

Sixty-eighth
Legislative Assembly
of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2284

Introduced by

Senators Schaible, Elkin

Representatives Heinert, Nathe

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 15.1-01-01, subsection 8 of section 15.1-15-02,
2 subsection 6 of section 15.1-19-10, section 15.1-27-03.1, subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-03.2,
3 section 15.1-27-04.1, and subsection 5 of section 15.1-36-08 of the North Dakota Century
4 Code, relating to the state board of public school education members, the definition of
5 "probationary teacher", the definition of "weapon", modification of weighting factors and
6 transition maximums, and an increase in per student payments; to provide for a legislative
7 management study; to provide a report; to provide an appropriation; to provide for an
8 exemption; to provide for a transfer; and to provide an effective date.

9 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

10 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-01-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
11 amended and reenacted as follows:

12 **15.1-01-01. State board of public school education - Composition.**

- 13 1. The state board of public school education consists of the superintendent of public
14 instruction and:
- 15 a. An individual representing ~~Barnes, Cass, Grand Forks, Griggs, Nelson, Steele,~~
16 ~~and Traill Counties~~legislative districts ten, eleven, thirteen, sixteen, twenty-one,
17 forty-one, forty-four, and forty-six;
 - 18 b. An individual representing ~~Benson, Bottineau, Cavalier, McHenry, Pembina,~~
19 ~~Pierce, Ramsey, Renville, Rolette, Towner, and Walsh Counties~~legislative districts
20 nine, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, forty-two, and forty-three;
 - 21 c. An individual representing ~~Dickey, Emmons, LaMoure, Logan, McIntosh,~~
22 ~~Ransom, Richland, and Sargent Counties~~legislative districts twelve, twenty-two,
23 twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, and forty-five;

- 1 d. An individual representing ~~Burleigh, Eddy, Foster, Kidder, McLean, Sheridan,~~
2 ~~Stutsman, and Wells Counties~~legislative districts seven, eight, thirty, thirty-one,
3 thirty-two, thirty-four, thirty-five, and forty-seven;
- 4 e. An individual representing ~~Burke, Divide, McKenzie, Mountrail, Ward, and~~
5 ~~Williams Counties~~legislative districts three, four, five, six, fourteen, thirty-three,
6 thirty-eight, and forty; and
- 7 f. An individual representing ~~Adams, Billings, Bowman, Dunn, Golden Valley, Grant,~~
8 ~~Hettinger, Mercer, Morton, Oliver, Sioux, Slope, and Stark Counties~~legislative
9 districts one, two, twenty-three, twenty-six, thirty-six, thirty-seven, and thirty-nine.
- 10 2. All board members other than the superintendent of public instruction must be
11 qualified electors and must reside in one of the ~~counties~~districts they represent.
- 12 3. The governor shall appoint new board members from a list of three names submitted
13 by a committee consisting of the president of North Dakota ~~united~~ or the president's
14 designee, the president of the North Dakota council of educational leaders or the
15 president's designee, and the president of the North Dakota school boards association
16 or the president's designee. Two of the state board members must be members of the
17 North Dakota school boards association. Two of the state board members must be
18 employed by a North Dakota school district and be active members of the North
19 Dakota association of school administrators.
- 20 4. Appointees serve for six-year terms, staggered so that the terms of two members
21 expire on June thirtieth of each even-numbered year.
- 22 5. If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint an individual to serve for the duration
23 of the unexpired term.
- 24 6. Each member of the board is entitled to receive, from the biennial appropriation for the
25 superintendent of public instruction, compensation in the amount of sixty-two dollars
26 and fifty cents per day and reimbursement for expenses, as provided by law for state
27 officers, if the member is attending board meetings or performing duties directed by
28 the board. The compensation provided for in this section may not be paid to any
29 member who receives a salary or other compensation as an employee or official of
30 this state if the individual is serving on the board by virtue of the individual's state
31 office or state employment.

1 7. The superintendent of public instruction shall serve as the executive director and
2 secretary of the board. The superintendent shall call meetings as necessary, carry out
3 the policies of the board, and employ personnel necessary to perform the board's
4 duties.

5 8. The board shall annually elect one member to serve as the chairman.

6 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 8 of section 15.1-15-02 of the North Dakota
7 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

8 8. For purposes of this section, "probationary teacher" means an individual teaching for
9 less than two years in the school district.

10 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 6 of section 15.1-19-10 of the North Dakota
11 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

12 6. For purposes of this section:

13 a. "Firearm" has the meaning provided in Public Law No. 90-351 [82 Stat. 197;
14 18 U.S.C. 921].

15 b. "School property" includes all land within the perimeter of the school site and all
16 school buildings, structures, facilities, and school vehicles, whether owned or
17 leased by a school district, and the site of any school-sponsored event or activity.

18 c. "Weapon" includes any switchblade or gravity knife, machete, scimitar, stiletto,
19 sword, dagger, or knife with a blade of five inches [12.7 centimeters] or more; any
20 throwing star, nunchaku, or other martial arts weapon; any billy, blackjack, sap,
21 bludgeon, cudgel, metal knuckles, or sand club; any slungshot; any bow and
22 arrow, crossbow, or spear; any weapon that will expel, or is readily capable of
23 expelling, a projectile by the action of a spring, compressed air, or compressed
24 gas, including any such weapon, loaded or unloaded, commonly referred to as a
25 BB gun, air rifle, or CO2 gun; and any projector of a bomb or any object
26 containing or capable of producing and emitting any noxious liquid, gas, or
27 substance. The term does not include a spray or aerosol containing CS, also
28 known as ortho-chlorobenzamalonitrile; CN, also known as alpha-
29 chloroacetophenone; or other irritating agent intended for use in the defense of
30 an individual, nor does the term include a device that uses voltage for the
31 defense of an individual, unless the device uses a projectile and voltage or the

1 device uses a projectile and may be used to apply multiple applications of voltage
2 during a single incident, then the term includes the device for an individual who is
3 prohibited from possessing a firearm under this title.

4 **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
5 amended and reenacted as follows:

6 **15.1-27-03.1. Weighted average daily membership - Determination.**

- 7 1. For each school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
- 8 a. 1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
9 educational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
- 10 b. 0.60 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
11 program, including a migrant summer education program;
- 12 c. 0.40 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
- 13 (1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
14 public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
15 of six categories of proficiency; and
- 16 (2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
- 17 d. 0.28 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
- 18 (1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
19 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
20 in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
21 of six categories of proficiency; and
- 22 (2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
- 23 e. 0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students under the age of twenty-one
24 enrolled in grades nine through twelve in an alternative high school;
- 25 f. 0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
26 education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
- 27 g. 0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
28 special education program;
- 29 h. 0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students in grades six through eight
30 enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen
31 hours per week;

- 1 i. 0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district
2 has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and
3 the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square
4 miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area
5 greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than
6 fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an
7 enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership;
- 8 j. 0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
9 support the provision of special education services;
- 10 k. 0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
- 11 (1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
12 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
13 in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the
14 third of six categories of proficiency;
- 15 (2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and
- 16 (3) Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than
17 three years;
- 18 l. 0.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of
19 students in average daily membership which is equivalent to the three-year
20 average percentage of students in grades three through eight who are eligible for
21 free or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act
22 [42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.];
- 23 m. 0.002 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a school
24 district that is a participating member of a regional education association meeting
25 the requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1;
- 26 n. ~~0.601~~0 the number of students by which the district's September tenth
27 enrollment report exceeds the number of students in the prior year's average
28 daily membership ~~increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00~~; and
- 29 o. For districts paid based on September tenth enrollment in the prior year, ~~0.500~~0.70
30 the number of students determined by deducting the number of students in the
31 prior year's September tenth enrollment from the prior year's average daily

1 membership, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00. If the
2 prior year's September tenth enrollment exceeds the prior year's average daily
3 membership, then a deduction of 0.50 the number of excess students, increasing
4 the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00.

5 2. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
6 average daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
7 district's average daily membership.

8 **SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Subdivision o of subsection 1 of section 15.1-27-03.1 of the
9 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

10 o. For districts paid based on September tenth enrollment in the prior year, ~~0.70~~1.00
11 the number of students determined by deducting the number of students in the
12 prior year's September tenth enrollment from the prior year's average daily
13 membership, ~~increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00.~~ If the
14 prior year's September tenth enrollment exceeds the prior year's average daily
15 membership, then a deduction of ~~0.50~~1.00 the number of excess students,
16 ~~increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00.~~

17 **SECTION 6. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-03.2 of the North Dakota
18 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19 4. The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied
20 by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted
21 student units. ~~For the 2022-23 school year, for school districts that operate multiple~~
22 ~~kindergarten through grade twelve buildings at least nineteen miles [30.58 kilometers]~~
23 ~~apart, or multiple buildings at least nineteen miles [30.58 kilometers] apart with no~~
24 ~~replicated grades, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine the school~~
25 ~~size weighting factor for each building separately. The superintendent of public~~
26 ~~instruction shall multiply the school size weighting factor for each building by the~~
27 ~~school district's weighted average daily membership to determine each building's~~
28 ~~weighted student units. The superintendent of public instruction shall combine the~~
29 ~~weighted student units of all buildings in the school district to determine the school~~
30 ~~district's weighted student units.~~

1 **SECTION 7. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2 amended and reenacted as follows:

3 **15.1-27-04.1. Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective**
4 **through June 30, 2025)**

- 5 1. To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of
6 public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline
7 funding consists of:
- 8 a. All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
9 2018-19 school year;
 - 10 b. An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public
11 instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
 - 12 c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school
13 district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
 - 14 (1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district
15 financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
16 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - 17 (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from
18 the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota
19 school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by
20 the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section
21 15.1-02-08;
 - 22 (3) Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district
23 financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
24 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08,
25 with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an
26 educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition
27 received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and
28 beginning in the 2021-22 school year, seventeen percent of tuition received
29 under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an
30 air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, and an
31 additional seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to

- 1 educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding
2 received through federal impact aid each school year thereafter, until the
3 2024-25 school year when sixty-eight percent of tuition received under an
4 agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base
5 with funding received through federal impact aid must be excluded from the
6 tuition calculation under this paragraph;
- 7 (4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission
8 of electric power;
- 9 (5) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from
10 sources other than coal; and
- 11 (6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which
12 compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3);
- 13 d. An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the
14 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
- 15 (1) Mobile home tax revenue;
- 16 (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and
- 17 (3) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the
18 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit; and
- 19 e. Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the
20 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district
21 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must
22 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are
23 offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted
24 student units the school district offered in the year before the school district
25 became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the
26 calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district
27 becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that
28 become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the
29 superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for
30 the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.

- 1 2. a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in
2 subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the
3 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.
- 4 b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section
5 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the
6 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid.
7 The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in
8 subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district
9 becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline
10 funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's
11 adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid
12 for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary
13 district and for each year thereafter.
- 14 c. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the
15 superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student
16 unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the
17 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per
18 weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce
19 the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the
20 amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds
21 the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each
22 year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen
23 percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after
24 the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit
25 provided in subsection 3.
- 26 3. a. For the ~~2021-22~~2023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid
27 as the greater of:
- 28 (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand ~~one hundred~~
29 ~~thirty-six~~five hundred forty-four dollars;
- 30 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
31 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's

- 1 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
2 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
3 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
4 ~~one hundred thirty-six~~five hundred forty-four dollars; or
- 5 (3) The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
6 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and
7 then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
- 8 b. For the ~~2022-23~~2024-25 school year and each school year thereafter, the
9 superintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
- 10 (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand ~~two hundred-~~
11 ~~thirty-seve~~eight hundred sixty dollars;
- 12 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
13 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
14 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
15 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
16 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
17 ~~two hundred thirty-seve~~eight hundred sixty dollars; or
- 18 (3) The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
19 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
20 2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
21 percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
22 and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
- 23 e. ~~The superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to~~
24 ~~ensure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:~~
- 25 (1) ~~For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred~~
26 ~~ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as~~
27 ~~established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student~~
28 ~~units from the previous school year.~~
- 29 (2) ~~For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred~~
30 ~~ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as~~

- 1 established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student
2 units from the previous school year.
- 3 (3) For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
4 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
5 established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between
6 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and
7 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
8 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the
9 transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1
10 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units
11 from the previous school year.
- 12 (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
13 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
14 established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the
15 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred
16 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The
17 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum
18 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of
19 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous
20 school year.
- 21 (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
22 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
23 established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the
24 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred
25 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The
26 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum
27 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of
28 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous
29 school year.
- 30 (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
31 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as

1 established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between
2 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and
3 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
4 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the
5 transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1
6 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units
7 from the previous school year.

8 4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
9 public instruction shall:

- 10 a. Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
11 school district, except the amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this
12 subdivision may not exceed the previous year's amount in dollars subtracted for
13 purposes of this subdivision by more than twelve percent, adjusted pursuant to
14 section 15.1-27-04.3; and
- 15 b. Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in
16 subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for
17 seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction
18 shall adjust revenues as follows:

19 (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows:

- 20 (a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the
21 operation of an educational program provided at a residential
22 treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult
23 farm management program, and tuition received under an agreement
24 to educate students from a school district on an air force base with
25 funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school
26 year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the
27 superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition
28 reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue
29 received for the education of students not residing in the state and for
30 which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract;
31 and

- 1 (b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total
2 tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements
3 of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
4 of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an
5 adjacent school district.
- 6 (2) Revenues received under section 57-51-15 must be adjusted to reflect the
7 average amount received by the school district for the five-year period
8 ending with the most recently completed even-numbered fiscal year before
9 the start of each biennium.
- 10 (3) After adjusting tuition revenue and revenues received under section
11 57-51-15 as provided in ~~paragraph 1~~paragraphs 1 and 2, the superintendent
12 shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types by the
13 percentage of mills levied in ~~2020~~2022 by the school district for sinking and
14 interest relative to the total mills levied in ~~2020~~2022 by the school district for
15 all purposes.
- 16 5. The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
17 amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
18 requirements or limitations.
- 19 6. On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
20 superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current
21 school year.
- 22 7. For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
23 with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public
24 instruction on an annual basis:
- 25 a. The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
26 previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
27 subsection 1;
- 28 b. The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
29 district for all purposes; and
- 30 c. The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
31 for sinking and interest fund purposes.

1 **Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective after**
2 **June 30, 2025)**

- 3 1. To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of
4 public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline
5 funding consists of:
- 6 a. All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
7 2018-19 school year;
 - 8 b. An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public
9 instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
 - 10 c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school
11 district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
 - 12 (1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district
13 financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
14 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - 15 (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from
16 the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota
17 school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by
18 the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section
19 15.1-02-08;
 - 20 (3) Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district
21 financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
22 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08,
23 with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an
24 educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition
25 received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and
26 beginning in the 2025-26 school year, eighty-five percent of tuition received
27 under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an
28 air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, until the
29 2026-27 school year, and each school year thereafter, when all tuition
30 received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on

- 1 an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be
2 excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph;
- 3 (4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission
4 of electric power;
- 5 (5) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from
6 sources other than coal; and
- 7 (6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which
8 compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); and
- 9 d. An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the
10 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
- 11 (1) Mobile home tax revenue;
- 12 (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and
- 13 (3) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the
14 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit.
- 15 e. Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the
16 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district
17 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must
18 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are
19 offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted
20 student units the school district offered in the year before the school district
21 became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the
22 calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district
23 becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that
24 become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the
25 superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for
26 the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.
- 27 2. a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in
28 subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the
29 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.
- 30 b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section
31 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the

1 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid.

2 The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in
3 subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district
4 becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline
5 funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's
6 adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid
7 for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary
8 district and for each year thereafter.

- 9 c. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the
10 superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student
11 unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the
12 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per
13 weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce
14 the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the
15 amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds
16 the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each
17 year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen
18 percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after
19 the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit
20 provided in subsection 3.

- 21 3. a. For the ~~2021-22~~2023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid
22 as the greater of:
- 23 (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand ~~one hundred~~
24 ~~thirty-six~~five hundred forty-four dollars;
- 25 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
26 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
27 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
28 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
29 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
30 ~~one hundred thirty-six~~five hundred forty-four dollars; or

- 1 (3) The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
2 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and
3 then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
- 4 b. For the ~~2022-23~~2024-25 school year and each school year thereafter, the
5 superintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
- 6 (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand ~~two hundred~~
7 ~~thirty-seven~~eight hundred sixty dollars;
- 8 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
9 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
10 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
11 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
12 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
13 ~~two hundred thirty-seven~~eight hundred sixty dollars; or
- 14 (3) The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
15 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
16 2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
17 percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
18 and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
- 19 e. ~~The superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to~~
20 ~~ensure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:~~
- 21 (1) ~~For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred~~
22 ~~ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as~~
23 ~~established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student~~
24 ~~units from the previous school year.~~
- 25 (2) ~~For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred~~
26 ~~ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as~~
27 ~~established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student~~
28 ~~units from the previous school year.~~
- 29 (3) ~~For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred~~
30 ~~ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as~~
31 ~~established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between~~

1 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and
2 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
3 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the
4 transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1
5 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units
6 from the previous school year.

7 (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
8 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
9 established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the
10 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred
11 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The
12 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum
13 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of
14 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous
15 school year.

16 (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
17 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
18 established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the
19 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred
20 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The
21 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum
22 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of
23 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous
24 school year.

25 (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
26 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
27 established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between
28 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and
29 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
30 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the
31 transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1

1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units-
2 from the previous school year.

3 4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
4 public instruction shall:

5 a. Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
6 school district; and

7 b. Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in
8 subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for
9 seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction
10 shall adjust revenues as follows:

11 (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows:

12 (a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the
13 operation of an educational program provided at a residential
14 treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult
15 farm management program, and tuition received under an agreement
16 to educate students from a school district on an air force base with
17 funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school
18 year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the
19 superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition
20 reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue
21 received for the education of students not residing in the state and for
22 which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract;
23 and

24 (b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total
25 tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements
26 of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
27 of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an
28 adjacent school district.

29 (2) Revenues received under section 57-51-15 must be adjusted to reflect the
30 average amount received by the school district for the five-year period

1 ending with the most recently completed even-numbered fiscal year before
2 the start of each biennium.

3 (3) After adjusting tuition revenue and revenues received under section
4 57-51-15 as provided in ~~paragraph 1~~paragraphs 1 and 2, the superintendent
5 shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types by the
6 percentage of mills levied in ~~2020~~2022 by the school district for sinking and
7 interest relative to the total mills levied in ~~2020~~2022 by the school district for
8 all purposes.

9 5. The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
10 amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
11 requirements or limitations.

12 6. On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
13 superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current
14 school year.

15 7. For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
16 with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public
17 instruction on an annual basis:

18 a. The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
19 previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
20 subsection 1;

21 b. The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
22 district for all purposes; and

23 c. The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
24 for sinking and interest fund purposes.

25 **SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 5 of section 15.1-36-08 of the North Dakota
26 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

27 5. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the Bank of North Dakota
28 shall issue a loan from the school construction assistance revolving loan fund. For a
29 loan made under this section:

30 a. ~~The~~If the school construction project totals less than seventy-five million dollars,
31 the maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is ten million

1 dollars. However, if a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the
2 preceding June thirtieth exceeds the limitation under section 15.1-27-35.3, the
3 loan amount under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's
4 cost up to a maximum loan amount of eight million dollars;

5 b. If the school construction project totals seventy-five million dollars or more, the
6 maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is fifty million
7 dollars. However, if a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the
8 preceding June thirtieth exceeds the limitation under section 15.1-27-35.3, the
9 loan amount under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's
10 cost up to a maximum loan amount of forty million dollars;

11 c. The term of the loan is twenty years, unless the board of the school district
12 requests a shorter term in the written loan application; and

13 e.d. The interest rate of the loan may not exceed two percent per year.

14 **SECTION 9. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION**

15 **SERVICES FUNDING.** During the 2023-25 interim, the legislative management shall study
16 school transportation services funding. The study must include a review of the formula for
17 funding school transportation services and an assessment of whether a factor-based model
18 would fund school transportation more appropriately. The legislative management shall report
19 its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the
20 recommendations, to the sixty-ninth legislative assembly.

21 **SECTION 10. APPROPRIATION - PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND - DEPARTMENT OF**

22 **PUBLIC INSTRUCTION - SCIENCE OF READING - REPORT.** There is appropriated out of any
23 moneys in the public instruction fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum
24 of \$1,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of public
25 instruction for the purpose of supporting professional learning related to the science of reading
26 and implementing systematic direct literacy instruction, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023,
27 and ending June 30, 2025. The superintendent of public instruction shall collaborate with the
28 regional education associations to ensure continuity of access to science of reading training
29 opportunities and develop support processes to deepen science of reading implementation. The
30 superintendent of public instruction shall provide quarterly reports to the legislative
31 management on the implementation and effectiveness of this appropriation on improving

1 educational outcomes, including the number of teachers trained, an anticipated timeline of
2 results trends, and any results trends available.

3 **SECTION 11. EXEMPTION - TRANSFER - PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND.**

4 Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-11, if, after the superintendent of public instruction complies
5 with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2021-23 biennium, any moneys remain in
6 the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of chapter 13 of the 2021
7 Session Laws, the lesser of \$1,000,000 or the remaining amount must be continued into the
8 2023-25 biennium and the office of management and budget shall transfer this amount into the
9 public instruction fund for the purpose of funding professional learning related to the science of
10 reading and implementing systematic direct literacy instruction as appropriated in section 10 of
11 this Act.

12 **SECTION 12. TRANSFER - FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND TO SCHOOL**

13 **CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE REVOLVING LOAN FUND.** The office of management and
14 budget shall transfer the sum of \$75,000,000 from the foundation aid stabilization fund to the
15 school construction assistance revolving loan fund during the biennium beginning July 1, 2023,
16 and ending June 30, 2025.

17 **SECTION 13. EFFECTIVE DATE.** Section 5 of this Act becomes effective on July 1, 2024.