FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 27

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CRAWFORD.

0469S.03P

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 49.310, 50.166, 50.327, 50.530, 59.021, 59.100, 115.127, 221.105, 451.040, and 476.083, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to political subdivisions, with existing penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 49.310, 50.166, 50.327, 50.530,

- 2 59.021, 59.100, 115.127, 221.105, 451.040, and 476.083, RSMo,
- 3 are repealed and ten new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 4 be known as sections 49.310, 50.166, 50.327, 50.530, 59.021,
- 5 59.100, 115.127, 221.105, 451.040, and 476.083, to read as
- 6 follows:
 - 49.310. 1. Except as provided in sections 221.400 to
- 2 221.420 and subsection 2 of this section, the county
- 3 commission in each county in this state shall erect and
- 4 maintain at the established seat of justice a good and
- 5 sufficient courthouse, jail and necessary fireproof
- 6 buildings for the preservation of the records of the county;
- 7 except that in counties having a special charter, the jail
- 8 or workhouse may be located at any place within the county.
- 9 In pursuance of the authority herein delegated to the county
- 10 commission, the county commission may acquire a site,

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 11 construct, reconstruct, remodel, repair, maintain and equip
- 12 the courthouse and jail, and in counties wherein more than
- one place is provided by law for holding of court, the
- 14 county commission may buy and equip or acquire a site and
- 15 construct a building or buildings to be used as a courthouse
- 16 and jail, and may remodel, repair, maintain and equip
- 17 buildings in both places. The county commission may issue
- 18 bonds as provided by the general law covering the issuance
- 19 of bonds by counties for the purposes set forth in this
- 20 section. In bond elections for these purposes in counties
- 21 wherein more than one place is provided by law for holding
- 22 of court, a separate ballot question may be submitted
- 23 covering proposed expenditures in each separate site
- 24 described therein, or a single ballot question may be
- 25 submitted covering proposed expenditures at more than one
- 26 site, if the amount of the proposed expenditures at each of
- 27 the sites is specifically set out therein.
- 28 2. The county commission in all counties of the fourth
- 29 classification and any county of the third, second, or first
- 30 classification may provide for the erection and maintenance
- 31 of a good and sufficient jail or holding cell facility at a
- 32 site in the county other than at the established seat of
- 33 justice.
- 3. For any courthouse that contains both a county
- 35 office and a courtroom, the presiding judge of the circuit
- 36 in which the courthouse is located may establish rules for
- 37 courtrooms, jury rooms, and chambers or offices of the
- 38 court, but the county commission shall have authority over
- 39 all other areas of the courthouse.
 - 50.166. 1. In all cases of claims allowed against the
- 2 county, and in all cases of grants, salaries, pay and
- 3 expenses allowed by law, the county clerk may fill in on a

- 4 form of warrant the amount due as approved by the county
- 5 commission and other necessary information. The form of the
- 6 warrant thus filled in by the county clerk may be
- 7 transmitted to the county treasurer. The warrant may be in
- 8 such form that a single instrument may serve as the warrant
- 9 and the county treasurer's draft or check, and may be so
- 10 designed that it is a nonnegotiable warrant when signed by
- 11 the county clerk and becomes a negotiable check or draft
- 12 after it has been signed by the county treasurer.
- 2. Upon request, the county treasurer shall have
- 14 access to any financially relevant document in the
- 15 possession of any county official for the purposes of
- 16 processing a warrant, unless such warrant is received in the
- 17 absence of a check then the county treasurer shall have
- 18 access to the information necessary to process the warrant.
- 3. No official of any county shall refuse a request
- 20 from the county treasurer for access to or a copy of any
- 21 document in the possession of a county official that is
- 22 financially relevant to his or her duties under section
- 23 50.330, except that any county official may redact, remove,
- 24 or delete any personal identifying information, including a
- 25 Social Security number, financial account numbers, medical
- 26 information, or any other personal identifying information,
- 27 before submission to the county treasurer.
- 28 4. No county treasurer shall refuse to release funds
- 29 for the payment of any properly approved expenditure.
 - 50.327. 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of
- 2 law to the contrary, the salary schedules contained in
- 3 sections 49.082, 50.334, 50.343, 51.281, 51.282, 52.269,
- 4 53.082, 53.083, 54.261, 54.320, 55.091, 56.265, 57.317,
- 58.095, and 473.742 shall be set as a base schedule for
- 6 those county officials. Except when it is necessary to

- 7 increase newly elected or reelected county officials'
- 8 salaries, in accordance with Section 13, Article VII,
- 9 Constitution of Missouri, to comply with the requirements of
- 10 this section, the salary commission in all counties except
- 11 charter counties in this state shall be responsible for the
- 12 computation of salaries of all county officials; provided,
- 13 however, that any percentage salary adjustments in a county
- 14 shall be equal for all such officials in that county.
- 15 2. Upon majority approval of the salary commission,
- 16 the annual compensation of part-time prosecutors contained
- in section 56.265 and the county offices contained in
- 18 sections 49.082, 50.334, 50.343, 51.281, 51.282, 52.269,
- 19 53.082, 53.083, 54.261, 54.320, 55.091, 58.095, and 473.742
- 20 may be increased by up to two thousand dollars greater than
- 21 the compensation provided by the salary schedules; provided,
- 22 however, that any vote to increase compensation be effective
- 23 for all county offices in that county.
- 24 3. Upon majority approval of the salary commission,
- 25 the annual compensation of a county sheriff as provided in
- 26 section 57.317 may be increased by up to six thousand
- 27 dollars greater than the compensation provided by the salary
- 28 schedule of such section.
- 29 4. The salary commission of any county of the third
- 30 classification may amend the base schedules for the
- 31 computation of salaries for county officials referenced in
- 32 subsection 1 of this section to include assessed valuation
- 33 factors in excess of three hundred million dollars; provided
- 34 that the percentage of any adjustments in assessed valuation
- 35 factors shall be equal for all such officials in that county.
- 36 5. Upon the majority approval of the salary
- 37 commission, the annual compensation of a county coroner of
- 38 any county of the second classification as provided in

section 58.095 may be increased up to fourteen thousand dollars greater than the compensation provided by the salary schedule of such section.

50.530. As used in sections 50.530 to 50.745:

- 2 (1) "Accounting officer" means county auditor in 3 counties of the first and second classifications and the 4 county clerks in counties of the third and fourth 5 classifications;
- "Budget officer" means such person, as may, from 6 7 time to time, be appointed by the county commission of counties of the first classification except in counties of 8 the first classification with a population of less than one 9 10 hundred thousand inhabitants according to the official United States Census of 1970 the county auditor shall be the 11 chief budget officer, the presiding commissioner of the 12 county commission in counties of the second classification, 13 14 unless the county commission designates the county clerk as budget officer, and the county clerk in counties of the 15 third and fourth classification. [Notwithstanding the 16 provisions of this subdivision to the contrary, in any 17 county of the first classification with more than eighty-two 18 thousand but fewer than eighty-two thousand one hundred 19 inhabitants, the presiding commissioner shall be the budget 20 21 officer unless the county commission designates the county clerk as the budget officer.] 22
- 59.021. A candidate for county recorder where the

 offices of the clerk of the court and recorder of deeds are

 separate, except in any city not within a county or any

 county having a charter form of government, shall be at

 least twenty-one years of age, a registered voter, and a

 resident of the state of Missouri as well as the county in

 which he or she is a candidate for at least one year prior

- 8 to the date of the general election. Upon election to
- 9 office, the person shall continue to reside in that county
- 10 during his or her tenure in office. Each candidate for
- 11 county recorder shall provide to the election authority a
- 12 copy of an affidavit from a surety company authorized to do
- 13 business in this state that indicates the candidate is able
- 14 to satisfy the bond requirements under section 59.100.
 - 59.100. 1. Every recorder elected as provided in
- 2 section 59.020, before entering upon the duties of the
- 3 office as recorder, shall enter into bond to the state, in a
- 4 sum set by the county commission [of not less than one
- 5 thousand dollars], with sufficient sureties, not less than
- 6 two, to be approved by the commission, conditioned for the
- 7 faithful performance of the duties enjoined on such person
- 8 by law as recorder, and for the delivering up of the
- 9 records, books, papers, writings, seals, furniture and
- 10 apparatus belonging to the office, whole, safe and
- 11 undefaced, to such officer's successor.
- 2. For a recorder elected after December 31, 2021, the
- 13 bond shall be no less than five thousand dollars. For a
- 14 recorder elected before January 1, 2022, the bond shall be
- 15 no less than one thousand dollars.
 - 115.127. 1. Except as provided in subsection 4 of
- 2 this section, upon receipt of notice of a special election
- 3 to fill a vacancy submitted pursuant to subsection 2 of
- 4 section 115.125, the election authority shall cause legal
- 5 notice of the special election to be published in a
- 6 newspaper of general circulation in its jurisdiction. The
- 7 notice shall include the name of the officer or agency
- 8 calling the election, the date and time of the election, the
- 9 name of the office to be filled and the date by which
- 10 candidates must be selected or filed for the office. Within

- 11 one week prior to each special election to fill a vacancy
- 12 held in its jurisdiction, the election authority shall cause
- 13 legal notice of the election to be published in two
- 14 newspapers of different political faith and general
- 15 circulation in the jurisdiction. The legal notice shall
- 16 include the date and time of the election, the name of the
- 17 officer or agency calling the election and a sample ballot.
- 18 If there is only one newspaper of general circulation in the
- 19 jurisdiction, the notice shall be published in the newspaper
- 20 within one week prior to the election. If there are two or
- 21 more newspapers of general circulation in the jurisdiction,
- 22 but no two of opposite political faith, the notice shall be
- 23 published in any two of the newspapers within one week prior
- 24 to the election.
- 25 2. Except as provided in subsections 1 and 4 of this
- 26 section and in sections 115.521, 115.549 and 115.593, the
- 27 election authority shall cause legal notice of each election
- 28 held in its jurisdiction to be published. The notice shall
- 29 be published in two newspapers of different political faith
- 30 and qualified pursuant to chapter 493 which are published
- 31 within the bounds of the area holding the election. If
- 32 there is only one so-qualified newspaper, then notice shall
- 33 be published in only one newspaper. If there is no
- 34 newspaper published within the bounds of the election area,
- 35 then the notice shall be published in two qualified
- 36 newspapers of different political faith serving the area.
- 37 Notice shall be published twice, the first publication
- 38 occurring in the second week prior to the election, and the
- 39 second publication occurring within one week prior to the
- 40 election. Each such legal notice shall include the date and
- 41 time of the election, the name of the officer or agency
- 42 calling the election and a sample ballot; and, unless notice

- 43 has been given as provided by section 115.129, the second
- 44 publication of notice of the election shall include the
- 45 location of polling places. The election authority may
- 46 provide any additional notice of the election it deems
- 47 desirable.
- 48 3. The election authority shall print the official
- 49 ballot as the same appears on the sample ballot, and no
- 50 candidate's name or ballot issue which appears on the sample
- 51 ballot or official printed ballot shall be stricken or
- 52 removed from the ballot except on death of a candidate or by
- 53 court order, but in no event shall a candidate or issue be
- 54 stricken or removed from the ballot less than eight weeks
- 55 before the date of the election.
- 4. In lieu of causing legal notice to be published in
- 57 accordance with any of the provisions of this chapter, the
- 58 election authority in jurisdictions which have less than
- 59 seven hundred fifty registered voters and in which no
- 60 newspaper qualified pursuant to chapter 493 is published,
- 61 may cause legal notice to be mailed during the second week
- 62 prior to the election, by first class mail, to each
- 63 registered voter at the voter's voting address. All such
- 64 legal notices shall include the date and time of the
- 65 election, the location of the polling place, the name of the
- 66 officer or agency calling the election and a sample ballot.
- 5. If the opening date for filing a declaration of
- 68 candidacy for any office in a political subdivision or
- 69 special district is not required by law or charter, the
- 70 opening filing date shall be 8:00 a.m., the [sixteenth]
- 71 **seventeenth** Tuesday prior to the election[, except that for
- 72 any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand
- 73 inhabitants and located in more than one county and any
- 74 political subdivision or special district located in such

- 75 city, the opening filing date shall be 8:00 a.m., the 76 fifteenth Tuesday prior to the election]. If the closing 77 date for filing a declaration of candidacy for any office in a political subdivision or special district is not required 78 79 by law or charter, the closing filing date shall be 5:00 80 p.m., the [eleventh] fourteenth Tuesday prior to the election. The political subdivision or special district 81 calling an election shall, before the [sixteenth] 82 83 seventeenth Tuesday, [or the fifteenth Tuesday for any home 84 rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county or any political 85 subdivision or special district located in such city,] prior 86 87 to any election at which offices are to be filled, notify the general public of the opening filing date, the office or 88 offices to be filled, the proper place for filing and the 89 90 closing filing date of the election. Such notification may 91 be accomplished by legal notice published in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the political 92 subdivision or special district. 93 6. Except as provided for in sections 115.247 and 94 115.359, if there is no additional cost for the printing or 95 reprinting of ballots or if the candidate agrees to pay any 96 97 printing or reprinting costs, a candidate who has filed for 98 an office or who has been duly nominated for an office may, 99 at any time after the certification of the notice of election required in subsection 1 of section 115.125 but no 100 101 later than 5:00 p.m. on the eighth Tuesday before the election, withdraw as a candidate pursuant to a court order, 102 which, except for good cause shown by the election authority 103 104 in opposition thereto, shall be freely given upon
- application by the candidate to the circuit court of the area of such candidate's residence.

- 221.105. 1. The governing body of any county and of any city not within a county shall fix the amount to be expended for the cost of incarceration of prisoners confined in jails or medium security institutions. The per diem cost of incarceration of these prisoners chargeable by the law to the state shall be determined, subject to the review and approval of the department of corrections.
- 8 When the final determination of any criminal 9 prosecution shall be such as to render the state liable for 10 costs under existing laws, it shall be the duty of the sheriff to certify to the clerk of the circuit court or 11 court of common pleas in which the case was determined the 12 13 total number of days any prisoner who was a party in such case remained in the county jail. It shall be the duty of 14 the county commission to supply the cost per diem for county 15 prisons to the clerk of the circuit court on the first day 16 of each year, and thereafter whenever the amount may be 17 changed. It shall then be the duty of the clerk of the 18 court in which the case was determined to include in the 19 bill of cost against the state all fees which are properly 20 chargeable to the state. In any city not within a county it 21 22 shall be the duty of the superintendent of any facility boarding prisoners to certify to the chief executive officer 23 24 of such city not within a county the total number of days 25 any prisoner who was a party in such case remained in such 26 facility. It shall be the duty of the superintendents of 27 such facilities to supply the cost per diem to the chief executive officer on the first day of each year, and 28 29 thereafter whenever the amount may be changed. It shall be the duty of the chief executive officer to bill the state 30 all fees for boarding such prisoners which are properly 31 chargeable to the state. The chief executive may by 32

- 33 notification to the department of corrections delegate such
- 34 responsibility to another duly sworn official of such city
- 35 not within a county. The clerk of the court of any city not
- 36 within a county shall not include such fees in the bill of
- 37 costs chargeable to the state. The department of
- 38 corrections shall revise its criminal cost manual in
- 39 accordance with this provision.
- 40 3. Except as provided under subsection 6 of section
- 41 217.718, the actual costs chargeable to the state, including
- 42 those incurred for a prisoner who is incarcerated in the
- 43 county jail because the prisoner's parole or probation has
- 44 been revoked or because the prisoner has, or allegedly has,
- 45 violated any condition of the prisoner's parole or
- 46 probation, and such parole or probation is a consequence of
- 47 a violation of a state statute, or the prisoner is a
- 48 fugitive from the Missouri department of corrections or
- 49 otherwise held at the request of the Missouri department of
- 50 corrections regardless of whether or not a warrant has been
- 51 issued shall be the actual cost of incarceration not to
- 52 exceed:
- (1) Until July 1, 1996, seventeen dollars per day per
- 54 prisoner;
- 55 (2) On and after July 1, 1996, twenty dollars per day
- 56 per prisoner;
- 57 (3) On and after July 1, 1997, up to thirty-seven
- 58 dollars and fifty cents per day per prisoner, subject to
- 59 appropriations[, but not less than the amount appropriated
- in the previous fiscal year.
- 61 4. The presiding judge of a judicial circuit may
- 62 propose expenses to be reimbursable by the state on behalf
- 63 of one or more of the counties in that circuit. Proposed
- 64 reimbursable expenses may include pretrial assessment and

- 65 supervision strategies for defendants who are ultimately
- 66 eligible for state incarceration. A county may not receive
- 67 more than its share of the amount appropriated in the
- 68 previous fiscal year, inclusive of expenses proposed by the
- 69 presiding judge. Any county shall convey such proposal to
- 70 the department, and any such proposal presented by a
- 71 presiding judge shall include the documented agreement with
- 72 the proposal by the county governing body, prosecuting
- 73 attorney, at least one associate circuit judge, and the
- 74 officer of the county responsible for custody or
- 75 incarceration of prisoners of the county represented in the
- 76 proposal. Any county that declines to convey a proposal to
- 77 the department, pursuant to the provisions of this
- 78 subsection, shall receive its per diem cost of incarceration
- 79 for all prisoners chargeable to the state in accordance with
- 80 the provisions of subsections 1, 2, and 3 of this section.
 - 451.040. 1. Previous to any marriage in this state, a
- 2 license for that purpose shall be obtained from the officer
- 3 authorized to issue the same, and no marriage contracted
- 4 shall be recognized as valid unless the license has been
- 5 previously obtained, and unless the marriage is solemnized
- 6 by a person authorized by law to solemnize marriages.
- 7 2. Before applicants for a marriage license shall
- 8 receive a license, and before the recorder of deeds shall be
- 9 authorized to issue a license, the parties to the marriage
- 10 shall present an application for the license, duly executed
- 11 and signed in the presence of the recorder of deeds or their
- 12 deputy or electronically through an online process. If an
- 13 applicant is unable to sign the application in the presence
- of the recorder of deeds as a result of the applicant's
- 15 incarceration or because the applicant has been called or

- ordered to active military duty out of the state or country,
- 17 the recorder of deeds may issue a license if:
- 18 (1) An affidavit or sworn statement is submitted by
- 19 the incarcerated or military applicant on a form furnished
- 20 by the recorder of deeds which includes the necessary
- 21 information for the recorder of deeds to issue a marriage
- 22 license under this section. The form shall include, but not
- 23 be limited to, the following:
- 24 (a) The names of both applicants for the marriage
- 25 license;
- 26 (b) The date of birth of the incarcerated or military
- 27 applicant;
- 28 (c) An attestation by the incarcerated or military
- 29 applicant that both applicants are not related;
- 30 (d) The date the marriage ended if the incarcerated or
- 31 military applicant was previously married;
- 32 (e) An attestation signed by the incarcerated or
- 33 military applicant stating in substantial part that the
- 34 applicant is unable to appear in the presence of the
- 35 recorder of deeds as a result of the applicant's
- 36 incarceration or because the applicant has been called or
- 37 ordered to active military duty out of the state or country,
- 38 which will be verified by the professional or official who
- 39 directs the operation of the jail or prison or the military
- 40 applicant's military officer, or such professional's or
- 41 official's designee, and acknowledged by a notary public
- 42 commissioned by the state of Missouri at the time of
- 43 verification. However, in the case of an applicant who is
- 44 called or ordered to active military duty outside Missouri,
- 45 [acknowledgement] acknowledgment may be obtained by a notary
- 46 public who is duly commissioned by a state other than
- 47 Missouri or by notarial services of a military officer in

- 48 accordance with the Uniform Code of Military Justice at the 49 time of verification;
- 50 (2) The completed marriage license application of the
- 51 incarcerated or military applicant is submitted which
- 52 includes the applicant's Social Security number; except
- 53 that, in the event the applicant does not have a Social
- 54 Security number, a sworn statement by the applicant to that
- 55 effect; and
- 56 (3) A copy of a government-issued identification for
- 57 the incarcerated or military applicant which contains the
- 58 applicant's photograph. However, in such case the
- 59 incarcerated applicant does not have such an identification
- 60 because the jail or prison to which he or she is confined
- 61 does not issue an identification with a photo his or her
- 62 notarized application shall satisfy this requirement.
- 3. Each application for a license shall contain the
- 64 Social Security number of the applicant, provided that the
- 65 applicant in fact has a Social Security number, or the
- 66 applicant shall sign a statement provided by the recorder
- 67 that the applicant does not have a Social Security number.
- 68 The Social Security number contained in an application for a
- 69 marriage license shall be exempt from examination and
- 70 copying pursuant to section 610.024. After the receipt of
- 71 the application the recorder of deeds shall issue the
- 72 license, unless one of the parties withdraws the
- 73 application. The license shall be void after thirty days
- 74 from the date of issuance.
- 75 4. Any person violating the provisions of this section
- 76 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 77 5. Common-law marriages shall be null and void.
- 78 6. Provided, however, that no marriage shall be deemed
- 79 or adjudged invalid, nor shall the validity be in any way

marriage.

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- affected for want of authority in any person so solemnizing the marriage pursuant to section 451.100, if consummated with the full belief on the part of the persons, so married, or either of them, that they were lawfully joined in
 - 7. In the event a recorder of deeds utilizes an online process to accept applications for a marriage license or to issue a marriage license and the applicants' identity has not been verified in person, the recorder shall have a twostep identity verification process or a process that independently verifies the identity of such applicants. Such process shall be adopted as part of any electronic system for marriage licenses if the applicants do not present themselves to the recorder or his or her designee in It shall be the responsibility of the recorder to ensure any process adopted to allow electronic application or issuance of a marriage license verifies the identities of The recorder shall not accept applications both applicants. for or issue marriage licenses through the process provided in this subsection unless at least one of the applicants is a resident of the county or city not within a county in which the application was submitted.
- 476.083. 1. In addition to any appointments made 2 pursuant to section 485.010, the presiding judge of each circuit containing one or more facilities operated by the 3 4 department of corrections with an average total inmate 5 population in all such facilities in the circuit over the 6 previous two years of more than two thousand five hundred 7 inmates or containing, as of January 1, 2016, a diagnostic 8 and reception center operated by the department of corrections and a mental health facility operated by the 9 department of mental health which houses persons found not 10

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- quilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or defect 11 12 under chapter 552 and provides sex offender rehabilitation 13 and treatment services (SORTS) may appoint a circuit court marshal to aid the presiding judge in the administration of 14 15 the judicial business of the circuit by overseeing the 16 physical security of [the courthouse,] courtrooms, jury rooms, and chambers or offices of the court; serving court-17 18 generated papers and orders[,]; and assisting the judges of 19 the circuit as the presiding judge determines appropriate. 20 Such circuit court marshal appointed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall serve at the pleasure of 21 the presiding judge. The circuit court marshal authorized 22 by this section is in addition to staff support from the 23 circuit clerks, deputy circuit clerks, division clerks, 24
- 27 2. The salary of a circuit court marshal shall be established by the presiding judge of the circuit within 28 29 funds made available for that purpose, but such salary shall not exceed ninety percent of the salary of the highest paid 30 sheriff serving a county wholly or partially within that 31 circuit. Personnel authorized by this section shall be paid 32 from state funds or federal grant moneys which are available 33 34 for that purpose and not from county funds.

municipal clerks, and any other staff personnel which may

otherwise be provided by law.

35 3. Any person appointed as a circuit court marshal 36 pursuant to this section shall have at least five years' 37 prior experience as a law enforcement officer. In addition, any such person shall within one year after appointment, or 38 39 as soon as practicable, attend a court security school or training program operated by the United States Marshal 40 Service. In addition to all other powers and duties 41 prescribed in this section, a circuit court marshal may: 42

43 (1) Serve process;

44 (2) Wear a concealable firearm; and

45 (3) Make an arrest based upon local court rules and

46 state law, and as directed by the presiding judge of the

47 circuit.

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