## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## **HOUSE BILL NO. 421**

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE LEWIS (25).

0478H.02I

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

## AN ACT

To repeal section 542.271, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fifteen new sections relating to the firearm violence prevention act, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 542.271, RSMo, is repealed and fifteen new sections enacted in

- 2 lieu thereof, to be known as sections 542.271, 571.801, 571.802, 571.803, 571.804, 571.805,
- 571.806, 571.808, 571.809, 571.810, 571.811, 571.812, 571.813, 571.814, and 571.815, to
- 4 read as follows:

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- 542.271. 1. A warrant may be issued to search for and seize, or photograph, copy or 2 record any of the following:
- Property, article, material, or substance that constitutes evidence of the 4 commission of a criminal offense; or
- (2) Property which has been stolen or acquired in any other manner declared an 6 offense by chapters 569 and 570; or
- 7 (3) Property owned by any person furnishing public communications services to the general public subject to the regulations of the public service commission if such person has failed to remove the property within a reasonable time after receipt of a written notice from a peace officer stating that such property is being used as an instrumentality in the commission of an offense; or 11
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  - (4) Property for which possession is an offense under the law of this state; or
- 13 (5) Property for which seizure is authorized or directed by any statute of this state; or

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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- 14 (6) Property which has been used by the owner or used with his acquiescence or consent as a raw material or as an instrument to manufacture or produce any thing for which 15 possession is an offense under the laws of this state.
  - 2. A warrant may be issued to search for and rescue a kidnapped person.
- 18 3. A warrant may be issued to search for any person for whom a valid felony arrest 19 warrant is outstanding.
- 20 4. A warrant may be issued to search for and seize any deceased human fetus or 21 corpse, or part thereof.
  - 5. A warrant may be issued to search for and seize any firearm in the possession of a person subject to an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection order if there is probable cause to believe the person is in possession of one or more firearms.
- 26 6. The provisions of sections 542.261 to 542.296 and section 542.301 shall prevail 27 over any rules and regulations promulgated by any state governmental agency, commission or 28 board, to the contrary notwithstanding.
  - 571.801. Sections 571.801 to 571.815 shall be known and may be cited as the "Firearm Violence Prevention Act".

571.802. As used in sections 571.801 to 571.815, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Extreme risk protection order", either a temporary order or a continuing 3 order granted under sections 571.801 to 571.815;
  - (2) "Family or household member", with respect to a respondent, any:
  - (a) Person related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the respondent;
  - (b) Person who has a child in common with the respondent, regardless of whether such person has been married to the respondent or has lived together with the respondent at any time;
- 9 (c) Person who regularly resides with the respondent or regularly resided with the respondent within the last six months; 10
  - (d) Domestic partner of the respondent;
  - (e) Person who has a biological or legal parent-child relationship with the respondent, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren;
    - (f) Dating partner of the respondent; or
    - (g) Person who is acting or has acted as the respondent's legal guardian;
- "Firearm", any handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other instrument or device 17 capable or intended to be capable of discharging bullets, cartridges, or other explosive 19 charges;

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20 (4) "Petitioner", the person who petitions for an extreme risk protection order 21 under sections 571.801 to 571.815;

- (5) "Respondent", the person who is identified as the respondent in a petition filed under sections 571.801 to 571.815.
- 1. A family or household member of the respondent or a law enforcement officer or agency may request a temporary extreme risk protection order without notice to the respondent by including in the petition for an extreme risk protection order an affidavit, signed under oath and penalty of perjury, supporting the issuance of a temporary extreme risk protection order that sets forth the facts to 6 establish the grounds of the petition or the reason for believing the grounds exist. The petition shall comply with the requirements of subsection 3 of section 571.804. If a petition described under section 552.020 is also filed against the respondent, the court may hear that petition at the same time as the hearing for a temporary extreme risk protection order or the hearing for extending an extreme risk protection order.
  - 2. In considering whether to issue a temporary extreme risk protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence, including the evidence described under subsection 3 of section 571.805.
  - 3. If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that, based on the evidence presented under subsection 3 of section 571.805, the respondent poses a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall issue a temporary extreme risk protection order.
  - 4. The court shall hold a temporary extreme risk protection order hearing in person or by telephone on the day the petition is filed or on the court day immediately following the day the petition is filed.
  - 5. (1) In accordance with subsection 1 of section 571.805, the court shall schedule a hearing within seven days after the issuance of a temporary extreme risk protection order to determine if a one-hundred-eighty-two-day extreme risk protection order should be issued. Notice of the hearing date shall be included with the temporary extreme risk protection order served on the respondent. The court shall provide notice of the hearing date to the petitioner. Either party may request a different date for the hearing that is beyond the initial seven days but no later than an additional seven days from the issuance of the temporary extreme risk protection order with good cause shown. If the court reschedules the hearing, the court shall provide notice of the new date to the petitioner and respondent, and the temporary extreme risk protection order shall stay in effect until the new hearing date.

33 (2) Any issued temporary extreme risk protection order shall expire on the date 34 and time of the hearing on the extreme risk protection order petition or upon the 35 withdrawal of the petition. 36

- 6. A temporary extreme risk protection order shall include:
- 37 (1) A statement of the grounds asserted for the order;
  - (2) The date and time the order is issued;
- 39 (3) The date and time the order expires;
  - (4) The address of the court in which any responsive pleading shall be filed;
- 41 (5) The date and time of the scheduled hearing;
- 42 (6) The requirements for surrender of firearms under section 571.809; and
- 43 (7) The following statement:

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To the subject of this temporary extreme risk protection order:

This order is valid until the date and time noted above. You shall not have in your custody or control a firearm or purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or receive a firearm while this order is in effect. You must immediately surrender to the (law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the respondent resides) all firearms in your custody, control, or possession, and any concealed carry permit issued to you. A hearing will be held on the date and at the time noted above to determine if a full extreme risk protection order should be issued. Failure to appear at that hearing may result in a court entering an order against you that is valid for one hundred eighty-two days. You may seek the advice of an attorney as to any matter connected with this order.

- 7. A law enforcement officer shall serve a temporary extreme risk protection order concurrently with the notice of hearing and petition in the same manner as under section 571.805 for service of the notice of hearing where the respondent resides or where the firearms of concern are located.
- 62 8. (1) If the court issues a temporary extreme risk protection order, the court 63 shall state the particular reasons for the court's issuance.
- 64 (2) If the court declines to issue a temporary extreme risk protection order, the 65 court shall state the particular reasons for the court's denial.
- 571.804. 1. A petition for an extreme risk protection order may be filed by a 2 family or household member of the respondent or a law enforcement officer or agency. If the petition is filed by a law enforcement officer or agency, the officer or agency shall

be represented in any judicial proceeding by a county or city attorney upon request. If the petition is filed by a family or household member, the petitioner, to the best of his or her ability, shall notify the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the respondent resides or where the firearms are located of the petition and of the hearing date with enough advance notice to allow for participation or attendance.

- 2. A petition for an extreme risk protection order shall be filed with a court in the county where the respondent resides or where the firearms are located.
  - 3. A petition shall:

- (1) Allege that the respondent poses a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. The allegation shall be accompanied by an affidavit, signed under oath and penalty of perjury, stating the specific statements, actions, or facts that give rise to a reasonable fear of future dangerous acts by the respondent;
- (2) Identify the number, types, and locations of any firearms the petitioner believes to be in the respondent's current ownership, possession, custody, or control;
- (3) Identify whether the respondent is a party to an existing domestic abuse protection order; and
- (4) Identify any pending lawsuit, complaint, petition, or other action between the parties to the petition pursuant to Missouri law or federal law.
- 4. The court shall verify the terms of any existing order identified under subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this section governing the parties. The court shall not delay granting relief because of the existence of a pending action between the parties or the necessity of verifying the terms of an existing order. A petition for an extreme risk protection order may be granted regardless of a pending action between the parties.
- 5. If the petitioner is a law enforcement officer or agency, the petitioner shall make a good faith effort to provide notice to a family or household member of the respondent and to any known third party who may be at risk of violence. The notice shall state that the petitioner intends to file, or has already so filed, a petition for an extreme risk protection order and shall include referrals to appropriate resources including, but not limited to, mental health, domestic violence, and counseling resources. The petitioner shall attest in the petition to having provided the notice or attest to the steps that will be taken to provide the notice.
- 6. If the petition states that disclosure of the petitioner's address would risk harm to the petitioner or any family or household member of the petitioner, the petitioner's address may be omitted from all documents filed with the court. If the petitioner has not disclosed an address pursuant to this subsection, the petitioner shall designate an alternative address at which the respondent may serve notice of any

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41 motions. If the petitioner is a law enforcement officer or agency, the address of record 42 shall be that of the law enforcement agency.

- 7. A court or public agency shall not charge a fee for filing or service of process to a petitioner seeking relief under sections 571.801 to 571.815. A petitioner shall be provided the necessary number of certified copies, forms, and instructional brochures free of charge.
- 8. A person shall not be required to post a bond to obtain relief in any proceeding under this section.
- 9. The associate circuit court and circuit courts of the state of Missouri shall have jurisdiction over proceedings under sections 571.801 to 571.815.
- 571.805. 1. (1) Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall order a hearing and issue a notice to the respondent. The court shall provide the notice of the hearing no later than one court day after the date of the extreme risk protection order petition. The court may schedule a hearing by telephone to reasonably accommodate a disability or, in exceptional circumstances, to protect a petitioner from potential harm. The court shall require assurances of the petitioner's identity before conducting a telephonic hearing.
  - (2) On or before the next court day, the court clerk shall forward a copy of the notice of the hearing and petition to the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the respondent resides or where the firearms are located for service upon the respondent.
  - (3) A copy of the notice of hearing and petition shall be served upon the respondent. Service issued under this section shall take precedence over the service of other documents unless the other documents are of a similar emergency nature.
  - (4) The court may, as provided under section 571.803, issue a temporary extreme risk protection order pending the hearing ordered under subdivision (1) of this section. The temporary extreme risk protection order shall be served concurrently with the notice of hearing and petition.
  - 2. Upon hearing the matter, if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, based on the evidence presented under subsection 3 of this section, that the respondent poses a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall issue an extreme risk protection order for a period of one hundred eighty-two days.
- 3. In determining whether grounds for an extreme risk protection order exist, the court may consider any relevant evidence including, but not limited to:

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- 27 (1) A recent act or credible threat of violence by the respondent against self or 28 others, regardless of whether such violence or credible threat of violence involved a 29 firearm;
  - (2) A pattern of acts or credible threats of violence by the respondent within the past year including, but not limited to, acts or credible threats of violence by the respondent against self or others;
    - (3) Any relevant mental health issues of the respondent;
    - (4) A restraining order violation by the respondent;
- 35 **(5)** A previous or existing extreme risk protection order issued against the respondent and any violation of a previous or existing extreme risk protection order;
- 37 (6) A conviction of the respondent for a crime that includes an underlying 38 factual basis of domestic violence as defined under section 455.010;
  - (7) The respondent's ownership, access to, or intent to possess a firearm;
  - (8) A credible threat of or the unlawful or reckless use of a firearm by the respondent;
  - (9) The history of use, attempted use, or threatened use of unlawful physical force by the respondent against another person, or the respondent's history of stalking under section 565.225 or 565.227;
- 45 (10) Any prior arrest of the respondent for a crime listed under chapter 565 or 46 566 or section 578.012;
- 47 (11) Corroborated evidence of the abuse of controlled substances or alcohol by 48 the respondent; and
- 49 (12) Evidence of recent acquisition of a firearm or ammunition by the 50 respondent.
  - 4. The court may:
  - (1) Examine under oath the petitioner, the respondent, and any witnesses they may produce or, in lieu of examination, consider sworn affidavits of the petitioner, the respondent, and any witnesses they may produce; and
- 55 (2) Request a probation officer to conduct a criminal history record check 56 related to the respondent and provide the results to the court under seal.
  - 5. The court shall allow the petitioner and respondent to present evidence, cross-examine witnesses, and be represented by an attorney at the hearing.
- 6. In a hearing under sections 571.801 to 571.815, the rules of evidence shall apply to the same extent as in a restraining order proceeding.
- 7. During the hearing, the court shall consider any available mental health evaluation or chemical dependency evaluation provided to the court.
- 8. An extreme risk protection order shall include:

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- 64 (1) A statement of the grounds supporting the issuance of the order;
- 65 (2) The date and time the order is issued;
  - (3) The date and time the order expires;
    - (4) The address of the court in which any responsive pleading shall be filed;
      - (5) The requirements for relinquishment of firearms under section 571.809; and
      - (6) The following statement:
- 70 To the subject of this extreme risk protection order:
  - This order will last until the date and time noted above. If you have not done so already, you must immediately surrender any firearms in your custody, control, or possession and any concealed carry permit issued to you. You shall not have in your custody or control a firearm or purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or receive a firearm while this order is in effect. You have the right to request one hearing to terminate this order during the period that this order is in effect, starting from the date of this order and continuing through any renewals. You may seek the advice of an attorney as to any matter connected with this order.
  - 9. If the court issues an extreme risk protection order, the court shall inform the respondent that he or she may request termination of the order in the manner prescribed under section 571.808. The court shall provide the respondent with a form to request a termination hearing.
  - 10. (1) If the court issues an extreme risk protection order, the court shall state the particular reasons for the court's issuance.
- 85 (2) If the court denies the issuance of an extreme risk protection order, the court shall state the particular reasons for the court's denial. 86
  - 571.806. 1. An extreme risk protection order issued under section 571.805 shall be served personally upon the respondent, except as otherwise provided under sections 571.801 to 571.815.
- 4 2. The law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the respondent resides 5 or where the firearms are located shall serve the respondent personally.
- 3. The court clerk shall forward a copy of the extreme risk protection order no 7 later than the next court day to the law enforcement agency specified in the order for service. Service of an extreme risk protection order shall take precedence over the service of other documents unless the other documents are of a similar emergency 10 nature.
- 11 4. If the law enforcement agency cannot complete service upon the respondent within five days, the law enforcement agency shall notify the petitioner. The petitioner shall then provide any additional information regarding the respondent's location to the 13 law enforcement agency to effect service. The law enforcement agency may request

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additional time to allow for the proper and safe planning and execution of the court 16

- 5. If an extreme risk protection order entered by the court states that the respondent appeared in person before the court, the necessity for further service is waived, and proof of service of the order shall not be necessary.
- 20 6. Returns of service under sections 571.801 to 571.815 shall be made in 21 accordance with the applicable court rules.
  - 7. If notice of an extreme risk protection order hearing cannot be served and if the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, the court may issue an extreme risk protection order under section 571.805.
- 571.808. 1. The respondent may submit one written request for a hearing to 2 terminate an extreme risk protection order for the period that the order is in effect. 3 Upon receipt of the request for a hearing to terminate an extreme risk protection order, 4 the court shall set a date for a hearing. Notice of the request shall be served on the 5 petitioner. The hearing shall occur no sooner than fourteen days and no later than 6 twenty-eight days after the date of service of the request upon the petitioner. The court 7 shall terminate the extreme risk protection order if the respondent establishes by clear 8 and convincing evidence that the respondent does not continue to pose a significant risk of personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. The court may consider any relevant evidence, including evidence of the considerations listed under subsection 3 of 12 section 571.805.
  - 2. (1) The court shall notify the petitioner of the impending expiration of an extreme risk protection order sixty-three calendar days before the date that the order expires.
  - (2) A petitioner, a family or household member of a respondent, or a law enforcement officer or agency may, by motion, request a renewal of an extreme risk protection order at any time within sixty-three calendar days before the expiration of the order.
  - (3) Upon receipt of the motion to renew, the court shall order that a hearing be held no later than fourteen days after the filing of the motion to renew. The court may schedule a hearing by telephone in the manner prescribed under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 571.805. The respondent shall be personally served in the same manner prescribed under subdivisions (2) to (3) of subsection 1 of section 571.805.
- (4) In determining whether to renew an extreme risk protection order, the court 26 shall consider all relevant evidence and follow the same procedure as provided under section 571,805.

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(5) If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that, based on the evidence presented under subsection 3 of section 571.805, the respondent continues to pose a significant risk of personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall 32 renew the order for a period of time the court deems appropriate, not to exceed one hundred eighty-two days. In the order, the court shall set a return date to review the order no later than sixty-three days prior to the expiration of the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's 36 motion or affidavit, signed under oath and penalty of perjury, stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since the entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested renewal.

571.809. 1. (1) Upon issuance of an extreme risk protection order under sections 571.801 to 571.815, including a temporary extreme risk protection order, the court shall order the respondent to surrender all firearms by either:

- (a) Selling or transferring possession of a firearm to a federally licensed firearms dealer defined under 18 U.S.C. Section 921, as amended. However, this paragraph shall not be interpreted to require any federally licensed firearms dealer to purchase or accept possession of any firearm. If the respondent elects to sell his or her firearms, the respondent is entitled to the proceeds; or
  - (b) Arranging for the storage of a firearm by a law enforcement agency.
- (2) The court shall order the respondent to surrender any concealed carry permit to the law enforcement officer serving the extreme risk protection order.
- 2. (1) The law enforcement agency serving an extreme risk protection order, including a temporary extreme risk protection order, in which the petitioner is not a law enforcement agency or officer, shall request that the respondent immediately surrender all firearms in his or her custody, control, or possession and any concealed carry permit 16 issued to the respondent and shall conduct any search permitted by law for such firearms or permit. After the law enforcement agency or officer has custody of the 17 firearms, the respondent may inform the law enforcement officer of his or her preference for sale, transfer, or storage of the firearms as specified under subsection 1 of this section. If the respondent elects to sell or transfer the firearms to a federally licensed firearms dealer described under 18 U.S.C. Section 923, as amended, the law enforcement officer or agency shall maintain custody of the firearms until they are sold or transferred. The law enforcement officer shall take possession of all firearms and any such permit belonging to the respondent that are surrendered, in plain sight, or discovered pursuant to a lawful search. Alternatively, if personal service by the law

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26 enforcement agency is not possible or not required because the respondent was present at the extreme risk protection order hearing, the respondent shall surrender the firearms and any concealed carry permit after being served with the order by alternate service or after the hearing at which the respondent was present.

- (2) If the petitioner for an extreme risk protection order is a law enforcement agency or officer, the law enforcement officer serving the extreme risk protection order shall take custody of the respondent's firearms pursuant to the search warrant for firearms possessed by a dangerous person if a warrant is obtained. If the law enforcement agency obtains a search warrant for firearms possessed by a dangerous person, the law enforcement officer shall request that the respondent immediately surrender all firearms in his or her custody, control, or possession and any concealed carry permit issued to the respondent and conduct any search permitted by law for such firearms or permit. After the law enforcement agency or officer has custody of the firearms, the respondent may inform the law enforcement officer of his or her preference for sale, transfer, or storage of the firearms. The law enforcement officer shall request that the respondent immediately surrender any concealed carry permit issued to the respondent and conduct any search permitted by law for the permit.
- 3. At the time of surrender or taking custody, a law enforcement officer taking possession of a firearm or a concealed carry permit shall issue a receipt identifying all firearms and any permit that is surrendered or seized and provide a copy of the receipt to the respondent. Within seventy-two hours after service of the order, the officer serving the order shall file the original receipt with the court and shall ensure that his or her law enforcement agency retains a copy of the receipt or, if the officer does not take custody of any firearms, shall file a statement to that effect with the court.
- 4. Upon the sworn statement or testimony of the petitioner or of any law enforcement officer alleging probable cause that the respondent has failed to comply with the surrender of firearms as required by an extreme risk protection order, the court shall determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the respondent failed to surrender all firearms in his or her custody, control, or possession. If probable cause exists, the court shall issue a search warrant that states with particularity the places to be searched and the items to be seized.
- 5. If a person other than the respondent claims title to any firearms surrendered or seized under this section and the law enforcement agency determines the person is the lawful owner of the firearm, the firearm shall be returned to the person if:
- (1) The firearm is removed from the respondent's custody, control, or possession and the lawful owner agrees to store the firearm so that the respondent does not have access to or control of the firearm; and

- 63 (2) The firearm is not otherwise unlawfully possessed by the lawful owner.
  - 6. (1) Within twenty-four hours of the issuance of an extreme risk protection order, a respondent shall either:
  - (a) File proof with the court that issued the order showing that the respondent has relinquished or removed all firearms previously in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and surrendered any concealed carry permit issued to the respondent. The respondent shall attest to the court that no firearms are currently in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and that the respondent does not currently have a concealed carry permit; or
    - (b) Attest to the court that:
  - a. At the time the order was issued, the respondent did not have any firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and did not have a concealed carry permit; and
  - b. The respondent does not currently have any firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and does not currently have a concealed carry permit.
  - (2) If the respondent does not comply with the requirements of subdivision (1) of this section within the twenty-four-hour period, the court clerk shall inform a law enforcement agency in the county in which the court is located that the respondent has not complied with subdivision (1) of this subsection. The law enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to determine whether the respondent has failed to relinquish any firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession or failed to surrender a concealed carry permit.
  - 7. The POST commission, as defined under section 590.010, shall develop model policies and procedures by December 1, 2023, regarding the acceptance, storage, sale, and return of firearms required to be surrendered under sections 571.801 to 571.815 or seized under subsection 5 of section 542.271 and shall provide those model policies and procedures to all law enforcement agencies within the state. Each law enforcement agency shall adopt the model policies and procedures or adopt their own policies and procedures before January 1, 2024.
- 571.810. 1. If an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection order is terminated or expires without renewal, any law enforcement agency holding a firearm surrendered or seized under section 571.809 or seized under subsection 5 of section 542.271 shall return the firearm requested by a respondent only after confirming, through a criminal history record check, that the respondent is currently eligible to own or possess a firearm under federal and state law and after confirming with the court that the extreme risk protection order has terminated or has expired without renewal.

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- 9 2. Any firearm surrendered or seized under section 571.809 or seized under subsection 5 of section 542.271 that remains unclaimed by the lawful owner for at least 10 one year from the date the temporary extreme risk protection order or extreme risk protection order expired, whichever is later, shall be disposed in accordance with the 12 13 law enforcement agency's policies and procedures for the disposal of firearms in police 14 custody.
  - 571.811. 1. The court clerk shall enter an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection order into a statewide judicial information system on the same day the order is issued.
- 2. The court clerk shall forward a copy of an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection order the same day the order is issued to the highway patrol and the law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order, the highway patrol shall enter the order into the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS), any other federal or state computer-based systems used by law enforcement agencies or others to identify prohibited purchasers of firearms, and the Missouri uniform law enforcement system (MULES). The order shall 10 remain in each system for the period stated in the order, and the law enforcement 12 agency shall only expunge orders from the systems that have expired or been terminated. Entry into the computer-based criminal intelligence information system shall be notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order shall be fully enforceable anywhere in the state.
  - 3. The issuing court shall, within three court days after issuance of an extreme risk protection order or a temporary extreme risk protection order, forward all identifying information the court has regarding the respondent, along with the date the order is issued, to the county sheriff in the jurisdiction where the respondent resides. Upon receipt of the information, the county sheriff shall determine if the respondent has a concealed carry permit. If the respondent does have a concealed carry permit, the issuing county sheriff shall immediately revoke the permit. The respondent may reapply for a concealed carry permit after the temporary extreme risk protection order and extreme risk protection order, if ordered, are no longer in effect.
  - 4. If an extreme risk protection order is terminated before its expiration date, the court clerk shall forward, on the same day as the termination order, a copy of the termination order to the highway patrol and the law enforcement agency specified in the termination order. Upon receipt of the order, the highway patrol and the law enforcement agency shall promptly remove the order from any computer-based system in which it was entered under subsection 2 of this section.

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571.812. Any person who has in his or her custody or control a firearm or purchases, possesses, or receives a firearm with knowledge that he or she is prohibited 3 from doing so by an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection 4 order shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor. However, such person shall be guilty of a 5 class E felony if the person has two or more previous convictions for violating an extreme risk protection order.

571.813. Sections 571.801 to 571.815 shall not affect the ability of a law enforcement officer to remove a firearm or concealed carry permit from a person or conduct a search and seizure for any firearm pursuant to other lawful authority.

571.814. Except as provided under section 571.812, sections 571.801 to 571.815 2 shall not impose criminal or civil liability on any person or entity for acts or omissions 3 made in good faith related to obtaining an extreme risk protection order or a temporary 4 extreme risk protection order including, but not limited to, reporting, declining to report, investigating, declining to investigate, filing, or declining to file a petition under sections 571.801 to 571.815.

571.815. 1. (1) The office of state courts administrator shall develop standard 2 petitions, extreme risk protection order forms, and temporary extreme risk protection 3 order forms in more than one language consistent with state judicial department 4 practices. The standard petition and order forms shall be used after December 31, 2023, 5 for all extreme risk protection order petitions and extreme risk protection orders. The 6 office of state courts administrator may consult with interested parties in developing the petitions and forms. The materials shall be available online consistent with state judicial branch practices.

- (2) The extreme risk protection order form shall include, in a conspicuous location, notice of criminal penalties resulting from violation of the order and the following statement:
- 12 You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating this extreme risk 13 protection order's provisions. Only the court can change the order and only upon 14 written motion.
- 2. A court clerk for each judicial district shall create a community resource list 16 that includes, but is not limited to, crisis intervention, mental health, substance abuse, interpreter, counseling, and other relevant resources serving the county in which the court is located. The court shall make the community resource list available as part of or in addition to the materials described under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section.
- 21 3. The office of state courts administrator shall distribute a master copy of the standard petition and extreme risk protection order forms to all circuit courts.

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- 4. Before March first of each year, the office of state courts administrator shall issue to the speaker of the house of representatives, president pro tempore of the senate, chief justice of the supreme court, and governor statistics related to extreme risk protection orders in the preceding calendar year. The statistics shall include, but not be limited to:
  - (1) The number of petitions filed for temporary extreme risk protection orders;
- 29 (2) The number of petitions filed for extreme risk protection orders;
- 30 (3) The number of temporary extreme risk protection orders issued and denied;
- 31 (4) The number of extreme risk protection orders issued and denied;
- 32 (5) The number of temporary extreme risk protection orders terminated;
- 33 (6) The number of extreme risk protection orders terminated; and
- 34 (7) The number of extreme risk protection orders renewed.

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