First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE ENROLLED ACT No. 98

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning civil procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 34-12-3-0.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.220-2011, SECTION 548, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE AUGUST 26, 1999 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 0.1. The addition of this chapter by P.L.19-2001 This chapter applies only to actions filed before, after, or on April 18, 2001.

SECTION 2. IC 34-12-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE AUGUST 26, 1999 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "firearm" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-47-1-5. means any weapon:

- (1) that is:
 - (A) capable of expelling; or
 - (B) designed to expel; or
- (2) that may readily be converted to expel; a projectile by means of an explosion.

SECTION 3. IC 34-12-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2012, SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE AUGUST 26, 1999 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "person" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-31.5-2-234. means a human being, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, unincorporated association, or governmental entity.



SECTION 4. IC 34-12-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE AUGUST 26, 1999 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3. Except as provided in section 5(1) or 5(2) of this chapter, a person may not bring **or maintain** an action against a firearms or ammunition manufacturer, trade association, or seller for:

- (1) recovery of damages resulting from, or injunctive relief or abatement of a nuisance relating to, the lawful:
 - (A) design;
 - (B) manufacture;
 - (C) marketing; or
 - (D) sale;

of a firearm or ammunition for a firearm; or

(2) recovery of damages resulting from the criminal or unlawful misuse of a firearm or ammunition for a firearm by a third party. SECTION 5. IC 34-12-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) If a court finds that a party has brought an action under a theory of recovery described in section 3(1) or 3(2) of this chapter, the finding constitutes conclusive evidence that the action is groundless. If a court makes a finding under this section, the court shall dismiss the claims or action and award to the defendant any reasonable attorney's fee and costs

(b) If:

- (1) a party has brought an action under a theory of recovery described in section 3(1) or 3(2) of this chapter;
- (2) the action commenced on or before August 27, 1999; and
- (3) the action is dismissed;

incurred in defending the claims or action.

no award for attorney's fees or costs incurred shall issue to the plaintiff or the defendant.

SECTION 6. IC 34-12-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE AUGUST 26, 1999 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 5. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prohibit a person from bringing **or maintaining** an action against a firearms or ammunition manufacturer, trade association, or seller for recovery of damages for the following:

- (1) Breach of contract or warranty concerning firearms or ammunition purchased by a person.
- (2) Damage or harm to a person or to property owned or leased by a person caused by a defective firearm or ammunition.
- (3) Injunctive relief to enforce a valid statute, rule, or ordinance. However, a person may not bring an action seeking injunctive relief if that action is barred under section 3 of this chapter.



 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SECTION}}$ 7. An emergency is declared for this act.



SEA 98 — Concur

President of the Senate
President Pro Tempore
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Governor of the State of Indiana
Date: Time:

