## SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

## SENATE BILL NO. 852

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Financial and Governmental Organizations and Elections, April 3, 2014, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

5816S.02C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 84.340 and 571.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to corporate security advisors, with a penalty provision and an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 84.340 and 571.030, RSMo, are repealed and three

- 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 84.340, 571.030 and
- 3 590.750, to read as follows:
  - 84.340. Except as provided under section 590.750, the police
- 2 commissioner of the said cities shall have power to regulate and license all
- 3 private watchmen, private detectives and private policemen, serving or acting as
- 4 such in said cities, and no person shall act as such private watchman, private
- 5 detective or private policeman in said cities without first having obtained the
- 6 written license of the president or acting president of said police commissioners
- 7 of the said cities, under pain of being guilty of a misdemeanor.
  - 571.030. 1. A person commits the crime of unlawful use of weapons if he
- 2 or she knowingly:
- 3 (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm,
- 4 a blackjack or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use; or
- 5 (2) Sets a spring gun; or
- 6 (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train,
- 7 boat, aircraft, or motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or
- 8 structure used for the assembling of people; or
- 9 (4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily

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10 capable of lethal use in an angry or threatening manner; or

- (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his or her person, while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such firearm or projectile weapon in either a negligent or unlawful manner or discharges such firearm or projectile weapon unless acting in self-defense; or
- 15 (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied 16 schoolhouse, courthouse, or church building; or
- 17 (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, 18 on, along or across a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any 19 outbuilding; or
  - (8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any church or place where people have assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any election day, or into any building owned or occupied by any agency of the federal government, state government, or political subdivision thereof; or
  - (9) Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section 301.010, discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other motor vehicle, or at any building or habitable structure, unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense; or
  - (10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board.
  - 2. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to the persons described in this subsection, regardless of whether such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties except as otherwise provided in this subsection. Subdivisions (3), (4), (6), (7), and (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to or affect any of the following persons, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties, except as otherwise provided in this subsection:
- 41 (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the 42 training required by the police officer standards and training commission 43 pursuant to sections 590.030 to 590.050 and who possess the duty and power of 44 arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for violation of 45 ordinances of counties or municipalities of the state, whether such officers are on

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or off duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or all qualified retired peace officers, as defined in subsection 11 of this section, and who carry the identification defined in subsection 12 of this section, or any person summoned by such officers to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;

- 52 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails 53 and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;
- 54 (3) Members of the Armed Forces or National Guard while performing 55 their official duty;
- 56 (4) Those persons vested by article V, section 1 of the Constitution of 57 Missouri with the judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article 58 III of the Constitution of the United States with the judicial power of the United 59 States, the members of the federal judiciary;
- 60 (5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or 61 criminal;
- 62 (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined 63 under the federal flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921 regardless 64 of whether such officers are on duty, or within the law enforcement agency's 65 jurisdiction;
- 66 (7) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and 67 members of the board of probation and parole;
  - (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the requirements of the regulations established by the [board of police commissioners under section 84.340] department of public safety under section 590.750;
- 71 (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical examiner;
- 73 (10) Any prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney or any 74 circuit attorney or assistant circuit attorney who has completed the firearms 75 safety training course required under subsection 2 of section 571.111;
- (11) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district who is employed on a full-time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit under section 571.111 when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties; and
  - (12) Upon the written approval of the governing body of a fire department

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or fire protection district, any paid fire department or fire protection district chief who is employed on a full-time basis and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties.

- 3. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section do not apply when the actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible. Subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person twenty-one years of age or older or eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces, or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, transporting a concealable firearm in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile weapon for the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or upon premises over which the actor has possession, authority or control, or is traveling in a continuous journey peaceably through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply if the firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed by a person while traversing school premises for the purposes of transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a school-sanctioned firearm-related event or club event.
- 4. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any person who has a valid concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued before August 28, 2013, or a valid permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political subdivision of another state.
- 5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031.
- 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the state shall not prohibit any state employee from having a firearm in the employee's vehicle on the state's property provided that the vehicle is locked and the firearm is not visible. This subsection shall only apply to the state as an employer when the state employee's vehicle is on property owned or leased by the state and the state employee is conducting activities within the scope of his or her employment. For the purposes of this subsection, "state employee" means an

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employee of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the government of the state of Missouri.

- 7. Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually participate in school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other school-sponsored or club-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student does not carry a firearm or other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board.
- 8. Unlawful use of weapons is a class D felony unless committed pursuant 127 128 to subdivision (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of this section, in which cases it is a 129 class B misdemeanor, or subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section, in 130 which case it is a class A misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class D felony if the firearm is loaded, or subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section, 131 132 in which case it is a class B felony, except that if the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to another person, it is 133 134 a class A felony.
- 9. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be punished as follows:
- 137 (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum 138 authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony;
  - (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a term of ten years;
  - (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the possibility of parole, probation, or conditional release;
- 147 (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person, 148 a person shall be sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.
- 149 10. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the 150 violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the 151 same penalty as that prescribed by this section for violations by other persons.
- 152 11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who pleads 153 guilty to or is found guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1 of this section shall

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- receive a suspended imposition of sentence if such person has previously received a suspended imposition of sentence for any other firearms- or weapons-related felony offense.
- 157 12. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an 158 individual who:
- 159 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace 160 officer, other than for reasons of mental instability;
- 161 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or 162 supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the 163 incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and had statutory powers of 164 arrest;
- 165 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for 166 an aggregate of fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency, 167 after completing any applicable probationary period of such service, due to a 168 service-connected disability, as determined by such agency;
- 169 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the 170 agency if such a plan is available;
- 171 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense 172 of the individual, the standards for training and qualification for active peace 173 officers to carry firearms;
  - (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance; and
  - (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.
- 177 13. The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section is:
- (1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or
  - (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired from service as a peace officer; and
- 187 (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that 188 indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date 189 the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found

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by the state to meet the standards established by the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

590.750. 1. The department of public safety shall have the sole authority to regulate and license all corporate security advisors. The authority and jurisdiction of a corporate security advisor shall be limited only by the geographical limits of the state, unless the corporate security advisor's license is recognized by the laws or regulations of another state or the federal government.

- 2. Acting as a corporate security advisor without a license from
   8 the department of public safety is a class A misdemeanor.
- 9 3. The director may promulgate rules to implement the 10 provisions of this section under chapter 536 and section 590.190.
- 4. Any corporate security advisor licensed as of February 1, 2014 shall not be required to apply for a new license from the department until the advisor's license expires or is otherwise revoked.

Section B. Because of the need to provide for the regulation and licensure of corporate security advisors, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.

