ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 286–ASSEMBLYWOMAN JAUREGUI

MARCH 15, 2021

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Prohibits certain acts relating to firearms. (BDR 15-21)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Increases or Newly Provides for Term of Imprisonment in County or City Jail or Detention Facility. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to crimes; prohibiting a person from possessing a firearm on a covered premises under certain circumstances; prohibiting a person from engaging in certain acts relating to unfinished frames or receivers under certain circumstances; prohibiting a person from engaging in certain acts relating to firearms which are not imprinted with number under а serial certain circumstances; revising provisions relating the to of dangerous weapons; confiscation and disposal providing penalties; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law makes it a misdemeanor for a person to go upon the land or into any building of another person in certain circumstances, including willfully going or remaining on land or in a building after being warned by the owner or occupant not to trespass. (NRS 207.200) **Section 2** of this bill establishes similar provisions which make it unlawful for a person to possess a firearm on a covered premises without the written consent of the owner or operator of the covered premises or an agent thereof after being warned by the owner, operator or agent that possessing the firearm on the covered premises is prohibited. **Section 2** defines "covered premises" as real property owned or operated by a person who holds a nonrestricted gaming license, or any affiliate thereof.

Section 2 provides that, for the purpose of determining whether a person has been given a sufficient warning against the possession of a firearm, the owner or occupant of the covered premises or an agent thereof may post a sign which meets certain specifications at each public entrance of the covered premises. **Section 2** also provides that, in addition to posting the sign, if the covered premises is a public





16 accommodation facility, the covered premises may provide guests at the time of 17 check-in with documentation containing specific language relating to the 18 prohibition on firearms. Upon the posting of the sign, section 2 requires the owner, 19 operator or agent to inform the respective law enforcement agency of the warning relating to the prohibition on firearms at the covered premises.

20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 **Section 2** provides that any person who possesses a firearm in such an unlawful manner: (1) for the first offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor; (2) for the second offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and (3) for the third or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a category E felony. Section 9 of this bill adds an exception to the crime of trespass for application of the greater penalties prescribed by section 2.

Existing law establishes procedures for the disposal of certain dangerous instruments and weapons taken from the possession of a person charged with the commission of a public offense or crime or a child charged with committing a delinquent act. (NRS 202.340) Section 8 of this bill requires firearms confiscated 30 from the possession of a person who commits a third or subsequent violation of 31 section 2 to be disposed of in the manner provided for dangerous instruments and weapons.

32 33 34 Section 3 of this bill prohibits a person from possessing, purchasing, transporting or receiving an unfinished frame or receiver unless: (1) the person is a 35 firearms importer or manufacturer; or (2) the unfinished frame or receiver is 36 required to be, and has been, imprinted with a serial number. Section 3 provides 37 that a person who commits such an unlawful act: (1) for the first offense, is guilty 38 of a gross misdemeanor; and (2) for the second or any subsequent offense, is guilty 39 of a category D felony.

40 Similarly, section 3.5 of this bill prohibits a person from selling, offering to sell 41 or transferring an unfinished frame or receiver unless the person: (1) is a firearms 42 43 importer or manufacturer and the recipient of the unfinished frame or receiver is a firearms importer or manufacturer; or (2) the unfinished frame or receiver is 44 required to be, and has been, imprinted with a serial number. Section 3.5 provides 45 that a person who commits such an unlawful act: (1) for the first offense, is guilty 46 of a gross misdemeanor; and (2) for the second or any subsequent offense, is guilty 47 of a category D felony.

48 Section 4 of this bill prohibits a person from manufacturing or causing to be 49 manufactured or assembling or causing to be assembled a firearm that is not 50 imprinted with a serial number issued by a firearms importer or manufacturer in 51 accordance with federal law and any regulations adopted thereunder unless the 52 53 firearm is: (1) rendered permanently inoperable; (2) an antique; or (3) a collector's item, curio or relic. Section 4 provides that a person who commits such an unlawful 54 act: (1) for the first offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and (2) for the second 55 or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a category D felony.

56 Similarly, section 5 of this bill prohibits a person from possessing, selling, 57 offering to sell, transferring, purchasing, transporting or receiving a firearm that is 58 not imprinted with a serial number issued by a firearms importer or manufacturer in 59 accordance with federal law and any regulations adopted thereunder unless: (1) the 60 person is a law enforcement agency or a firearms importer or manufacturer; or (2) 61 the firearm is rendered permanently inoperable or is an antique, collector's item, 62 curio or relic. Section 5 provides that a person who commits such an unlawful act: 63 (1) for the first offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and (2) for the second or 64 any subsequent offense, is guilty of a category D felony.

65 Section 6 of this bill defines the terms "antique firearm," "firearms importer or 66 manufacturer" and "unfinished frame or receiver." Section 7 of this bill makes a 67 conforming change relating to the new definitions.





THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 202 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 1 2 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 5, inclusive, of this 3 act.

4 Sec. 2. 1. A person shall not possess a firearm on a covered 5 premises without the written consent of the owner or operator of the covered premises or an agent thereof after having been warned 6 7 by the owner, operator or agent that the person is prohibited from possessing the firearm on the covered premises. 8

9 2. A sufficient warning against possessing a firearm on a covered premises, within the meaning of this section, is given by 10 posting at each public entrance of the covered premises the 11 following sign, which must be not less than 8 1/2 inches in width 12 by 11 inches in height: 13 14



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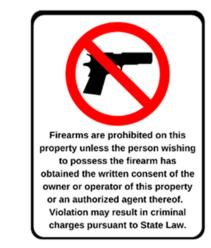
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32 *3*. In addition to posting the sign prescribed by subsection 2, if the covered premises is a public accommodation facility, the 33 covered premises may provide guests at the time of check-in with a 34 document which contains the language: "Firearms are prohibited 35 36 on this property unless the person wishing to possess the firearm has obtained the written consent of the owner or operator of this 37 38 property or an agent thereof."

Upon the posting of the sign prescribed by subsection 2 at 39 4. each public entrance of the covered premises, the owner or 40 operator of the covered premises or the agent thereof shall inform 41 a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over a violation of 42





subsection 1 that a sufficient warning within the meaning of this 1 2 section is being provided on the covered premises. 3

5. A person who violates subsection 1:

(a) For the first offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor;

5 (b) For the second offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; 6 and

7 (c) For the third or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a 8 category E felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130. 9 10

6. This section:

11 (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), applies to 12 any person entering a covered premises, including, without 13 limitation, any person who is the holder of a permit to carry a concealed firearm issued pursuant to NRS 202.3653 to 202.369, 14 15 inclusive.

16 (b) Does not apply to:

17 (1) A security guard of a covered premises or an officer of a law enforcement agency who is required to carry a firearm as part 18 of his or her official duties and who is acting in his or her official 19 20 capacity at the time of possessing the firearm on the covered 21 premises:

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(2) A residential unit owner who:

(I) Carries or stores a firearm in his or her unit;

24 (II) Carries a firearm directly to his or her unit from a location where he or she is authorized to carry or store a firearm 25 26 under this subparagraph or from his or her unit to a location 27 where he or she is authorized to carry or store a firearm under this 28 subparagraph;

29 (III) Carries or stores a firearm in his or her vehicle 30 located in a parking area designated for the residential unit 31 owner: or

(IV) Carries a firearm directly to his or her vehicle 32 located in a parking area designated for the residential unit owner 33 from a location where he or she is authorized to carry or store a 34 firearm under this subparagraph or from such a vehicle to a 35 location where he or she is authorized to carry or store a firearm 36 37 under this subparagraph;

38 39 (3) A guest of a public accommodation facility who:

(I) Purchases a firearm at a trade show in this State;

(II) Transports the purchased firearm directly from the 40 trade show to the public accommodation facility in accordance 41 42 with all applicable laws;

43 (III) Enters the public accommodation facility with the firearm unloaded and contained within a bag; and 44





1 (IV) Notifies the public accommodation facility in 2 writing that his or her bag contains an unloaded firearm; or

3 (4) If a major purpose of a trade show is the feature of 4 firearms, an employee or operator of the tradeshow who:

5 (I) Possesses or displays a firearm at the trade show 6 while acting in his or her official capacity as an employee or 7 operator of the trade show; and

8 (II) Transports an operable or inoperable firearm 9 directly between a parking garage, parking structure or staging 10 area and the trade show.

7. Nothing in this section shall:

(a) Prohibit or restrict a rule, policy or practice of an owner or
 operator of a covered premises concerning or prohibiting the
 presence of firearms on the covered premises; or

15 (b) Require an owner or operator of a covered premises to 16 adopt a rule, policy or practice concerning or prohibiting the 17 presence of firearms on the covered premises.

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8. As used in this section:

19 (a) "Consent" does not include consent that is induced by 20 force, threat or fraud.

(b) "Covered premises" means any real property owned or
operated by a person who holds a nonrestricted license, as defined
in NRS 463.0177, or any affiliate thereof. The term includes,
without limitation any tenant of the real property or establishment
located within the bounds of the real property.

(c) "Law enforcement agency" has the meaning ascribed to it
 in NRS 289.010.

28 (d) "Official capacity" includes, without limitation, the 29 observance of a meal or other authorized break.

30 (e) "Public entrance" includes, without limitation, a parking
31 lot or parking structure.

32 (f) "Residential unit owner" has the meaning ascribed to it in 33 NRS 116B.205.

(g) "Trade show" means an event of limited duration primarily
attended by members of a particular trade or industry for the
purpose of exhibiting their merchandise or services or discussing
matters of interest to members of that trade or industry.

38 Sec. 3. 1. A person shall not possess, purchase, transport or 39 receive an unfinished frame or receiver unless:

40 (a) The person is a firearms importer or manufacturer; or

41 (b) The unfinished frame or receiver is required by federal law 42 to be imprinted with a serial number issued by a firearms importer

42 to be imprinted with a serial number issued by a firearms importer
43 or manufacturer and the unfinished frame or receiver has been
44 imprinted with the serial number.

45 **2.** A person who violates this section:





1 2	(a) For the first offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and (b) For the second or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a
3	category D felony and shall be punished as provided in
3 4	NRS 193.130.
5	Sec. 3.5. 1. A person shall not sell, offer to sell or transfer
6	an unfinished frame or receiver unless:
7	(a) The person is:
8	(1) A firearms importer or manufacturer; and
9	(1) The recipient of the unfinished frame or receiver is a
10	firearms importer or manufacturer; or
10	(b) The unfinished frame or receiver is required by federal law
	to be imprinted with a serial number issued by an importer or
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13	manufacturer and the unfinished frame or receiver has been
14	imprinted with the serial number.
15	2. A person who violates this section:
16	(a) For the first offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and
17	(b) For the second or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a
18	category D felony and shall be punished as provided in
19	NRŠ 193.130.
20	Sec. 4. 1. A person shall not manufacture or cause to be
21	manufactured or assemble or cause to be assembled a firearm that
22	is not imprinted with a serial number issued by a firearms
23	importer or manufacturer in accordance with federal law and any
24	regulations adopted thereunder unless the firearm:
25	(a) Has been rendered permanently inoperable;
26	(b) Is an antique firearm; or
27	(c) Has been determined to be a collector's item pursuant to 26
28	U.S.C. Chapter 53 or a curio or relic pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
29	Chapter 44.
30	2. A person who violates this section:
31	(a) For the first offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and
32	(b) For the second or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a
33	category D felony and shall be punished as provided in
34	NRŠ 193.130.
35	3. As used in this section:
36	(a) "Assemble" means to fit together component parts.
37	(b) "Manufacture" means to fabricate, make, form, produce or
38	construct by manual labor or machinery.
39	Sec. 5. 1. A person shall not possess, sell, offer to sell,
40	transfer, purchase, transport or receive a firearm that is not
41	imprinted with a serial number issued by a firearms importer or
42	manufacturer in accordance with federal law and any regulations
43	adopted thereunder unless:
44	(a) The person is:
45	(1) A law enforcement agency; or
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- (2) A firearms importer or manufacturer; or
- 2 (b) The firearm:
 - (1) Has been rendered permanently inoperable;
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- 4 (2) Is an antique firearm; or
 5 (3) Has been determined to be a collector's item pursuant
 6 to 26 U.S.C. Chapter 53 or a curio or relic pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
 7 Chapter 44.
 - $\hat{2}$. A person who violates this section:
- 9 (a) For the first offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and
- 10 (b) For the second or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a 11 category D felony and shall be punished as provided in 12 NRS 193.130.
- 13 3. As used in this section, "law enforcement agency" has the 14 meaning ascribed to it in NRS 239C.065.
 - **Sec. 6.** NRS 202.253 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 202.253 As used in NRS 202.253 to 202.369, inclusive [+],
 and sections 2 to 5, inclusive, of this act:
- 18 1. "Antique firearm" has the meaning ascribed to it in 18 19 $U.S.C. \S 921(a)(16)$.
- 20 2. "Explosive or incendiary device" means any explosive or 21 incendiary material or substance that has been constructed, altered, 22 packaged or arranged in such a manner that its ordinary use would 23 cause destruction or injury to life or property.
- 24 [2.] 3. "Firearm" means any device designed to be used as a 25 weapon from which a projectile may be expelled through the barrel 26 by the force of any explosion or other form of combustion.
- 27 [3.] 4. "Firearm capable of being concealed upon the person"
 28 applies to and includes all firearms having a barrel less than 12
 29 inches in length.
- 30 [4.] 5. "Firearms importer or manufacturer" means a person
 31 licensed to import or manufacture firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
 32 Chapter 44.
- 6. "Machine gun" means any weapon which shoots, is
 designed to shoot or can be readily restored to shoot more than one
 shot, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.
- 36 [5.] 7. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle that is self-37 propelled.
- 38 **[6.]** 8. "Semiautomatic firearm" means any firearm that:
- 39 (a) Uses a portion of the energy of a firing cartridge to extract40 the fired cartridge case and chamber the next shell or round;
- 41 (b) Requires a separate function of the trigger to fire each 42 cartridge; and
- 43 (c) Is not a machine gun.
- 44 9. "Unfinished frame or receiver" means a blank, a casting 45 or a machined body that is intended to be turned into the frame or





lower receiver of a firearm with additional machining and which 1 2 has been formed or machined to the point at which most of the 3 major machining operations have been completed to turn the blank, casting or machined body into a frame or lower receiver of 4 5 a firearm even if the fire-control cavity area of the blank, casting 6 or machined body is still completely solid and unmachined. 7 **Sec. 7.** NRS 202.2548 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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202.2548 The provisions of NRS 202.2547 do not apply to:

9 The sale or transfer of a firearm by or to any law 1. enforcement agency and, to the extent he or she is acting within the 10 course and scope of his or her employment and official duties, any 11 12 peace officer, security guard entitled to carry a firearm under NAC 13 648.345, member of the armed forces or federal official.

14 2. The sale or transfer of an antique firearm. [, as defined in 18] U.S.C. § 921(a)(16).] 15

16 3. The sale or transfer of a firearm between immediate family 17 members, which for the purposes of this section means spouses and 18 domestic partners and any of the following relations, whether by 19 whole or half blood, adoption, or step-relation: parents, children, 20 siblings, grandparents, grandchildren, aunts, uncles, nieces and 21 nephews.

22 4. The transfer of a firearm to an executor, administrator, 23 trustee or personal representative of an estate or a trust that occurs 24 by operation of law upon the death of the former owner of the 25 firearm.

26 A temporary transfer of a firearm to a person who is not 5. 27 prohibited from buying or possessing firearms under state or federal 28 law if such transfer:

29 (a) Is necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm; 30 and

31 (b) Lasts only as long as immediately necessary to prevent such 32 imminent death or great bodily harm. 33

A temporary transfer of a firearm if: 6.

(a) The transferor has no reason to believe that the transferee is 34 35 prohibited from buying or possessing firearms under state or federal 36 law:

37 (b) The transferor has no reason to believe that the transferee 38 will use or intends to use the firearm in the commission of a crime; 39 and

40 (c) Such transfer occurs and the transferee's possession of the 41 firearm following the transfer is exclusively:

42 (1) At an established shooting range authorized by the 43 governing body of the jurisdiction in which such range is located;

44 (2) At a lawful organized competition involving the use of a 45 firearm;





1 (3) While participating in or practicing for a performance by 2 an organized group that uses firearms as a part of the public 3 performance;

4 (4) While hunting or trapping if the hunting or trapping is 5 legal in all places where the transferee possesses the firearm and the 6 transferee holds all licenses or permits required for such hunting or 7 trapping; or

8 9 (5) While in the presence of the transferor.

Sec. 8. NRS 202.340 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Except as otherwise provided for firearms 10 202.340 1. forfeitable pursuant to NRS 453.301, when any instrument or 11 12 weapon described in NRS 202.350 is taken from the possession of 13 any person charged with the commission of any public offense or 14 crime or any child charged with committing a delinquent act \mathbf{H} or when any firearm is taken from the possession of any person 15 16 charged with a third or subsequent violation of section 2 of this 17 *act*, the instrument, for weapon *or firearm* must be surrendered to:

18 (a) The head of the police force or department of an 19 incorporated city if the possession thereof was detected by any 20 member of the police force of the city; or

(b) The chief administrator of a state law enforcement agency,
for disposal pursuant to NRS 333.220, if the possession thereof was
detected by any member of the agency.

²⁴ → In all other cases, the instrument, [or] weapon or firearm must ²⁵ be surrendered to the sheriff of the county or the sheriff of the ²⁶ metropolitan police department for the county in which the ²⁷ instrument, [or] weapon or firearm was taken.

28 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the governing 29 body of the county or city or the metropolitan police committee on 30 fiscal affairs shall at least once a year order the local law 31 enforcement officer to whom any instrument , [or] weapon or 32 *firearm* is surrendered pursuant to subsection 1 to:

(a) Retain the confiscated instrument , [or] weapon or *firearm*for use by the law enforcement agency headed by the officer;

(b) Sell the confiscated instrument , [or] weapon or *firearm* to
 another law enforcement agency;

37 (c) Destroy or direct the destruction of the confiscated
38 instrument, [or] weapon or *firearm* if it is not otherwise required to
39 be destroyed pursuant to subsection 5;

(d) Trade the confiscated instrument, [or] weapon or firearm to
a properly licensed retailer or wholesaler in exchange for equipment
necessary for the performance of the agency's duties; or

43 (e) Donate the confiscated instrument, [or] weapon *or firearm* 44 to a museum, the Nevada National Guard or, if appropriate, to 45 another person for use which furthers a charitable or public interest.





3. All proceeds of a sale ordered pursuant to subsection 2 by:

2 (a) The governing body of a county or city must be deposited 3 with the county treasurer or the city treasurer and the county 4 treasurer or the city treasurer shall credit the proceeds to the general 5 fund of the county or city.

6 (b) A metropolitan police committee on fiscal affairs must be 7 deposited in a fund which was created pursuant to NRS 280.220.

8 4. Any officer receiving an order pursuant to subsection 2 shall 9 comply with the order as soon as practicable.

5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the officer to whom a confiscated instrument , **[or]** weapon *or firearm* is surrendered pursuant to subsection 1 shall:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), destroy or
direct to be destroyed any instrument , [or] weapon or firearm
which is determined to be dangerous to the safety of the public.

16 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), return any 17 instrument, [or] weapon [,] or *firearm* which has not been 18 destroyed pursuant to paragraph (a):

(1) Upon demand, to the person from whom the instrument ,
 [or] weapon or *firearm* was confiscated if the person is acquitted of
 the public offense or crime of which the person was charged; or

22 (2) To the legal owner of the instrument, [or] weapon or 23 *firearm* if the Attorney General or the district attorney determines 24 that the instrument, [or] weapon or firearm was unlawfully 25 acquired from the legal owner. If retention of the instrument, [or] 26 weapon *or firearm* is ordered or directed pursuant to paragraph (c), 27 except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a), the instrument, [or] 28 weapon or *firearm* must be returned to the legal owner as soon as 29 practicable after the order or direction is rescinded.

(c) Retain the confiscated instrument, [or] weapon or firearm
held by the officer pursuant to an order of a judge of a court of
record or by direction of the Attorney General or district attorney
that the retention is necessary for purposes of evidence, until the
order or direction is rescinded.

(d) Return any instrument , [or] weapon or *firearm* which was
stolen to its rightful owner, unless the return is otherwise prohibited
by law.

6. Before any disposition pursuant to subsection 5, the officer who is in possession of the confiscated instrument, <u>for</u> weapon *or firearm* shall submit a full description of the instrument, <u>for</u> weapon *or firearm* to a laboratory which provides forensic services in this State. The director of the laboratory shall determine whether the instrument, <u>for</u> weapon <u>firearm</u>:

(a) Must be sent to the laboratory for examination as part of acriminal investigation; or



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1 (b) Is a necessary addition to a referential collection maintained 2 by the laboratory for purposes relating to law enforcement.

3 Sec. 9. NRS 207.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 207.200 1. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to 5 NRS 200.603 [-] *or section 2 of this act*, any person who, under 6 circumstances not amounting to a burglary:

7 (a) Goes upon the land or into any building of another with 8 intent to vex or annoy the owner or occupant thereof, or to commit 9 any unlawful act; or

10 (b) Willfully goes or remains upon any land or in any building 11 after having been warned by the owner or occupant thereof not to 12 trespass,

13 \rightarrow is guilty of a misdemeanor. The meaning of this subsection is not 14 limited by subsections 2 and 4.

15 2. A sufficient warning against trespassing, within the meaning 16 of this section, is given by any of the following methods:

(a) Painting with fluorescent orange paint:

18 (1) Not less than 50 square inches of a structure or natural 19 object or the top 12 inches of a post, whether made of wood, metal 20 or other material, at:

(I) Intervals of such a distance as is necessary to ensure that at least one such structure, natural object or post would be within the direct line of sight of a person standing next to another such structure, natural object or post, but at intervals of not more than 1,000 feet; and

26 (II) Each corner of the land, upon or near the boundary; 27 and

(2) Each side of all gates, cattle guards and openings that aredesigned to allow human ingress to the area;

30 (b) Fencing the area;

31 (c) Posting "no trespassing" signs or other notice of like 32 meaning at:

(1) Intervals of such a distance as is necessary to ensure that
at least one such sign would be within the direct line of sight of a
person standing next to another such sign, but at intervals of not
more than 500 feet; and

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(2) Each corner of the land, upon or near the boundary;(d) Using the area as cultivated land; or

39 (e) By the owner or occupant of the land or building making an40 oral or written demand to any guest to vacate the land or building.

3. It is prima facie evidence of trespass for any person to be
found on private or public property which is posted or fenced as
provided in subsection 2 without lawful business with the owner or
occupant of the property.





An entryman on land under the laws of the United States is 1 4. 2 an owner within the meaning of this section.

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As used in this section: 5.

(a) "Cultivated land" means land that has been cleared of its 4 natural vegetation and is presently planted with a crop. 5

(b) "Fence" means a barrier sufficient to indicate an intent to 6 7 restrict the area to human ingress, including, but not limited to, a wall, hedge or chain link or wire mesh fence. The term does not 8 9 include a barrier made of barbed wire.

10 (c) "Guest" means any person entertained or to whom hospitality is extended, including, but not limited to, any person 11 who stays overnight. The term does not include a tenant as defined 12 13 in NRS 118A.170.

Sec. 10. 1. This section and sections 1 to 4, inclusive, and 6 14 to 9, inclusive, of this act become effective upon passage and 15 approval. 16 17

2. Section 5 of this act becomes effective on January 1, 2022.

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