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27	 makes violating a workplace violence protective order a class A misdemeanor;
28	 limits liability of employer under certain circumstances; and
29	▶ limits applicability of Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 10, Workplace Violence Protective
30	Orders.
31	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	None
35	Utah Code Sections Affected:
36	AMENDS:
37	78B-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 142 and 287
38	ENACTS:
39	78B-7-1001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	78B-7-1002 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	78B-7-1003 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	78B-7-1004 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	78B-7-1005 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	78B-7-1006 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	78B-7-1007 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	78B-7-1008 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	78B-7-1009 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	
49	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
50	Section 1. Section 78B-7-102 is amended to read:
51	78B-7-102. Definitions.
52	As used in this chapter:
53	(1) "Abuse" means, except as provided in Section 78B-7-201, intentionally or
54	knowingly causing or attempting to cause another individual physical harm or intentionally or
55	knowingly placing another individual in reasonable fear of imminent physical harm.
56	(2) "Affinity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-601.
57	(3) "Civil protective order" means an order issued, subsequent to a hearing on the

58 petition, of which the petitioner and respondent have been given notice, under: 59 (a) Part 2, Child Protective Orders: 60 (b) Part 4. Dating Violence Protective Orders: 61 (c) Part 5, Sexual Violence Protective Orders; [or] 62 (d) Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders[-]; or 63 (e) Part 10, Workplace Violence Protective Orders. 64 (4) "Civil stalking injunction" means a stalking injunction issued under Part 7, Civil 65 Stalking Injunctions. 66 (5) (a) "Cohabitant" means an emancipated individual under Section 15-2-1 or an 67 individual who is 16 years [of age] old or older who: 68 (i) is or was a spouse of the other party; 69 (ii) is or was living as if a spouse of the other party; 70 (iii) is related by blood or marriage to the other party as the individual's parent, 71 grandparent, sibling, or any other individual related to the individual by consanguinity or affinity 72 to the second degree; 73 (iv) has or had one or more children in common with the other party; 74 (v) is the biological parent of the other party's unborn child; 75 (vi) resides or has resided in the same residence as the other party; or 76 (vii) is or was in a consensual sexual relationship with the other party. 77 (b) "Cohabitant" does not include: 78 (i) the relationship of natural parent, adoptive parent, or step-parent to a minor; or 79 (ii) the relationship between natural, adoptive, step, or foster siblings who are under 18 80 years [of age] old. 81 (6) "Consanguinity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-601. 82 (7) "Criminal protective order" means an order issued under Part 8, Criminal Protective 83 Orders. 84 (8) "Criminal stalking injunction" means a stalking injunction issued under Part 9, 85 Criminal Stalking Injunctions. 86 (9) "Court clerk" means a district court clerk. 87 (10) (a) "Dating partner" means an individual who: 88 (i) (A) is an emancipated individual under Section 15-2-1 or Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 89 8, Emancipation; or

90	(B) is 18 years [of age] old or older; and
91	(ii) is, or has been, in a dating relationship with the other party.
92	(b) "Dating partner" does not include an intimate partner.
93	(11) (a) "Dating relationship" means a social relationship of a romantic or intimate
94	nature, or a relationship which has romance or intimacy as a goal by one or both parties,
95	regardless of whether the relationship involves sexual intimacy.
96	(b) "Dating relationship" does not include casual fraternization in a business,
97	educational, or social context.
98	(c) In determining, based on a totality of the circumstances, whether a dating relationship
99	exists:
100	(i) all relevant factors shall be considered, including:
101	(A) whether the parties developed interpersonal bonding above a mere casual
102	fraternization;
103	(B) the length of the parties' relationship;
104	(C) the nature and the frequency of the parties' interactions, including communications
105	indicating that the parties intended to begin a dating relationship;
106	(D) the ongoing expectations of the parties, individual or jointly, with respect to the
107	relationship;
108	(E) whether, by statement or conduct, the parties demonstrated an affirmation of their
109	relationship to others; and
110	(F) whether other reasons exist that support or detract from a finding that a dating
111	relationship exists; and
112	(ii) it is not necessary that all, or a particular number, of the factors described in
113	Subsection (11)(c)(i) are found to support the existence of a dating relationship.
114	(12) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
115	(13) "Ex parte civil protective order" means an order issued without notice to the
116	respondent under:
117	(a) Part 2, Child Protective Orders;
118	(b) Part 4, Dating Violence Protective Orders;
119	(c) Part 5, Sexual Violence Protective Orders; [or]
120	(d) Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders[-]; or
121	(e) Part 10, Workplace Violence Protective Orders.

122	(14) "Ex parte civil stalking injunction" means a stalking injunction issued without
123	notice to the respondent under Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions.
124	(15) "Foreign protection order" means the same as that term is defined in Section
125	78B-7-302.
126	(16) "Intimate partner" means the same as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921.
127	(17) "Law enforcement unit" or "law enforcement agency" means any public agency
128	having general police power and charged with making arrests in connection with enforcement of
129	the criminal statutes and ordinances of this state or any political subdivision.
130	(18) "Peace officer" means those individuals specified in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace
131	Officer Classifications.
132	(19) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is defined in
133	Section 77-36-1.1.
134	(20) "Respondent" means the individual against whom enforcement of a protective order
135	is sought.
136	(21) "Stalking" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-106.5.
137	Section 2. Section 78B-7-1001 is enacted to read:
138	Part 10. Workplace Violence Protective Orders
139	78B-7-1001. Definitions.
140	As used in this part:
141	(1) "Employer" means a person that:
142	(a) employs an individual in this state; or
143	(b) contracts with an independent contractor in this state.
144	(2) "Ex parte workplace violence protective order" means an order issued without
145	notice to the respondent under this part.
146	(3) "Protective order" means:
147	(a) a workplace violence protective order; or
148	(b) an ex parte workplace violence protective order.
149	(4) (a) "Worker" means an individual in the service of an employer for compensation.
150	(b) "Worker" includes an independent contractor who contracts with an employer.
151	(5) "Workplace violence" means knowingly causing or threatening to cause bodily injury
152	to, or damage to the property of, a person, if:
153	(a) the person is:

154	(i) an employer;
155	(ii) a worker performing the worker's duties as a worker; or
156	(iii) a person present at the workplace of an employer; and
157	(b) (i) the action would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized, frightened,
158	intimidated, or harassed; or
159	(ii) the threat:
160	(A) would cause a reasonable person to fear that the threat will be carried out; and
161	(B) if carried out, would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized, frightened,
162	intimidated, or harassed.
163	(6) "Workplace violence protective order" means an order issued under this part after a
164	hearing on the petition, of which the petitioner and respondent have been given notice.
165	Section 3. Section 78B-7-1002 is enacted to read:
166	78B-7-1002. Petition for a workplace violence protective order Notice to known
167	targets of workplace violence.
168	(1) An employer may seek, or authorize an agent to seek, a protective order in
169	accordance with this part, if the employer reasonably believes workplace violence has occurred
170	against the employer, a worker of the employer, or a person while the person was present at the
171	workplace of the employer.
172	(2) If an employer seeking a workplace violence protective order as described in
173	Subsection (1) has knowledge that a specific individual is the target of workplace violence, the
174	employer shall make a good faith effort to notify the individual that the employer is seeking a
175	workplace violence protective order.
176	Section 4. Section 78B-7-1003 is enacted to read:
177	78B-7-1003. Workplace violence protective orders Ex parte workplace violence
178	protective orders Modification of orders.
179	(1) If it appears from a petition for a protective order or a petition to modify an existing
180	protective order that workplace violence has occurred, the court may:
181	(a) without notice, immediately issue an ex parte workplace violence protective order
182	against the respondent or modify an existing workplace violence protective order ex parte, if
183	necessary to protect the petitioner or any party named in the petition; or
184	(b) upon notice to the respondent, issue a workplace violence protective order or
185	modify a workplace violence protective order after a hearing, regardless of whether the

186	respondent appears.
187	(2) The court may grant the following relief with or without notice in a protective order
188	or in a modification to a protective order:
189	(a) enjoin the respondent from committing workplace violence;
190	(b) enjoin the respondent from harassing the petitioner, a worker of the petitioner while
191	performing the worker's duties as a worker, or any person while the person is present at the
192	workplace of the petitioner;
193	(c) prohibit the respondent from telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating
194	with the petitioner, a worker of the petitioner while performing the worker's duties as a worker,
195	or any person while the person is present at the workplace of the petitioner; or
196	(d) order that the respondent is excluded and shall stay away from the petitioner's
197	workplace.
198	(3) The court may grant the following relief in a protective order or in a modification to
199	a protective order, after notice and a hearing, regardless of whether the respondent appears:
200	(a) any relief described in Subsection (2); and
201	(b) the relief described in Subsections 78B-7-404(3)(b):
202	(i) upon a finding that the respondent poses a serious threat of harm to the petitioner, a
203	worker of the petitioner while performing the worker's duties as a worker, or any other person
204	while the person is present at the workplace of the employer; and
205	(ii) subject to the conditions under Subsection 78B-7-404(5).
206	(4) After the court issues a protective order, the court shall:
207	(a) as soon as possible, deliver the order to the county sheriff for service of process;
208	(b) transmit electronically, by the end of the business day after the day on which the
209	court issues the order, a copy of the protective order to the local law enforcement agency that the
210	petitioner designates; and
211	(c) transmit a copy of the protective order in the same manner as described in Section
212	<u>78B-7-113.</u>
213	(5) The court may modify or vacate a protective order after notice and hearing, if the
214	petitioner:
215	(a) (i) is personally served with notice of the hearing, as provided in the Utah Rules of
216	Civil Procedure; and
217	(ii) appears before the court to give specific consent to the modification or vacation of

210	the provisions of the protective order, or
219	(b) submits an affidavit agreeing to the modification or vacation of the provisions of the
220	protective order.
221	Section 5. Section 78B-7-1004 is enacted to read:
222	<u>78B-7-1004.</u> Hearings Expiration.
223	(1) (a) A court shall set a date for a hearing on the petition to be held within 20 days
224	after the day on which the court issues an ex parte workplace violence protective order.
225	(b) If, at the hearing described in Subsection (1)(a), the court does not issue a workplace
226	violence protective order, the ex parte workplace violence protective order expires on the day
227	on which the hearing is held, unless the court extends the ex parte workplace violence protective
228	order.
229	(c) Subject to Subsection (1)(d), a court may not extend an ex parte workplace violence
230	protective order beyond 20 days after the day on which the court issues the ex parte workplace
231	violence protective order, unless:
232	(i) a party is unable to be present at the hearing for good cause, established by the
233	party's sworn affidavit;
234	(ii) the respondent has not been served; or
235	(iii) exigent circumstances exist.
236	(d) If at the hearing described in Subsection (1)(a) the court issues a workplace violence
237	protective order, the ex parte workplace violence protective order remains in effect until service
238	of process of the workplace violence protective order is completed.
239	(e) A workplace violence protective order issued after notice and a hearing remains in
240	effect for a period the court determines, not to exceed 18 months after the day on which the court
241	issues the order, unless the order is extended in accordance with Section 78B-7-1005.
242	(f) (i) If the hearing on the petition is heard by a commissioner, either the petitioner or
243	respondent may file an objection within 10 calendar days after the day on which the
244	commissioner enters the recommended order.
245	(ii) If a party files an objection as described in Subsection (1)(f)(i), the assigned judge
246	shall hold a hearing on the objection within 20 days after the day on which the party files the
247	objection.
248	(2) (a) If a court denies a petition for an ex parte workplace violence protective order or
249	a petition to modify a workplace violence protective order ex parte, the petitioner may, within

250	five days after the day on which the court denies the petition, request a hearing.
251	(b) If the petitioner requests a hearing as described in Subsection (2)(a), the court shall:
252	(i) set a hearing to be held within 20 days after the day on which the petitioner makes the
253	request; and
254	(ii) notify and serve the respondent.
255	Section 6. Section 78B-7-1005 is enacted to read:
256	<u>78B-7-1005.</u> Extension.
257	(1) A workplace violence protective order expires automatically, unless the petitioner:
258	(a) files a motion before the day on which the workplace violence protective order
259	expires; and
260	(b) demonstrates that:
261	(i) there is a substantial likelihood that the petitioner, a worker of the petitioner while
262	performing the worker's duties as a worker, or a person while the person is present at the
263	workplace of the petitioner will be subjected to workplace violence; or
264	(ii) the respondent committed or was convicted of a violation of the workplace
265	harassment protective order that the petitioner requests be extended.
266	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), if a court grants a motion described in Subsection
267	(1)(a), the court shall set a new date on which the workplace violence protective order expires.
268	(b) A court may not extend a workplace violence protective order for more than 18
269	months after the day on which the court issues the order for extension.
270	(3) After the day on which the court issues an extension of a workplace violence
271	protective order, the court shall take the action described in Subsection 78B-7-1003(5).
272	(4) Nothing in this part prohibits a petitioner from seeking another protective order after
273	the day on which the petitioner's protective order expires.
274	Section 7. Section 78B-7-1006 is enacted to read:
275	<u>78B-7-1006.</u> Service of process.
276	(1) The county sheriff that receives an order from a court under Subsection
277	78B-7-1003(5) or 78B-7-1005(3), shall:
278	(a) provide expedited service for the protective order; and
279	(b) after the protective order is served, transmit verification of service of process to the
280	statewide network described in Section 78B-7-113.
281	(2) This section does not prohibit another law enforcement agency from providing

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282	service of process if the law enforcement agency:
283	(a) has contact with the respondent; or
284	(b) determines that, under the circumstances, providing service of process on the
285	respondent is in the best interest of the petitioner.
286	Section 8. Section 78B-7-1007 is enacted to read:
287	<u>78B-7-1007.</u> Penalties.
288	A violation of a protective order issued under this part is a class A misdemeanor.
289	Section 9. Section 78B-7-1008 is enacted to read:
290	78B-7-1008. Employer liability.
291	(1) An employer is immune from civil liability for:
292	(a) seeking a workplace violence protective order, if the employer acts in good faith in
293	seeking the order; or
294	(b) failing to seek a workplace violence protective order.
295	(2) An employer's action or statement made under this part:
296	(a) is not an admission of any fact; and
297	(b) may be used for purposes of impeachment.
298	Section 10. Section 78B-7-1009 is enacted to read:
299	78B-7-1009. Limitations of part.
300	Nothing in this part:
301	(1) modifies the duty of an employer to provide a safe workplace for the workers of the
302	employer and persons present at the workplace of the employer;
303	(2) prohibits a person from engaging in constitutionally protected exercise of free
304	speech, including speech involving labor disputes concerning organized labor; or
305	(3) prohibits a person from engaging in an activity that is part of a labor dispute.