reach consistency between a federal or state law or requirement and a county ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy.

(c) "Less restrictive" means a county ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy imposes, or would impose, less of a burden on the exercise of rights, privileges, or immunities enjoyed by individuals, organizations, and businesses within the jurisdictional boundaries of the county.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 608. This chapter applies to any special 34 purpose district. For the purposes of this chapter, "special purpose 35 district" means any statutorily created unit of local government that 36 is not a county or city.

37 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 609.** (1) If the ordinances, regulations, 38 plans, or policies of a special purpose district are less restrictive

1 than applicable federal or state laws or requirements, the special purpose district must demand, by any lawful means, that the federal 2 or state government coordinate with the special purpose district 3 before the federal or state government implements, enforces, expands, 4 or extends the federal or state law or requirement within the 5 б jurisdictional boundary of the special purpose district. The coordination demand required by this subsection may be waived through 7 a resolution adopted by a majority of the special purpose district 8 9 legislative body.

10 (2) If the federal or state government fails to coordinate in 11 good faith with the special purpose district, the legislative body of 12 the special purpose district must hold two or more public hearings, 13 consider the evidence, and vote on whether to authorize litigation to 14 enforce the coordination rights of the special purpose district.

(3) If a person who resides or conducts business in the state 15 16 serves each member of the legislative body of the special purpose 17 district with a written demand that the special purpose district comply with this section, and if within sixty days after service of 18 the demand, the legislative body fails to comply with this section in 19 20 a manner that causes injury to the person, the person may submit a 21 written demand for a response. Written response demands under this subsection must specify the special purpose district ordinance, 22 regulation, plan, or policy with which the federal or 23 state government failed to coordinate. Within thirty days after receiving 24 25 the written demand for a response under this subsection, the 26 legislative body of the special purpose district must hold a public hearing to present information on the decision to not demand 27 coordination. 28

(4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout thissection unless the context requires otherwise.

31 (a) "Coordinate" means the action necessary to achieve 32 coordination.

33 (b) "Coordination" means the process by which the federal or 34 state government seeks in good faith to reach consistency between a 35 federal or state law or requirement and a special purpose district 36 ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy.

37 (d) "Less restrictive" means a special purpose district 38 ordinance, regulation, plan, or policy imposes, or would impose, less 39 of a burden on the exercise of rights, privileges, or immunities

1 enjoyed by individuals, organizations, and businesses within the 2 jurisdictional boundaries of the special purpose district.

3

PART VII

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 701. A new section is added to chapter 70.94 5 RCW to read as follows:

6 (1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be 7 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 8 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 9 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 10 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

(2) If the application is denied either within or after the 11 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 12 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 13 14 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 15 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 16 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies. 17

18 Sec. 702. RCW 70.94.181 and 1991 c 199 s 306 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

(1) Any person who owns or is in control of any plant, building, 20 structure, establishment, process or equipment may apply to the 21 22 department ((of ecology)) or appropriate local authority board for a 23 variance from rules ((or regulations)) governing the quality, nature, duration or extent of discharges of air contaminants. The application 24 25 shall be accompanied by such information and data as the department ((of ecology)) or board may require. The department ((of ecology)) or 26 board may grant such variance, provided that variances to state rules 27 28 shall require the department's approval prior to being issued by a 29 local authority board. The total time period for a variance and 30 renewal of such variance shall not exceed one year. Variances may be issued by either the department or a local board but only after 31 public hearing or due notice, if the department or board finds that: 32

33 (a) The emissions occurring or proposed to occur do not endanger34 public health or safety or the environment; and

(b) Compliance with the rules ((or regulations)) from which variance is sought would produce serious hardship without equal or greater benefits to the public.

1 (2) No variance shall be granted pursuant to this section until 2 the department ((of ecology)) or board has considered the relative 3 interests of the applicant, other owners of property likely to be 4 affected by the discharges, and the general public.

5 (3) Any variance or renewal thereof shall be granted within the 6 requirements of subsection (1) of this section and under conditions 7 consistent with the reasons therefor, and within the following 8 limitations:

9 (a) If the variance is granted on the ground that there is no 10 practicable means known or available for the adequate prevention, 11 abatement, or control of the pollution involved, it shall be only 12 until the necessary means for prevention, abatement, or control 13 become known and available, and subject to the taking of any 14 substitute or alternate measures that the department ((of ecology)) 15 or board may prescribe.

(b) If the variance is granted on the ground that compliance with 16 17 the particular requirement or requirements from which variance is sought will require the taking of measures which, because of their 18 extent or cost, must be spread over a considerable period of time, it 19 shall be for a period not to exceed such reasonable time as, in the 20 21 view of the department ((of ecology)) or board is requisite for the taking of the necessary measures. A variance granted on the ground 22 specified herein shall contain a timetable for the taking of action 23 in an expeditious manner and shall be conditioned on adherence to 24 25 such timetable.

(c) If the variance is granted on the ground that it is justified to relieve or prevent hardship of a kind other than that provided for in (a) and (b) of this subsection, it shall be for not more than one year.

(4) Any variance granted pursuant to this section may be renewed 30 31 on terms and conditions and for periods which would be appropriate on initial granting of a variance. If complaint is made to the 32 department ((of ecology)) or board on account of the variance, no 33 renewal thereof shall be granted unless following a public hearing on 34 the complaint on due notice the department or board finds that 35 36 renewal is justified. No renewal shall be granted except on application therefor. Any such application shall be made at least 37 sixty days prior to the expiration of the variance. Immediately upon 38 39 receipt of an application for renewal, the department ((of ecology))

or board shall give public notice of such application in accordance
 with rules of the department ((of ecology)) or board.

(5) A variance or renewal shall not be a right of the applicant 3 or holder thereof but shall be granted at the discretion of the 4 department ((of ecology)) or board. However, any applicant adversely 5 6 affected by the denial or the terms and conditions of the granting of an application for a variance or renewal of a variance by the 7 department ((of ecology)) or board may obtain judicial review thereof 8 under the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW as now or hereafter 9 10 amended.

11 (6) Nothing in this section and no variance or renewal granted 12 pursuant hereto shall be construed to prevent or limit the 13 application of the emergency provisions and procedures of RCW 14 70.94.710 through 70.94.730 to any person or his or her property.

(7) An application for a variance, or for the renewal thereof, submitted to the department ((of ecology)) or board pursuant to this section shall be approved or disapproved by the department or board within sixty-five days of receipt unless the applicant and the department ((of ecology)) or board agree to a continuance.

(8) Variances approved under this section shall not be included in orders or permits provided for in RCW 70.94.161 or 70.94.152 until such time as the variance has been accepted by the United States environmental protection agency as part of an approved state implementation plan.

25 (9)(a) All decisions on variances under this section must be 26 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 27 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 28 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 29 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

30 (b) If the application is denied either within or after the 31 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 32 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 33 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 34 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 35 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 36 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

37 **Sec. 703.** RCW 76.09.060 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 1 s 206 are each 38 amended to read as follows:

1 (1) The department shall prescribe the form and contents of the notification and application. The forest practices rules shall 2 specify by whom and under what conditions the notification and 3 application shall be signed or otherwise certified as acceptable. 4 Activities conducted by the department or a contractor under the 5 б direction of the department under the provisions of RCW 76.04.660, shall be exempt from the landowner signature requirement on any 7 forest practices application required to be filed. The application or 8 notification shall be delivered in person to the department, sent by 9 first-class mail to the department or electronically filed in a form 10 11 defined by the department. The form for electronic filing shall be 12 readily convertible to a paper copy, which shall be available to the public pursuant to chapter 42.56 RCW. The information required may 13 14 include, but is not limited to:

15 (a) Name and address of the forest landowner, timber owner, and 16 operator;

17 (b) Description of the proposed forest practice or practices to 18 be conducted;

19 (c) Legal description and tax parcel identification numbers of 20 the land on which the forest practices are to be conducted;

(d) Planimetric and topographic maps showing location and size of all lakes and streams and other public waters in and immediately adjacent to the operating area and showing all existing and proposed roads and major tractor roads;

(e) Description of the silvicultural, harvesting, or other forest practice methods to be used, including the type of equipment to be used and materials to be applied;

(f) For an application or notification submitted on or after July 10, 2012, that includes a forest practices hydraulic project, plans and specifications for the forest practices hydraulic project to ensure the proper protection of fish life;

32 (g) Proposed plan for reforestation and for any revegetation 33 necessary to reduce erosion potential from roadsides and yarding 34 roads, as required by the forest practices rules;

35 (h) Soil, geological, and hydrological data with respect to 36 forest practices;

37 (i) The expected dates of commencement and completion of all38 forest practices specified in the application;

1 (j) Provisions for continuing maintenance of roads and other 2 construction or other measures necessary to afford protection to 3 public resources;

4 (k) An affirmation that the statements contained in the 5 notification or application are true; and

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(1) All necessary application or notification fees.

7 (2) Long range plans may be submitted to the department for 8 review and consultation.

9 (3) The application for a forest practice or the notification of 10 a forest practice is subject to the reforestation requirement of RCW 11 76.09.070.

12 (a) If the application states that any land will be or is 13 intended to be converted:

(i) The reforestation requirements of this chapter and of the forest practices rules shall not apply if the land is in fact converted unless applicable alternatives or limitations are provided in forest practices rules issued under RCW 76.09.070;

18 (ii) Completion of such forest practice operations shall be 19 deemed conversion of the lands to another use for purposes of 20 chapters 84.33 and 84.34 RCW unless the conversion is to a use 21 permitted under a current use tax agreement permitted under chapter 22 84.34 RCW;

(iii) The forest practices described in the application are subject to applicable county, city, town, and regional governmental authority permitted under RCW 76.09.240 as well as the forest practices rules.

(b) Except as provided elsewhere in this section, if the 27 landowner harvests without an approved application or notification or 28 29 the landowner does not state that any land covered by the application or notification will be or is intended to be converted, and the 30 31 department or the county, city, town, or regional governmental entity becomes aware of conversion activities to a use other than commercial 32 timber operations, as that term is defined in RCW 76.09.020, then the 33 department shall send to the department of ecology and the 34 appropriate county, city, town, and regional governmental entities 35 36 the following documents:

37 (i) A notice of a conversion to nonforestry use;

38 (ii) A copy of the applicable forest practices application or 39 notification, if any; and

1 (iii) Copies of any applicable outstanding final orders or 2 decisions issued by the department related to the forest practices 3 application or notification.

4 (c) Failure to comply with the reforestation requirements 5 contained in any final order or decision shall constitute a removal 6 of designation under the provisions of RCW 84.33.140, and a change of 7 use under the provisions of RCW 84.34.080, and, if applicable, shall 8 subject such lands to the payments and/or penalties resulting from 9 such removals or changes.

10 (d) Conversion to a use other than commercial forest product 11 operations within six years after approval of the forest practices 12 application or notification without the consent of the county, city, 13 or town shall constitute a violation of each of the county, municipal 14 city, town, and regional authorities to which the forest practice 15 operations would have been subject if the application had stated an 16 intent to convert.

(e) Land that is the subject of a notice of conversion to a nonforestry use produced by the department and sent to the department of ecology and a local government under this subsection is subject to the development prohibition and conditions provided in RCW 76.09.460.

(f) Landowners who have not stated an intent to convert the land covered by an application or notification and who decide to convert the land to a nonforestry use within six years of receiving an approved application or notification must do so in a manner consistent with RCW 76.09.470.

26 (g) The application or notification must include a statement 27 requiring an acknowledgment by the forest landowner of his or her 28 intent with respect to conversion and acknowledging that he or she is 29 familiar with the effects of this subsection.

30 (4) Whenever an approved application authorizes a forest practice 31 which, because of soil condition, proximity to a water course or 32 other unusual factor, has a potential for causing material damage to 33 a public resource, as determined by the department, the applicant 34 shall, when requested on the approved application, notify the 35 department two days before the commencement of actual operations.

36 (5) Before the operator commences any forest practice in a manner 37 or to an extent significantly different from that described in a 38 previously approved application or notification, there shall be 39 submitted to the department a new application or notification form in 40 the manner set forth in this section.

1 (6)(a) Except as provided in RCW 76.09.350(4), the notification 2 to or the approval given by the department to an application to 3 conduct a forest practice shall be effective for a term of three 4 years from the date of approval or notification.

(b) A notification or application may be renewed for 5 an 6 additional three-year term by the filing and approval of a 7 notification or application, as applicable, prior to the expiration of the original application or notification. A renewal application or 8 notification is subject to the forest practices rules in effect at 9 the time the renewal application or notification is filed. Nothing in 10 11 this section precludes the applicant from applying for a new 12 application or notification after the renewal period has lapsed.

the option of the applicant, an application 13 (C) At or notification may be submitted to cover a single forest practice or a 14 number of forest practices within reasonable geographic or political 15 16 boundaries as specified by the department. An application or 17 notification that covers more than one forest practice may have an 18 effective term of more than three years.

19 (d) The board shall adopt rules that establish standards and procedures for approving an application or notification that has an 20 21 effective term of more than three years. Such rules shall include 22 extended time periods for application or notification approval or disapproval. The department may require the applicant to provide 23 24 advance notice before commencing operations on an approved 25 application or notification.

(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no prior application or notification shall be required for any emergency forest practice necessitated by fire, flood, windstorm, earthquake, or other emergency as defined by the board, but the operator shall submit an application or notification, whichever is applicable, to the department within forty-eight hours after commencement of such practice or as required by local regulations.

33 (8) Forest practices applications or notifications are not required for forest practices conducted to control exotic forest 34 insect or disease outbreaks, when conducted by or under the direction 35 36 of the department of agriculture in carrying out an order of the governor or director of the department of agriculture to implement 37 pest control measures as authorized under chapter 17.24 RCW, and are 38 39 not required when conducted by or under the direction of the 40 department in carrying out emergency measures under a forest health emergency declaration by the commissioner of public lands as provided
 in RCW 76.06.130.

3 (a) For the purposes of this subsection, exotic forest insect or
4 disease has the same meaning as defined in RCW 76.06.020.

5 (b) In order to minimize adverse impacts to public resources, 6 control measures must be based on integrated pest management, as 7 defined in RCW 17.15.010, and must follow forest practices rules 8 relating to road construction and maintenance, timber harvest, and 9 forest chemicals, to the extent possible without compromising control 10 objectives.

(c) Agencies conducting or directing control efforts must provide advance notice to the appropriate regulatory staff of the department of the operations that would be subject to exemption from forest practices application or notification requirements.

(d) When the appropriate regulatory staff of the department are notified under (c) of this subsection, they must consult with the landowner, interested agencies, and affected tribes, and assist the notifying agencies in the development of integrated pest management plans that comply with forest practices rules as required under (b) of this subsection.

(e) Nothing under this subsection relieves agencies conducting or directing control efforts from requirements of the federal clean water act as administered by the department of ecology under RCW 90.48.260.

(f) Forest lands where trees have been cut as part of an exotic forest insect or disease control effort under this subsection are subject to reforestation requirements under RCW 76.09.070.

(g) The exemption from obtaining approved forest practices applications or notifications does not apply to forest practices conducted after the governor, the director of the department of agriculture, or the commissioner of public lands have declared that an emergency no longer exists because control objectives have been met, that there is no longer an imminent threat, or that there is no longer a good likelihood of control.

35 (9)(a) All decisions on applications or notifications under this 36 section must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant 37 within ninety days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day 38 deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the 39 appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the 40 application. 1 (b) If the application is denied either within or after the 2 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 3 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 4 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 5 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 6 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 7 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 704. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 9 RCW to read as follows:

10 (1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be 11 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 12 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 13 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 14 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

15 (2) If the application is denied either within or after the 16 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 17 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 18 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 19 20 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 21 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

22 Sec. 705. RCW 77.55.021 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 1 s 102 are each 23 amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 77.55.031, 77.55.051, 77.55.041,
and 77.55.361, in the event that any person or government agency
desires to undertake a hydraulic project, the person or government
agency shall, before commencing work thereon, secure the approval of
the department in the form of a permit as to the adequacy of the
means proposed for the protection of fish life.

30 (2) A complete written application for a permit may be submitted31 in person or by registered mail and must contain the following:

32

(a) General plans for the overall project;

33 (b) Complete plans and specifications of the proposed 34 construction or work within the mean higher high water line in 35 saltwater or within the ordinary high water line in freshwater;

36 (c) Complete plans and specifications for the proper protection 37 of fish life; (d) Notice of compliance with any applicable requirements of the
 state environmental policy act, unless otherwise provided for in this
 chapter; and

4 (e) Payment of all applicable application fees charged by the 5 department under RCW 77.55.321.

6 (3) The department may establish direct billing accounts or other 7 funds transfer methods with permit applicants to satisfy the fee 8 payment requirements of RCW 77.55.321.

9 (4) The department may accept complete, written applications as 10 provided in this section for multiple site permits and may issue 11 these permits. For multiple site permits, each specific location must 12 be identified.

(5) With the exception of emergency permits as provided in 13 subsection (((12))) (13) of this section, applications for permits 14 must be submitted to the department's headquarters office in Olympia. 15 Requests for emergency permits as provided in subsection (((12)))16 17 (13) of this section may be made to the permitting biologist assigned to the location in which the emergency occurs, to the department's 18 regional office in which the emergency occurs, or to the department's 19 20 headquarters office.

21 (6) Except as provided for emergency permits in subsection 22 $\left(\left(\frac{12}{12}\right)\right)$ (13) of this section, the department may not proceed with 23 permit review until all fees are paid in full as required in RCW 24 77.55.321.

(7)(a) Protection of fish life is the only ground upon which approval of a permit may be denied or conditioned. Approval of a permit may not be unreasonably withheld or unreasonably conditioned.

(b) Except as provided in this subsection and subsections (((12) through (14))) <u>(13), (15)</u>, and (16) of this section, the department has forty-five calendar days upon receipt of a complete application to grant or deny approval of a permit. The forty-five day requirement is suspended if:

(i) After ten working days of receipt of the application, the applicant remains unavailable or unable to arrange for a timely field evaluation of the proposed project;

36 (ii) The site is physically inaccessible for inspection;

37 (iii) The applicant requests a delay; or

38 (iv) The department is issuing a permit for a storm water 39 discharge and is complying with the requirements of RCW 40 77.55.161(3)(b). 1 (c) Immediately upon determination that the forty-five day period is suspended under (b) of this subsection, the department shall 2 notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay. 3

(d) The period of forty-five calendar days may be extended if the 4 permit is part of a multiagency permit streamlining effort and all 5 б participating permitting agencies and the permit applicant agree to 7 an extended timeline longer than forty-five calendar days.

8

(8) If the department denies approval of a permit, the department shall provide the applicant a written statement of the specific 9 reasons why and how the proposed project would adversely affect fish 10 11 life.

12 (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, issuance, denial, conditioning, or modification of a permit shall be appealable 13 to the board within thirty days from the date of receipt of the 14 decision as provided in RCW 43.21B.230. 15

(b) Issuance, denial, conditioning, or modification of a permit 16 17 may be informally appealed to the department within thirty days from the date of receipt of the decision. Requests for informal appeals 18 must be filed in the form and manner prescribed by the department by 19 rule. A permit decision that has been informally appealed to the 20 21 department is appealable to the board within thirty days from the date of receipt of the department's decision on the informal appeal. 22

(9)(a) Notwithstanding the forty-five day decision timeline 23 required in this section, all decisions on applications under this 24 25 section must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant no longer than ninety days of submitting the application. If the 26 ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion 27 in the appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the 28 29 application.

(b) If the application is denied either within or after the 30 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 31 32 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 33 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 34 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 35 36 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

(10)(a) The permittee must demonstrate substantial progress on 37 construction of that portion of the project relating to the permit 38 39 within two years of the date of issuance.

1 (b) Approval of a permit is valid for up to five years from the 2 date of issuance, except as provided in (c) of this subsection and in 3 RCW 77.55.151.

(c) A permit remains in effect without need for periodic renewal 4 for hydraulic projects that divert water for agricultural irrigation 5 6 or stock watering purposes and that involve seasonal construction or 7 other work. A permit for stream bank stabilization projects to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020 8 remains in effect without need for periodic renewal if the problem 9 causing the need for the stream bank stabilization occurs on an 10 11 annual or more frequent basis. The permittee must notify the 12 appropriate agency before commencing the construction or other work within the area covered by the permit. 13

14 (((10))) (11) The department may, after consultation with the permittee, modify a permit due to changed conditions. A modification 15 16 under this subsection is not subject to the fees provided under RCW 17 77.55.321. The modification is appealable as provided in subsection (8) of this section. For a hydraulic project that diverts water for 18 agricultural irrigation or stock watering purposes, 19 when the hydraulic project or other work is associated with stream bank 20 21 stabilization to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020, the burden is on the department to show that changed 22 conditions warrant the modification in order to protect fish life. 23

(((11))) (12) A permittee may request modification of a permit 24 25 due to changed conditions. The request must be processed within forty-five calendar days of receipt of the written request and 26 payment of applicable fees under RCW 77.55.321. A decision by the 27 department is appealable as provided in subsection (8) of this 28 section. For a hydraulic project that diverts water for agricultural 29 irrigation or stock watering purposes, when the hydraulic project or 30 31 other work is associated with stream bank stabilization to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020, the burden is 32 on the permittee to show that changed conditions warrant the 33 requested modification and that such a modification will not impair 34 fish life. 35

36 (((12))) (13)(a) The department, the county legislative 37 authority, or the governor may declare and continue an emergency. If 38 the county legislative authority declares an emergency under this 39 subsection, it shall immediately notify the department. A declared state of emergency by the governor under RCW 43.06.010 shall
 constitute a declaration under this subsection.

(b) The department, through its authorized representatives, shall 3 issue immediately, upon request, verbal approval for a stream 4 5 crossing, or work to remove any obstructions, repair existing 6 structures, restore stream banks, protect fish life, or protect property threatened by the stream or a change in the streamflow 7 without the necessity of obtaining a written permit prior to 8 commencing work. Conditions of the emergency verbal permit must be 9 reduced to writing within thirty days and complied with as provided 10 11 for in this chapter.

12 (c) The department may not require the provisions of the state 13 environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, to be met as a 14 condition of issuing a permit under this subsection.

15 (d) The department may not charge a person requesting an 16 emergency permit any of the fees authorized by RCW 77.55.321 until 17 after the emergency permit is issued and reduced to writing.

18 (((13))) (14) All state and local agencies with authority under this chapter to issue permits or other authorizations in connection 19 with emergency water withdrawals and facilities authorized under RCW 20 shall expedite the processing of such permits 21 43.83B.410 or authorizations in keeping with the emergency nature of such requests 22 and shall provide a decision to the applicant within fifteen calendar 23 days of the date of application. 24

25 (((14))) (15) The department or the county legislative authority 26 may determine an imminent danger exists. The county legislative authority shall notify the department, in writing, if it determines 27 28 that an imminent danger exists. In cases of imminent danger, the 29 department shall issue an expedited written permit, upon request, for work to remove any obstructions, repair existing structures, restore 30 banks, protect fish resources, or protect property. Expedited permit 31 32 requests require a complete written application as provided in subsection (2) of this section and must be issued within fifteen 33 calendar days of the receipt of a complete written application. 34 Approval of an expedited permit is valid for up to sixty days from 35 36 the date of issuance. The department may not require the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, to be met 37 as a condition of issuing a permit under this subsection. 38

39 (((15))) (16)(a) For any property, except for property located on 40 a marine shoreline, that has experienced at least two consecutive

1 years of flooding or erosion that has damaged or has threatened to damage a major structure, water supply system, septic system, or 2 access to any road or highway, the county legislative authority may 3 determine that a chronic danger exists. The county legislative 4 authority shall notify the department, in writing, when it determines 5 6 that a chronic danger exists. In cases of chronic danger, the 7 department shall issue a permit, upon request, for work necessary to abate the chronic danger by removing any obstructions, repairing 8 existing structures, restoring banks, restoring road or highway 9 access, protecting fish resources, or protecting property. Permit 10 11 requests must be made and processed in accordance with subsections 12 (2) and (7) of this section.

(b) Any projects proposed to address a chronic danger identified under (a) of this subsection that satisfies the project description identified in RCW 77.55.181(1)(a)(ii) are not subject to the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW. However, the project is subject to the review process established in RCW 77.55.181(3) as if it were a fish habitat improvement project.

19 ((((16))) <u>(17)</u> The department may issue an expedited written permit in those instances where normal permit processing would result 20 21 in significant hardship for the applicant or unacceptable damage to 22 the environment. Expedited permit requests require a complete written application as provided in subsection (2) of this section and must be 23 issued within fifteen calendar days of the receipt of a complete 24 25 written application. Approval of an expedited permit is valid for up 26 to sixty days from the date of issuance. The department may not require the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 27 43.21C RCW, to be met as a condition of issuing a permit under this 28 29 subsection.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 706. A new section is added to chapter 90.76 31 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All decisions on license applications under this chapter must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the application.

37 (2) If the license application is denied either within or after 38 the ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in 39 the appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the

1 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 2 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 3 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 4 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

5 **Sec. 707.** RCW 78.44.081 and 1997 c 192 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

(1) After July 1, 1993, no miner or permit holder may engage in 7 surface mining without having first obtained a reclamation permit 8 from the department. Operating permits issued by the department 9 between January 1, 1971, and June 30, 1993, shall be considered 10 reclamation permits. A separate permit shall be required for each 11 noncontiguous surface mine. The reclamation permit shall consist of 12 13 the permit forms and any exhibits attached thereto. The permit holder shall comply with the provisions of the reclamation permit unless 14 15 waived and explained in writing by the department.

16 (2) Prior to receiving a reclamation permit, an applicant must 17 submit an application on forms provided by the department that shall 18 contain the following information and shall be considered part of the 19 reclamation permit:

20 (((+1))) (a) Name and address of the legal landowner, or purchaser 21 of the land under a real estate contract;

(((2))) (b) The name of the applicant and, if the applicants are corporations or other business entities, the names and addresses of their principal officers and resident agent for service of process;

25 (((3))) <u>(c)</u> A reasonably accurate description of the minerals to 26 be surface mined;

27

(((4))) (d) Type of surface mining to be performed;

28 (((5))) <u>(e)</u> Estimated starting date, date of completion, and date 29 of completed reclamation of surface mining;

30 ((((6))) <u>(f)</u> Size and legal description of the permit area and 31 maximum lateral and vertical extent of the disturbed area;

32 (((7))) (g) Expected area to be disturbed by surface mining 33 during (((a))) (i) the next twelve months, and (((b))) (ii) the 34 following twenty-four months;

35 36 (((8))) <u>(h)</u> Any applicable SEPA documents; and

(((9))) (i) Other pertinent data as required by the department.

37 <u>(3)</u> The reclamation permit shall be granted for the period 38 required to deplete essentially all minerals identified in the 39 reclamation permit on the land covered by the reclamation plan. The reclamation permit shall be valid until the reclamation is complete
 unless the permit is canceled by the department.

3 <u>(4)(a) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be</u> 4 <u>completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety</u> 5 <u>days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not</u> 6 <u>satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate</u> 7 <u>superior court requesting court approval of the application.</u>

8 (b) If the application is denied either within or after the 9 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 10 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 11 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 12 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 13 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 14 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 708. A new section is added to chapter 18.104
16 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the application.

(2) If the application is denied either within or after the 22 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 23 24 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 25 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 26 27 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies. 28

29 **Sec. 709.** RCW 86.16.025 and 1995 c 8 s 4 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

(1) Subject to RCW 43.21A.068, with respect to such features as 31 may affect flood conditions, the department shall have authority to 32 examine, approve, or reject designs and plans for any structure or 33 34 works, public or private, to be erected or built or to be reconstructed or modified upon the banks or in or over the channel or 35 over and across the floodway of any stream or body of water in this 36 37 state.

1 (2)(a) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be 2 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 3 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 4 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 5 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

6 (b) If the application is denied either within or after the 7 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 8 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 9 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 10 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 11 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 12 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

13 **Sec. 710.** RCW 70.95.205 and 1998 c 36 s 18 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

15 (1) Waste-derived soil amendments that meet the standards and 16 criteria in this section may apply for exemption from solid waste 17 permitting as required under RCW 70.95.170. The application shall be 18 submitted to the department in a format determined by the department 19 or an equivalent format. The application shall include:

(a) Analytical data showing that the waste-derived soil
 amendments meet standards established under RCW 15.54.800; and

(b) Other information deemed appropriate by the department toprotect human health and the environment.

24 (2) After receipt of an application, the department shall review it to determine whether the application is complete, and forward a 25 copy of the complete application to all interested jurisdictional 26 27 health departments for review and comment. Within forty-five days, the jurisdictional health departments shall forward their comments 28 and any other information they deem relevant to the department, which 29 30 shall then give final approval or disapproval of the application. 31 Every complete application shall be approved or disapproved by the department within ninety days after receipt. If the ninety-day 32 deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the 33 appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the 34 application. If the application is denied either within or after the 35 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 36 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 37 38 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 39 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal

procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are
 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

3 (3) The department, after providing opportunity for comments from 4 the jurisdictional health departments, may at any time revoke an 5 exemption granted under this section if the quality or use of the 6 waste-derived soil amendment changes or the management, storage, or 7 end use of the waste-derived soil amendment constitutes a threat to 8 human health or the environment.

9 (4) Any aggrieved party may appeal the determination by the 10 department in subsection (2) or (3) of this section to the pollution 11 control hearings board.

12 **Sec. 711.** RCW 15.54.820 and 1998 c 36 s 16 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

14 (1) After receipt from the department of the completed 15 application required by RCW 15.54.325, the department of ecology 16 shall evaluate whether the use of the proposed waste-derived 17 fertilizer or the micronutrient fertilizer as defined in RCW 18 15.54.270 is consistent with the following:

19 20 (a) Chapter 70.95 RCW, the solid waste management act;

(b) Chapter 70.105 RCW, the hazardous waste management act; and

21 (c) 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6901 et seq., the resource conservation and 22 recovery act.

(2) The department of ecology shall apply the standards adopted
in RCW 15.54.800. If more stringent standards apply under chapter
173-303 WAC for the same constituents, the department of ecology must
use the more stringent standards.

(3) Within sixty days of receiving the completed application, the department of ecology shall advise the department as to whether the application complies with the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section. In making a determination, the department of ecology shall consult with the department of health and the department of labor and industries.

33 (4) A party aggrieved by a decision of the department of ecology 34 to issue a written approval under this section or to deny the 35 issuance of such an approval may appeal the decision to the pollution 36 control hearings board within thirty days of the decision. Review of 37 such a decision shall be conducted in accordance with <u>either</u> 38 subsection (5) of this section or with chapter 43.21B RCW((-)), with 1 <u>any</u> subsequent appeal of a decision of the hearings board ((shall 2 be)) obtained in accordance with RCW 43.21B.180.

3 (5)(a) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be 4 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 5 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 6 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 7 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

8 (b) If the application is denied either within or after the 9 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 10 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 11 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 12 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 13 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 14 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

15 **Sec. 712.** RCW 43.21C.033 and 1995 c 347 s 422 are each amended 16 to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the 17 18 responsible official shall make a threshold determination on a completed application within ninety days after the application and 19 20 supporting documentation are complete. The applicant may request an 21 additional thirty days for the threshold determination. The 22 entity responsible for making governmental the threshold shall by rule, resolution, or 23 determination ordinance adopt 24 standards, consistent with rules adopted by the department to implement this chapter, for determining when an application and 25 supporting documentation are complete. 26

27 (b) If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting court 28 29 approval of the application. If the application is denied either within or after the ninety-day decision period, the applicant may 30 31 file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, 32 and as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing 33 appeal procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal 34 authority are deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies. 35

36 (2) <u>Subsection (1)(a) of this section shall not apply to a city</u>, 37 town, or county that: 1 (a) By ordinance adopted prior to April 1, 1992, has adopted 2 procedures to integrate permit and land use decisions with the 3 requirements of this chapter; or

4 (b) Is planning under RCW 36.70A.040 ((and is subject to the
5 requirements of RCW 36.70B.090)).

6 **Sec. 713.** RCW 77.115.040 and 2011 c 339 s 37 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

(1) All aquatic farmers, as defined in RCW 15.85.020, shall 8 9 register with the department. The application fee is one hundred five dollars. The director shall assign each aquatic farm a unique 10 11 registration number and develop and maintain in an electronic database a registration list of all aquaculture farms. The department 12 shall establish procedures to annually update the aquatic farmer 13 information contained in the registration list. The department shall 14 15 coordinate with the department of health using shellfish growing area 16 certification data when updating the registration list.

17 (2)(a) All decisions on registrations under this chapter must be 18 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 19 days of submitting the registrations. If the ninety-day deadline is 20 not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 21 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

(b) If the application is denied either within or after the ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

29 <u>(3)</u> Registered aquaculture farms shall provide the department 30 with the following information:

31

(a) The name of the aquatic farmer;

32 (b) The address of the aquatic farmer;

33 (c) Contact information such as telephone, fax, web site, and e-34 mail address, if available;

35 (d) The number and location of acres under cultivation, including36 a map displaying the location of the cultivated acres;

37 (e) The name of the landowner of the property being cultivated or38 otherwise used in the aquatic farming operation;

(f) The private sector cultured aquatic product being propagated,
 farmed, or cultivated; and

3 (g) Statistical production data.

4 (((3))) <u>(4)</u> The state veterinarian shall be provided with 5 registration and statistical data by the department.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 714. A new section is added to chapter 69.30 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 (1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be 9 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 10 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 11 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 12 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

(2) If the application is denied either within or after the 13 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 14 15 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 16 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 17 18 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies. 19

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 715. A new section is added to chapter 90.64 21 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the application.

(2) If the application is denied either within or after the 27 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 28 29 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 30 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 31 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 32 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies. 33

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 716. A new section is added to chapter 15.58 35 RCW to read as follows:

36 (1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be 37 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 1 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 2 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 3 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

(2) If the application is denied either within or after the 4 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 5 6 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 7 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 8 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 9 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies. 10

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 717. A new section is added to chapter 17.21
12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the application.

(2) If the application is denied either within or after the 18 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 19 20 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and 21 as an alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 22 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 23 24 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

25 **Sec. 718.** RCW 16.65.030 and 2003 c 326 s 65 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

(1) No person shall operate a public livestock market without first having obtained a license from the director. Application for a license shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the director, and shall include the following:

31 (a) A nonrefundable original license application fee of two 32 thousand dollars.

33 (b) A legal description of the property upon which the public34 livestock market shall be located.

35 (c) A complete description and blueprints or plans of the public 36 livestock market physical plant, yards, pens, and all facilities the 37 applicant proposes to use in the operation of such public livestock 38 market.

1 (d) A financial statement, audited by a certified or licensed public accountant, to determine whether or not the applicant meets 2 the minimum net worth requirements, established by the director by 3 rule, to construct and/or operate a public livestock market. If the 4 applicant is a subsidiary of a larger company, corporation, society, 5 6 or cooperative association, both the parent company and the 7 subsidiary company must submit a financial statement to determine whether or not the applicant meets the minimum net worth 8 requirements. All financial statement information required by this 9 subsection is confidential information and not subject to public 10 disclosure. 11

(e) The schedule of rates and charges the applicant proposes to impose on the owners of livestock for services rendered in the operation of such livestock market.

(f) The weekly or monthly sales day or days on which the applicant proposes to operate his or her public livestock market sales and the class of livestock that may be sold on these days.

18 (g) Projected source and quantity of livestock anticipated to be 19 handled.

(h) Projected gross dollar volume of business to be carried on,
at, or through the public livestock market during the first year's
operation.

(i) Facts upon which is based the conclusion that the trade area and the livestock industry will benefit because of the proposed market.

26

(j) Other information as the director may require by rule.

(2) If the director determines that the applicant meets all the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the director shall conduct a public hearing as provided by chapter 34.05 RCW, and shall grant or deny an application for original license for a public livestock market after considering evidence and testimony relating to the requirements of this section and giving reasonable consideration to:

34 (a) Benefits to the livestock industry to be derived from the
 35 establishment and operation of the public livestock market proposed
 36 in the application;

37 (b) The geographical area that will be affected;

38 (c) The conflict, if any, with sales days already allocated in 39 the area; (d) The amount and class of livestock available for marketing in
 the area;

3 (e) Buyers available to the proposed market; and

4 (f) Any other conditions affecting the orderly marketing of 5 livestock.

6 (3) Before a license is issued to operate a public livestock 7 market, the applicant must:

8 (a) Execute and deliver to the director a surety bond as required 9 under RCW 16.65.200;

10 (b) Provide evidence of a custodial account, as required under 11 RCW 16.65.140, for the consignor's proceeds;

(c) Pay the appropriate license fee; and

12

(d) Provide other information required under this chapter andrules adopted under this chapter.

15 (4)(a) All decisions under this section must be completed and the 16 decision returned to the applicant within ninety days of submitting 17 the registrations. If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the 18 applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court 19 requesting court approval of the application.

20 <u>(b) If the application is denied either within or after the</u> 21 <u>ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the</u> 22 <u>appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the</u> 23 <u>decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an</u> 24 <u>alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal</u> 25 <u>procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are</u> 26 <u>deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.</u>

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 719. A new section is added to chapter 70.95J 28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All decisions on applications under this chapter must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the application.

34 (2) If the application is denied either within or after the 35 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 36 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 37 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 38 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are
 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

3 Sec. 720. RCW 70.119A.110 and 2011 c 102 s 1 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) No person may operate a group A public water system unless 6 the person first submits an application to the department and 7 receives an operating permit as provided in this section. A new 8 application must be submitted upon any change in ownership of the 9 system.

10 (2) The department may require that each application include the 11 information that is reasonable and necessary to determine that the 12 system complies with applicable standards and requirements of the 13 federal safe drinking water act, state law, and rules adopted by the 14 department or by the state board of health.

15 (3)(a) Following its review of the application, its supporting 16 material, and any information received by the department in its investigation of the application, the department shall issue or deny 17 18 the operating permit. The department shall act on initial permit applications as expeditiously as possible, and shall in all cases 19 either grant or deny the application within ((one hundred twenty)) 20 21 ninety days of receipt of the application or of any supplemental information required to complete the application. 22

23 (b) The applicant for a permit shall be entitled to <u>two different</u> 24 <u>appeals pathways:</u>

25 (i) The applicant may file an appeal in accordance with chapter 26 34.05 RCW if the department denies the initial or subsequent 27 applications or imposes conditions or requirements upon the operator. 28 Any operator of a public water system that requests a hearing may 29 continue to operate the system until a decision is issued after the 30 hearing.

31 (ii) In the alternative, if the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 32 superior court requesting court approval of the application. If the 33 application is denied either within or after the ninety-day decision 34 period, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior 35 court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This subsection 36 applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any other 37 38 provision of law establishing appeal procedures. Applicants choosing

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1 to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have satisfied all 2 administrative remedies.

(4) At the time of initial permit application or at the time of 3 permit renewal the department may impose such permit conditions, 4 requirements for system improvements, and compliance schedules as it 5 6 determines are reasonable and necessary to ensure that the system 7 will provide a safe and reliable water supply to its users.

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(5) Operating permits shall be issued for a term of one year, and shall be renewed annually, unless the operator fails to apply for a 9 new permit or the department finds good cause to deny the application 10 11 for renewal.

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(6) Each application shall be accompanied by an annual fee.

(7) The department shall adopt rules, in accordance with chapter 13 14 34.05 RCW, necessary to implement this section.

(8) The department shall establish by rule categories of annual 15 operating permit fees based on system size, complexity, and number of 16 17 service connections. Fees charged must be sufficient to cover, but may not exceed, the costs to the department of administering a 18 program for safe and reliable drinking water. The department shall 19 use operating permit fees to monitor and enforce compliance by group 20 21 A public water systems with state and federal laws that govern planning, water use efficiency, design, construction, operation, 22 maintenance, financing, management, and emergency response. 23

(9) The annual per-connection fee may not exceed one dollar and 24 fifty cents. The department shall phase-in implementation of any 25 26 annual fee increase greater than ten percent, and shall establish the 27 schedule for implementation by rule. Rules established by the department prior to 2020 must limit the annual operating permit fee 28 29 for any public water system to no greater than one hundred thousand 30 dollars.

31 (10) The department shall notify existing public water systems of the requirements of RCW 70.119A.030, 70.119A.060, and this section at 32 least one hundred twenty days prior to the date that an application 33 for a permit is required pursuant to RCW 70.119A.030, 70.119A.060, 34 and this section. 35

36 (11) The department shall issue one operating permit to any approved satellite system management agency. Operating permit fees 37 for approved satellite system management agencies must be established 38 by the department by rule. Rules established by the department must 39

set a single fee based on the total number of connections for all
 group A public water systems owned by a satellite management agency.

3 (12) For purposes of this section, "group A public water system" 4 and "system" mean those water systems with fifteen or more service 5 connections, regardless of the number of people; or a system serving 6 an average of twenty-five or more people per day for sixty or more 7 days within a calendar year, regardless of the number of service 8 connections.

9 Sec. 721. RCW 90.03.350 and 1995 c 8 s 6 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

11 (1) Except as provided in RCW 43.21A.068, any person, corporation or association intending to construct or modify any dam or 12 13 controlling works for the storage of ten acre feet or more of water, shall before beginning said construction or modification, submit 14 15 plans and specifications of the same to the department for 16 examination and its safety. Such approval as to plans and specifications shall be submitted in duplicate, one copy of which 17 shall be retained as a public record, by the department, and the 18 other returned with its approval or rejection endorsed thereon. No 19 20 such dam or controlling works shall be constructed or modified until the same or any modification thereof shall have been approved as to 21 its safety by the department. Any such dam or controlling works 22 constructed or modified in any manner other than in accordance with 23 24 plans and specifications approved by the department or which shall not be maintained in accordance with the order of the department 25 shall be presumed to be a public nuisance and may be abated in the 26 27 manner provided by law, and it shall be the duty of the attorney general or prosecuting attorney of the county wherein such dam or 28 controlling works, or the major portion thereof, is situated to 29 30 institute abatement proceedings against the owner or owners of such dam or controlling works, whenever he or she is requested to do so by 31 the department. 32

(2) A metals mining and milling operation regulated under chapter 33 232, Laws of 1994 is subject to additional dam safety inspection 34 35 requirements due to the special hazards associated with failure of a pond impoundment. The department shall inspect these 36 tailings 37 impoundments at least quarterly during the project's operation and at least annually thereafter for the postclosure monitoring period in 38 order to ensure the safety of the dam or controlling works. The 39

1 department shall conduct additional inspections as needed during the 2 construction phase of the mining operation in order to ensure the 3 safe construction of the tailings impoundment.

4 (3)(a) All decisions on plan applications under this section must
5 be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety
6 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not
7 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate
8 superior court requesting court approval of the application.

9 (b) If the application is denied either within or after the 10 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 11 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 12 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 13 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 14 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 15 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

16 **Sec. 722.** RCW 90.03.370 and 2003 c 329 s 1 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

18 (1)(a) All applications for reservoir permits are subject to the provisions of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320. But the party or 19 20 parties proposing to apply to a beneficial use the water stored in any such reservoir shall also file an application for a permit, to be 21 known as the secondary permit, which shall be in compliance with the 22 provisions of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320. Such 23 secondary 24 application shall refer to such reservoir as its source of water 25 supply and shall show documentary evidence that an agreement has been entered into with the owners of the reservoir for a permanent and 26 27 sufficient interest in said reservoir to impound enough water for the purposes set forth in said application. When the beneficial use has 28 been completed and perfected under the secondary permit, the 29 30 department shall take the proof of the water users under such permit 31 and the final certificate of appropriation shall refer to both the ditch and works described in the secondary permit and the reservoir 32 described in the primary permit. The department may accept for 33 processing a single application form covering both a proposed 34 35 reservoir and a proposed secondary permit or permits for use of water from that reservoir. 36

37 (b) The department shall expedite processing applications for the38 following types of storage proposals:

(i) Development of storage facilities that will not require a new
 water right for diversion or withdrawal of the water to be stored;

3 (ii) Adding or changing one or more purposes of use of stored 4 water;

5 (iii) Adding to the storage capacity of an existing storage 6 facility; and

7 (iv) Applications for secondary permits to secure use from 8 existing storage facilities.

9 (c) A secondary permit for the beneficial use of water shall not 10 be required for use of water stored in a reservoir where the water 11 right for the source of the stored water authorizes the beneficial 12 use.

(2)(a) All decisions on applications under this section must be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate superior court requesting court approval of the application.

18 (b) If the application is denied either within or after the 19 ninety-day decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the 20 appropriate superior court requesting the court to overturn the 21 decision. This subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an 22 alternative to, any other provision of law establishing appeal 23 procedures. Applicants choosing to utilize this appeal authority are 24 deemed to have satisfied all administrative remedies.

25 (3)(a) For the purposes of this section, "reservoir" includes, in 26 addition to any surface reservoir, any naturally occurring underground geological formation where water is collected and stored 27 28 for subsequent use as part of an underground artificial storage and recovery project. To qualify for issuance of a reservoir permit an 29 underground geological formation must meet standards for review and 30 31 mitigation of adverse impacts identified, for the following issues:

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(i) Aquifer vulnerability and hydraulic continuity;

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(ii) Potential impairment of existing water rights;

34 (iii) Geotechnical impacts and aquifer boundaries and 35 characteristics;

36 (iv) Chemical compatibility of surface waters and groundwater;

(v) Recharge and recovery treatment requirements;

38 (vi) System operation;

39 (vii) Water rights and ownership of water stored for recovery; 40 and 1

(viii) Environmental impacts.

(b) Standards for review and standards for mitigation of adverse 2 impacts for an underground artificial storage and recovery project 3 shall be established by the department by rule. Notwithstanding the 4 provisions of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320, analysis of each 5 6 underground artificial storage and recovery project and each underground geological formation for which an applicant seeks the 7 status of a reservoir shall be through applicant-initiated studies 8 9 reviewed by the department.

(((3))) (4) For the purposes of this section, "underground" 10 11 artificial storage and recovery project" means any project in which 12 it is intended to artificially store water in the ground through injection, surface spreading and infiltration, or other department-13 approved method, and to make subsequent use of the stored water. 14 However, (a) this subsection does not apply to irrigation return 15 16 flow, or to operational and seepage losses that occur during the 17 irrigation of land, or to water that is artificially stored due to 18 the construction, operation, or maintenance of an irrigation district 19 project, or to projects involving water reclaimed in accordance with chapter 90.46 RCW; and (b) RCW 90.44.130 applies to those instances 20 of claimed artificial recharge occurring due to the construction, 21 operation, or maintenance of an irrigation district project or 22 operational and seepage losses that occur during the irrigation of 23 land, as well as other forms of claimed artificial recharge already 24 25 existing at the time a groundwater subarea is established.

(((4))) (5) Nothing in chapter 98, Laws of 2000 changes the requirements of existing law governing issuance of permits to appropriate or withdraw the waters of the state.

29 (((5))) (6) The department shall report to the legislature by 30 December 31, 2001, on the standards for review and standards for 31 mitigation developed under subsection (((3))) (4) of this section and 32 on the status of any applications that have been filed with the 33 department for underground artificial storage and recovery projects 34 by that date.

(((6))) (7) Where needed to ensure that existing storage capacity is effectively and efficiently used to meet multiple purposes, the department may authorize reservoirs to be filled more than once per year or more than once per season of use.

39 (((7))) (8) This section does not apply to facilities to 40 recapture and reuse return flow from irrigation operations serving a 1 single farm under an existing water right as long as the acreage 2 irrigated is not increased beyond the acreage allowed to be irrigated 3 under the water right.

(((+8))) (9) In addition to the facilities exempted under 4 subsection $\left(\left(\frac{7}{7}\right)\right)$ <u>(8)</u> of this section, this section does not apply 5 б to small irrigation impoundments. For purposes of this section, 7 "small irrigation impoundments" means lined surface storage ponds less than ten acre feet in volume used to impound irrigation water 8 under an existing water right where use of the impoundment: (a)(i) 9 Facilitates efficient use of water; or (ii) promotes compliance with 10 11 an approved recovery plan for endangered or threatened species; and 12 (b) does not expand the number of acres irrigated or the annual consumptive quantity of water used. Such ponds must be lined unless a 13 licensed engineer determines that a liner is not needed to retain 14 water in the pond and to prevent groundwater contamination. Although 15 16 it may also be composed of other materials, a properly maintained 17 liner may be composed of bentonite. Water remaining in a small irrigation impoundment at the end of an irrigation season may be 18 carried over for use in the next season. However, the limitations of 19 20 this subsection $\left(\left(\frac{8}{8}\right)\right)$ (9) apply. Development and use of a small 21 irrigation impoundment does not constitute a change or amendment for 22 purposes of RCW 90.03.380 or 90.44.055.

23 **Sec. 723.** RCW 90.58.140 and 2012 c 84 s 2 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

(1) A development shall not be undertaken on the shorelines of the state unless it is consistent with the policy of this chapter and, after adoption or approval, as appropriate, the applicable guidelines, rules, or master program.

(2) A substantial development shall not be undertaken on shorelines of the state without first obtaining a permit from the government entity having administrative jurisdiction under this chapter.

33 A permit shall be granted:

(a) From June 1, 1971, until such time as an applicable master program has become effective, only when the development proposed is consistent with: (i) The policy of RCW 90.58.020; and (ii) after their adoption, the guidelines and rules of the department; and (iii) so far as can be ascertained, the master program being developed for the area; 1 (b) After adoption or approval, as appropriate, by the department 2 of an applicable master program, only when the development proposed 3 is consistent with the applicable master program and this chapter.

4 (3) The local government shall establish a program, consistent 5 with rules adopted by the department, for the administration and 6 enforcement of the permit system provided in this section. The 7 administration of the system so established shall be performed 8 exclusively by the local government.

9 (4) Except as otherwise specifically provided in subsection (11) 10 of this section, the local government shall require notification of 11 the public of all applications for permits governed by any permit 12 system established pursuant to subsection (3) of this section by 13 ensuring that notice of the application is given by at least one of 14 the following methods:

15 (a) Mailing of the notice to the latest recorded real property 16 owners as shown by the records of the county assessor within at least 17 three hundred feet of the boundary of the property upon which the 18 substantial development is proposed;

(b) Posting of the notice in a conspicuous manner on the propertyupon which the project is to be constructed; or

(c) Any other manner deemed appropriate by local authorities to accomplish the objectives of reasonable notice to adjacent landowners and the public.

The notices shall include a statement that any person desiring to 24 25 submit written comments concerning an application, or desiring to receive notification of the final decision concerning an application 26 as expeditiously as possible after the issuance of the decision, may 27 submit the comments or requests for decisions to the local government 28 within thirty days of the last date the notice is to be published 29 pursuant to this subsection. The local government shall forward, in a 30 31 timely manner following the issuance of a decision, a copy of the 32 decision to each person who submits a request for the decision.

If a hearing is to be held on an application, notices of such a hearing shall include a statement that any person may submit oral or written comments on an application at the hearing.

36 (5) The system shall include provisions to assure that construction pursuant to a permit will not begin or be authorized 37 until twenty-one days from the date the permit decision was filed as 38 39 provided in subsection (6) of this section; or until all review 40 proceedings are terminated if the proceedings were initiated within

1 twenty-one days from the date of filing as defined in subsection (6)
2 of this section except as follows:

(a) In the case of any permit issued to the state of Washington,
department of transportation, for the construction and modification
of SR 90 (I-90) on or adjacent to Lake Washington, the construction
may begin after thirty days from the date of filing, and the permits
are valid until December 31, 1995;

(b)(i) In the case of any permit or decision to issue any permit 8 to the state of Washington, department of transportation, for the 9 replacement of the floating bridge and landings of the state route 10 11 number 520 Evergreen Point bridge on or adjacent to Lake Washington, 12 the construction may begin twenty-one days from the date of filing. Any substantial development permit granted for the floating bridge 13 and landings is deemed to have been granted on the date that the 14 local government's decision to grant the permit is issued. This 15 16 authorization to construct is limited to only those elements of the 17 floating bridge and landings that do not preclude the department of transportation's selection of a four-lane alternative for state route 18 19 number 520 between Interstate 5 and Medina. Additionally, the Washington state department of transportation shall not engage in or 20 21 contract for any construction on any portion of state route number 520 between Interstate 5 and the western landing of the floating 22 bridge until the legislature has authorized the imposition of tolls 23 on the Interstate 90 floating bridge and/or other funding sufficient 24 25 to complete construction of the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV program. For the purposes of this subsection 26 (5)(b), the "western landing of the floating bridge" means the least 27 amount of new construction necessary to connect the new floating 28 bridge to the existing state route number 520 and anchor the west end 29 of the new floating bridge; 30

(ii) Nothing in this subsection (5)(b) precludes the shorelines hearings board from concluding that the project or any element of the project is inconsistent with the goals and policies of the shoreline management act or the local shoreline master program;

(iii) This subsection (5)(b) applies retroactively to any appeals
filed after January 1, 2012, and to any appeals filed on or after
March 23, 2012, and expires June 30, 2014.

38 (c) Except as authorized in (b) of this subsection, construction 39 may be commenced no sooner than thirty days after the date of the 40 appeal of the board's decision is filed if a permit is granted by the

local government and (i) the granting of the permit is appealed to 1 the shorelines hearings board within twenty-one days of the date of 2 filing, (ii) the hearings board approves the granting of the permit 3 by the local government or approves a portion of the substantial 4 development for which the local government issued the permit, and 5 б (iii) an appeal for judicial review of the hearings board decision is 7 filed pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW. The appellant may request, within ten days of the filing of the appeal with the court, a hearing 8 before the court to determine whether construction pursuant to the 9 permit approved by the hearings board or to a revised permit issued 10 11 pursuant to the order of the hearings board should not commence. If, 12 at the conclusion of the hearing, the court finds that construction pursuant to such a permit would involve a significant, irreversible 13 14 damaging of the environment, the court shall prohibit the permittee from commencing the construction pursuant to the approved or revised 15 16 permit until all review proceedings are final. Construction pursuant 17 to a permit revised at the direction of the hearings board may begin only on that portion of the substantial development for which the 18 local government had originally issued the permit, and construction 19 pursuant to such a revised permit on other portions of the 20 21 substantial development may not begin until after all review proceedings are terminated. In such a hearing before the court, the 22 burden of proving whether the construction may involve significant 23 irreversible damage to the environment and demonstrating whether such 24 25 construction would or would not be appropriate is on the appellant;

(d) Except as authorized in (b) of this subsection, if the permit is for a substantial development meeting the requirements of subsection (11) of this section, construction pursuant to that permit may not begin or be authorized until twenty-one days from the date the permit decision was filed as provided in subsection (6) of this section.

If a permittee begins construction pursuant to (a), (b), (c), or 32 (d) of this subsection, the construction is begun at the permittee's 33 own risk. If, as a result of judicial review, the courts order the 34 removal of any portion of the construction or the restoration of any 35 36 portion of the environment involved or require the alteration of any portion of a substantial development constructed pursuant to a 37 permit, the permittee is barred from recovering damages or costs 38 39 involved in adhering to such requirements from the local government

1 that granted the permit, the hearings board, or any appellant or 2 intervener.

3 (6) Any decision on an application for a permit under the 4 authority of this section, whether it is an approval or a denial, 5 shall, concurrently with the transmittal of the ruling to the 6 applicant, be filed with the department and the attorney general. 7 This shall be accomplished by return receipt requested mail. A 8 petition for review of such a decision must be commenced within 9 twenty-one days from the date of filing of the decision.

10 (a) With regard to a permit other than a permit governed by 11 subsection (10) of this section, "date of filing" as used in this 12 section refers to the date of actual receipt by the department of the 13 local government's decision.

(b) With regard to a permit for a variance or a conditional use governed by subsection (10) of this section, "date of filing" means the date the decision of the department is transmitted by the department to the local government.

18 (c) When a local government simultaneously transmits to the 19 department its decision on a shoreline substantial development with 20 its approval of either a shoreline conditional use permit or 21 variance, or both, "date of filing" has the same meaning as defined 22 in (b) of this subsection.

(d) The department shall notify in writing the local government and the applicant of the date of filing by telephone or electronic means, followed by written communication as necessary, to ensure that the applicant has received the full written decision.

(7) Applicants for permits under this section have the burden of proving that a proposed substantial development is consistent with the criteria that must be met before a permit is granted. In any review of the granting or denial of an application for a permit as provided in RCW 90.58.180 (1) and (2), the person requesting the review has the burden of proof.

(8) Any permit may, after a hearing with adequate notice to the 33 permittee and the public, be rescinded by the issuing authority upon 34 the finding that a permittee has not complied with conditions of a 35 permit. If the department is of the opinion that noncompliance 36 exists, the department shall provide written notice to the local 37 government and the permittee. If the department is of the opinion 38 39 that the noncompliance continues to exist thirty days after the date 40 of the notice, and the local government has taken no action to

1 rescind the permit, the department may petition the hearings board 2 for a rescission of the permit upon written notice of the petition to 3 the local government and the permittee if the request by the 4 department is made to the hearings board within fifteen days of the 5 termination of the thirty-day notice to the local government.

6 (9) The holder of a certification from the governor pursuant to 7 chapter 80.50 RCW shall not be required to obtain a permit under this 8 section.

9 (10) Any permit for a variance or a conditional use issued with 10 approval by a local government under their approved master program 11 must be submitted to the department for its approval or disapproval.

12 (11)(a) An application for a substantial development permit for a 13 limited utility extension or for the construction of a bulkhead or 14 other measures to protect a single-family residence and its 15 appurtenant structures from shoreline erosion shall be subject to the 16 following procedures:

(i) The public comment period under subsection (4) of this section shall be twenty days. The notice provided under subsection (4) of this section shall state the manner in which the public may obtain a copy of the local government decision on the application no later than two days following its issuance;

(ii) The local government shall issue its decision to grant or deny the permit within twenty-one days of the last day of the comment period specified in (a)(i) of this subsection; and

(iii) If there is an appeal of the decision to grant or deny the permit to the local government legislative authority, the appeal shall be finally determined by the legislative authority within thirty days.

(b) For purposes of this section, a limited utility extensionmeans the extension of a utility service that:

(i) Is categorically exempt under chapter 43.21C RCW for one or more of the following: Natural gas, electricity, telephone, water, or sewer;

34 (ii) Will serve an existing use in compliance with this chapter; 35 and

36 (iii) Will not extend more than twenty-five hundred linear feet 37 within the shorelines of the state.

38 (12)(a) All decisions on permits under this section must be 39 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 40 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not

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1 <u>satisfied</u>, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate
2 <u>superior court requesting court approval of the permit.</u>

3 (b) If the permit is denied either within or after the ninety-day 4 decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 5 superior court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This 6 subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any 7 other provision of law establishing appeal procedures. Applicants 8 choosing to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have 9 satisfied all administrative remedies.

10 **Sec. 724.** RCW 70.118B.030 and 2007 c 343 s 4 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

(1) A person may not install or operate a large on-site sewage system without an operating permit as provided in this chapter after July 1, 2009. The owner of the system is responsible for obtaining a permit.

16 (2) The department shall issue operating permits in accordance 17 with the rules adopted under RCW 70.118B.040.

18 (3) The department shall ensure the system meets all applicable 19 siting, design, construction, and installation requirements prior to 20 issuing an initial operating permit. Prior to renewing an operating 21 permit, the department may review the performance of the system to 22 determine compliance with rules and any permit conditions.

(4) At the time of initial permit application or at the time of permit renewal the department shall impose those permit conditions, requirements for system improvements, and compliance schedules as it determines are reasonable and necessary to ensure that the system will be operated and maintained properly. Each application must be accompanied by a fee as established in rules adopted by the department.

30 (5) Operating permits shall be issued for a term of one year, and 31 shall be renewed annually, unless the operator fails to apply for a 32 new permit or the department finds good cause to deny the application 33 for renewal.

(6) Each permit may be issued only for the site and owner named
 in the application. Permits are not transferable or assignable except
 with the written approval of the department.

37 (7) The department may deny an application for a permit or 38 modify, suspend, or revoke a permit in any case in which it finds 39 that the permit was obtained by fraud or there is or has been a 1 failure, refusal, or inability to comply with the requirements of 2 this chapter or the standards or rules adopted under this chapter. 3 RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of denial, revocation, suspension, or 4 modification and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding to 5 the permit applicant or permittee.

6 (8) For systems with design flows of more than fourteen thousand five hundred gallons per day, the department shall adopt rules to 7 ensure adequate public notice and opportunity for review and comment 8 on initial large on-site sewage system permit applications and 9 subsequent permit applications to increase the volume of waste 10 disposal or change effluent characteristics. The rules must include 11 12 provisions for notice of final decisions. Methods for providing notice may include electronic mail, posting on the department's 13 internet site, publication in a local newspaper, press releases, 14 mailings, or other means of notification the department determines 15 16 appropriate.

17 (9) A person aggrieved by the issuance of an initial permit, or by the issuance of a subsequent permit to increase the volume of 18 waste disposal or to change effluent characteristics, for systems 19 with design flows of more than fourteen thousand five hundred gallons 20 21 per day, has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The application for an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis 22 for contesting the action, include a copy of the decision, be served 23 on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of receipt 24 25 of notice of the final decision, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt. An adjudicative proceeding conducted under this 26 subsection is governed by chapter 34.05 RCW. 27

(10) Any permit issued by the department of ecology for a large on-site sewage system under chapter 90.48 RCW is valid until it first expires after July 22, 2007. The system owner shall apply for an operating permit at least one hundred twenty days prior to expiration of the department of ecology permit.

(11) Systems required to meet operator certification requirements
 under chapter 70.95B RCW must continue to meet those requirements as
 a condition of the department operating permit.

36 (12)(a) All decisions on permits under this section must be 37 completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 38 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 39 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 40 superior court requesting court approval of the permit. 1 (b) If the permit is denied either within or after the ninety-day 2 decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 3 superior court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This 4 subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any 5 other provision of law establishing appeal procedures. Applicants 6 choosing to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have 7 satisfied all administrative remedies.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 725. A new section is added to chapter 90.66 9 RCW to read as follows:

10 (1) All decisions on permits or transfers under this section must 11 be completed and the decision returned to the applicant within ninety 12 days of submitting the application. If the ninety-day deadline is not 13 satisfied, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 14 superior court requesting court approval of the permit.

15 (2) If the permit is denied either within or after the ninety-day 16 decision period, the applicant may file a motion in the appropriate 17 superior court requesting the court to overturn the decision. This 18 subsection applies notwithstanding, and as an alternative to, any 19 other provision of law establishing appeal procedures. Applicants 20 choosing to utilize this appeal authority are deemed to have 21 satisfied all administrative remedies.

PART VIII

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 801. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 24 RCW to read as follows:

22

(1) Agencies must provide to any business licensed to do business in the state of Washington a period of at least five business days to correct any violation of state law or agency rule before the agency may impose any fines, civil penalties, or administrative sanctions. If no correction is possible, this subsection does not apply.

30 (2) Exceptions to requirements of subsection (1) of this section31 may be made for any of the following reasons:

32 (a) The agency head determines that the effect of the violation 33 or waiver presents a direct danger to the public health, poses a 34 potentially significant threat to human health or safety, or causes 35 serious harm to the public interest; 1 (b) The order is one to cease and desist an activity that 2 violates a statute or rule protecting public health or safety, the 3 environment, or would cause serious harm to the public interest;

4

(c) The violation involves a knowing or willful violation;

5 (d) The violation is of a requirement concerning the assessment, 6 collection, or administration of any tax, tax program, debt, revenue, 7 receipt, a regulated entity's financial filings, or insurance rate or 8 form filing;

9 (e) The requirements in this section are in conflict with federal 10 law or program requirements, federal requirements that are a 11 prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, 12 or the requirements for eligibility of employers in this state for 13 federal unemployment tax credits, as determined by the agency head;

14 (f) The business committing the violation previously violated the 15 exact or substantially similar requirement; or

16 (g) The owner or operator of the business committing the 17 violation owns or operates, or owned or operated a different business 18 that previously violated a substantially similar requirement.

(3) This section does not prohibit an agency from waiving fines,
 civil penalties, or administrative sanctions incurred by a business
 for a violation.

(4) This section may be construed to diminish the responsibility for any citizen or business to apply for and obtain a permit, license, or authorizing document that is required to engage in a regulated activity, or otherwise comply with state or federal law.

26 (5) This section may not be construed to apply to businesses 27 required to provide accurate and complete information and 28 documentation in relation to any claim for payment of state or 29 federal funds or who are licensed or certified to provide care and 30 services to vulnerable adults or children.

31 (6) This section does not affect the attorney general's authority 32 to impose fines, civil penalties, or administrative sanctions as 33 otherwise authorized by law; nor does this section affect the 34 attorney general's authority to enforce the consumer protection act, 35 chapter 19.86 RCW.

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PART IX

37 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 901.** The legislature finds that property 38 owners are finding increasing restrictions placed on their property

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1 in the name of the public good without just compensation. Many 2 government agencies expect the property owner to pay for and accept 3 the burdens placed on them by government statutes, ordinances, 4 regulations, policies, and permitting requirements that provide a 5 benefit to someone other than the property owner at the property 6 owner's expense.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 902. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A
8 RCW to read as follows:

9 (1) Government authorities must provide just compensation to 10 property owners whenever land use ordinances, regulations, or 11 policies adopted pursuant to requirements in this chapter or as part 12 of a land use permitting decision require the property owner to:

(a) Place any form of signage on their property related to
provisions in this chapter or ordinances adopted to comply with this
chapter or associated regulations;

(b) Pay for and place fencing around critical areas, open space,habitat areas, riparian areas, or other property features;

18 (c) Record restrictive covenants, land use designations, or 19 change any legal lot description on the property;

20 (d) Restore vegetation in a location where no vegetation existed 21 during the time the property owner owned the property or vegetation 22 degraded through natural causes;

(e) Make expenditures in furtherance of protecting the functionand values of wetlands;

25 (f) Make any expenditure in furtherance of protecting the 26 function and values of riparian areas; or

27 (g) Grant or set aside easements for public access on the 28 property.

(2) Unless under the authority of a specific statutory requirement, a state agency may not adopt a rule or policy that results in any governmental authority being required to provide just compensation under this section.

33 **Sec. 903.** RCW 36.70B.030 and 1995 c 347 s 404 are each amended 34 to read as follows:

35 (1) Fundamental land use planning choices made in adopted 36 comprehensive plans and development regulations shall serve as the 37 foundation for project review. The review of a proposed project's 38 consistency with applicable development regulations, or in the

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absence of applicable regulations the adopted comprehensive plan,
 under RCW 36.70B.040 shall incorporate the determinations under this
 section.

4 (2) During project review, a local government or any subsequent 5 reviewing body shall determine whether the items listed in this 6 subsection are defined in the development regulations applicable to 7 the proposed project or, in the absence of applicable regulations the 8 adopted comprehensive plan. At a minimum, such applicable regulations 9 or plans shall be determinative of the:

10 (a) Type of land use permitted at the site, including uses that 11 may be allowed under certain circumstances, such as planned unit 12 developments and conditional and special uses, if the criteria for 13 their approval have been satisfied;

14

(b) Density of residential development in urban growth areas; and

15 (c) Availability and adequacy of public facilities identified in 16 the comprehensive plan, if the plan or development regulations 17 provide for funding of these facilities as required by chapter 36.70A 18 RCW.

19 (3) During project review, the local government or any subsequent 20 reviewing body shall not reexamine alternatives to or hear appeals on 21 the items identified in subsection (2) of this section, except for 22 issues of code interpretation. As part of its project review process, 23 a local government shall provide a procedure for obtaining a code 24 interpretation as provided in RCW 36.70B.110.

(4)(a) Pursuant to RCW 43.21C.240, a local government may determine that the requirements for environmental analysis and mitigation measures in development regulations and other applicable laws provide adequate mitigation for some or all of the project's specific adverse environmental impacts to which the requirements apply.

31 (b) Local governments may not require without just compensation that property owners: (i) Place any form of signage on their 32 property; (ii) pay for and place fencing around critical areas, open 33 space, habitat areas, or other government designated property 34 attributes; (iii) record restrictive covenants, land use 35 36 designations, or change any legal lot description on the property; (iv) restore vegetation in locations where no vegetation existed 37 during the time the property owner owned the land or the vegetation 38 degraded due to natural causes; (v) make any expenditure in 39 40 furtherance of protective measures for the function and values of 1 wetlands or riparian areas; or (vi) grant or set aside easements for
2 public access on the property.

(5) Except under subsection (4)(b) of this section, nothing in 3 this section limits the authority of a permitting agency to approve, 4 condition, or deny a project as provided in its development 5 6 regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW and in its policies 7 adopted under RCW 43.21C.060. Project review shall be used to identify specific project design and conditions relating to the 8 character of development, such as the details of site plans, curb 9 cuts, drainage swales, transportation demand management, the payment 10 11 of impact fees, or other measures to mitigate a proposal's probable 12 adverse environmental impacts, if applicable.

(6) Subsections (1) through (4) of this section apply only tolocal governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040.

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PART X

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1001. PURPOSE-INTENT. The purpose of this 16 chapter is to establish as state law the basis and process for 17 18 determining how proposed changes to resource management and land use 19 policy, rules, regulation, and/or management affect customs, culture, 20 economic stability, and private property rights in Washington state. Additionally, the purpose of this chapter is to establish how state 21 22 and federal agencies are to coordinate and consult with local 23 governmental agencies in actions affecting land and natural resource 24 use.

This chapter is written to implement RCW 36.70A.103 of the growth management act, which requires state agencies to comply with local development regulations. In addition, this chapter implements chapter 43.21H RCW, state economic policy.

This chapter is intended to address federal and state agency regulation of land and natural resource use directly and is intended to be used as a positive guide for federal and state agencies in their development and implementation of regulations affecting land and natural resources use in Washington state.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1002.** DEFINITIONS. Unless the context clearly 35 requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout 36 this chapter. 1 (1) "Agency" means all state agencies and all local agencies. 2 "State agency" includes every state office, department, division, 3 bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency" 4 includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-5 municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office, 6 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, 7 or other local public agency.

(2) "Just compensation" means compensation equal to the full 8 extent of a property owner's loss, including the fair market value of 9 private property taken and business losses arising from 10 the government action, whether the taking is by physical occupation or 11 12 through regulation, exaction, or other means and includes compounded interest calculated from the date of the taking until the date 13 14 payment is tendered.

(3) "Owner" means the owner or possessor of property or rights in property at the time the taking occurs, including when the statute, regulation, rule, order, guideline, policy, or action is passed or promulgated or the permit, license, authorization, or governmental permission is denied or suspended.

(4) "Private property" or "property" means all property protected under the fifth amendment to the United States Constitution and the third and sixteenth sections of the Declaration of Rights of the Washington state Constitution (Article I, sections 3 and 16 of the state Constitution), any applicable state law, or this chapter, and including but not limited to any of the following:

(a) Real property, whether vested or unvested, including estates
in fee, life estates, estates for years, or otherwise; inchoate
interests in real property such as remainders and future interests;
personality that is affixed to or appurtenant to real property;
easements; leaseholds; recorded liens; and contracts or other
security interests in, or related to, real property;

32 (b) The right to use water or the right to receive water,33 including any recorded lines on such water right;

34 (c) Rents, issues, and profits of land, including minerals,
 35 timber, fodder, crops, oil and gas, coal, or geothermal energy;

36 (d) Property rights provided by, or memorialized in, a contract;

37 (e) Any interest defined as property under state law; and

38 (f) Any interest understood to be property based on custom, 39 usage, common law, or mutually reinforcing understandings 40 sufficiently well-grounded in law to back a claim of interest.

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1 (5) "Taking of private property" or "taking" or "take" means any action whereby private property is directly taken by government 2 action as to require compensation under the fifth amendment to the 3 United States Constitution and the third and sixteenth sections of 4 the Declaration of Rights of the Washington state Constitution 5 6 (Article I, sections 3 and 16 of the state Constitution) or under this chapter, including by physical invasion, regulation, exaction, 7 condition, or other means and does not include a condemnation action 8 filed by government in an applicable court or an action filed by 9 government relating to criminal forfeiture. 10

11 Sec. **1003.** PRIVATE PROPERTY TAKING IMPACT NEW SECTION. ANALYSIS. (1) To the fullest extent possible, the policies, 12 regulations, and public laws of the United States and the state of 13 Washington shall be interpreted and administered by agencies in 14 15 accordance with the policies under this chapter. All state agencies 16 shall complete a private property taking impact analysis before issuing or promulgating any rule, policy, regulation, or related 17 18 agency action which is likely to result in a taking of private property. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an 19 action in which the power of eminent domain is formally exercised or 20 21 law enforcement action, including seizure of property for а forfeiture or as evidence, for a violation of law. 22

(2) A private property taking impact analysis is a writtenstatement that includes:

(a) The specific purpose of the rule, ordinance, policy,
regulation, proposal, recommendation, or related agency action;

(b) An assessment of the likelihood that a taking of private
property will occur under the rule, ordinance, policy, regulation,
proposal, recommendation, or related agency action;

30 (c) An evaluation of whether the rule, ordinance, policy, 31 regulation, proposal, recommendation, or related agency action is 32 likely to require compensation to private property owners;

33 (d) Alternatives to the rule, policy, regulation, proposal, 34 recommendation, or related agency action that would achieve the 35 intended purposes of the agency action and lessen the likelihood that 36 a taking of private property will occur;

37 (e) An estimate of the potential liability of the agency, if the38 agency is required to compensate a private property owner; and

1 (f) For state agencies, if the rule, policy, regulation, 2 proposal, recommendation, or related agency action is in response to 3 a federal mandate, the name of the federal agency responsible for the 4 policy, regulation, proposal, recommendation, or related action.

5 (3) Each agency shall provide an analysis as part of any proposed 6 rule, ordinance, policy, regulation, proposal, recommendation, or 7 related agency action and submit the analysis to the board of county 8 commissioners, in affected jurisdictions, in conjunction with a 9 proposed rule, policy, regulation, proposal, recommendation, or 10 related action prior to adoption.

(4) No final rule may be promulgated if enforcement of the rule could reasonably be construed to require an uncompensated taking of private property as defined by this chapter.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1004. ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS. (1) All state 15 agencies shall complete an economic impact analysis before issuing or 16 promulgating any policy, regulation, proposed legislation, or related 17 department action which may economically impact the citizens of 18 Washington state.

19 (2) An economic impact analysis is a written statement that 20 includes:

(a) The specific purpose of the rule, policy, regulation,legislative bill, proposal, recommendation, or related agency action;

(b) An assessment of the economic impacts likely to occur as a result of the rule, policy, regulation, proposal, legislative bill, recommendation, or related agency action. The economic assessment shall consider impacts to individual property owners, impacts to the affected jurisdictions economy and impacts to the state's general fund;

(c) Alternatives to the rule, policy, regulation, proposal, recommendation, or related agency action that would achieve the intended purpose and lessen the economic impacts that are likely to occur;

33 (d) For state agencies, if the rule, policy, regulation, 34 proposal, recommendation, or related agency action is in response to 35 a federal mandate, the name of the federal agency responsible for the 36 policy, regulation, proposal, recommendation.

37 (3) State agencies shall provide an analysis as part of any
 38 proposed rule, policy, regulation, proposal, recommendation, or
 39 related agency action and submit the analysis to the board of county

1 commissioners, in affected jurisdictions, in conjunction with a 2 proposed rule, policy, regulation, proposal, recommendation, or 3 related action prior to adoption.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1005. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF ANALYSIS. An
agency shall make each private property taking impact analysis,
economic impact analysis, or both, available to the public.

NEW SECTION. 7 Sec. 1006. ENFORCEMENT. (1)(a) In addition to other remedies provided by law, any person likely to be aggrieved or 8 9 adversely effected by the failure of an agency to perform a private property taking impact analysis or economic impact analysis under 10 this section may apply to the superior court of the county where the 11 agency is located or to the superior court of Thurston county if the 12 state agency. The superior court 13 defendant is a shall have 14 jurisdiction to hold a prompt hearing where petitioners may show 15 cause that the agency failed to adequately provide a private property 16 taking impact analysis or economic impact analysis and is authorized to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person, 17 agency, or all agencies from implementing or enforcing rules where 18 19 the agency analysis was not done or was insufficient.

20 (b) A person is aggrieved or adversely affected within the 21 meaning of this section if:

(i) The agency action has prejudiced or is likely to prejudicethat person; and

(ii) That person's asserted interests are among those that the agency was required to consider when it engaged in the agency action challenged.

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(c) An analysis is insufficient for purposes of this section if:

(i) The analysis is not supported by substantial evidence orevidence pertinent to Washington state; or

30 (ii) The facts presented by the petitioning party with regard to 31 his or her property clearly indicate a mistake of law or fact was 32 made and implementation or enforcement of the regulation would cause 33 substantial injustice.

34 (2) An order restraining any person, agency, or all agencies may 35 contain provision for the payment of pertinent court costs and 36 reasonable attorneys' fees and administration expenses as is 37 equitable and the court deems appropriate in the circumstances. 1 (3) If the court issues an order restraining the implementation 2 or enforcement of a state agency regulation as it applies to 3 individuals not parties to the litigation, the court must send the 4 order to the code reviser's office to be published in the Washington 5 State Register.

6 (4) The petitioner does not have to exhaust administrative 7 remedies prior to seeking a court order under this section.

8 (5) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit any remedy 9 that any person may have under the laws of the state of Washington or 10 of the United States.

(6) Every agency, who under color of any law, statute, rule, ordinance, or regulation, subjects or causes to be subjected, any person within Washington state to the deprivation of any property rights secured by this chapter is liable to the person injured in an action at law, suit in equity or other legal proceeding for redress.

16 (7) Any agency employee, under the color of law, statute, rule, 17 ordinance, regulation, policy, custom or omission, subjects any 18 person in Washington state to the deprivation of any property rights 19 secured or protected by this chapter, whether willfully or from 20 negligence, is in violation of this chapter and may be fined up to 21 one thousand dollars per occurrence of a violation.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1007. A new section is added to chapter 23 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of chapter 34.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 1103 of this act) apply to this chapter.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1008. A new section is added to chapter 27 43.21H RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of chapter 34.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 1103 of this act) apply to this chapter.

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PART XI

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1101. Sections 501 and 502 of this act 32 constitute a new chapter in Title 1 RCW.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1102. Sections 608 and 609 of this act 34 constitute a new chapter in Title 36 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1103. Sections 1001 through 1006 of this act
 constitute a new chapter in Title 34 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1104. If any part of this act is found to be 3 in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition 4 5 to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and 6 with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does 7 not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its 8 application to the agencies concerned. Rules adopted under this act 9 10 must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state. 11

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1105. If any provision of this act or its 13 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 14 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 15 persons or circumstances is not affected.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1106. Sections 101 through 106 of this act 17 are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, 18 health, or safety, or support of the state government and its 19 existing public institutions, and take effect immediately.

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