### AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 24, 2013

### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 22, 2013

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

# No. 1131

### Introduced by Assembly Member Skinner

February 22, 2013

An act to amend Sections-26070, 26073, 26080, and 26081 of the Public Resources Code, relating to energy, and making an appropriation therefor 8100, 8102, 8103, 8104, and 8105 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to firearms.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1131, as amended, Skinner. Energy: renewable energy and energy efficiency projects: financial assistance. *Firearms*.

(1) Existing law prohibits a person from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon for a period of 6 months whenever he or she communicates to a licensed psychotherapist a serious threat of physical violence against a reasonably identifiable victim or victims. Under existing law, a violation of this provision is a crime. Existing law allows a person subject to these provisions to petition the superior court of his or her county for an order that he or she may possess a firearm, as provided.

This bill would increase the prohibitory period from 6 months to 5 years. By increasing the scope of an existing crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill would revise the provisions allowing a person to petition the court for an order that would allow him or her to possess a firearm to conform with other provisions of existing law.

### AB 1131

(2) Existing law requires that if a person who has been detained or apprehended for examination of his or her mental condition, or who is a mentally ill individual prohibited from possessing firearms, is found to own or possess a firearm, a law enforcement agency or peace officer is required to confiscate the firearm. Existing law requires the peace officer or law enforcement agency, upon confiscation of that firearm from a person who has been detained or apprehended for examination of his or her mental condition, to notify the person of the procedure for the return of the firearm.

Existing law prescribes specified requirements that govern the return of confiscated firearms in the custody or control of a court or law enforcement agency. Under these provisions of law, a person who wishes to have the firearm returned is required to submit a specified application and fee to the Department of Justice, and to meet specified criteria.

This bill would apply these requirements to persons who have been detained or apprehended for examination and mentally ill individuals who are prohibited from possessing firearms who have had their firearms confiscated. By creating new notification duties for peace officers and law enforcement agencies, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(3) Existing law requires reports to be submitted immediately to the Department of Justice in connection with mentally ill individuals who are prohibited from possessing firearms and dangerous weapons.

This bill would specify that, for these purposes, "immediately" means a period of time not exceeding 24 hours. The bill would require notices and reports submitted to the Department of Justice in connection with these provisions to be submitted in an electronic format, in a manner prescribed by the Department of Justice.

(4) Existing law prohibits a person from possessing a firearm or deadly weapon for a period of 6 months when the person has communicated a serious threat of physical violence against a reasonably identifiable victim or victims to a licensed psychotherapist. Existing law requires the licensed psychotherapist to immediately report the identity of the person to a local law enforcement agency, and requires the local law enforcement agency to immediately notify the Department of Justice.

This bill would instead require the licensed psychotherapist to make the report to local law enforcement within 24 hours, in a manner prescribed by the department. The bill would require the local law enforcement agency receiving the report to notify the department electronically within 24 hours, in a manner prescribed by the department.

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(5) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

(1) Existing law authorizes local governments to assist property owners to finance the installation of distributed generation renewable energy sources, electric vehicle charging infrastructure, or energy or water efficiency improvements through the issuance of bonds that are secured by a voluntary contractual assessment on property (PACE bonds). Existing law requires the California Alternative Energy and Advanced Transportation Financing Authority to develop and administer a program to reduce the overall costs to property owners of PACE bonds by providing a reserve of no more than 10% of the initial principal amount of the PACE bonds. Existing law requires the authority to administer a Clean Energy Upgrade Program to reduce overall costs to property owners of a loan provided by a financial institution to finance the installation of distributed generation renewable energy sources, electric vehicle charging infrastructure, or energy or water efficiency improvements that are permanently fixed to real property by providing a reserve or other financial assistance at a level to be determined by the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission and the authority. Existing law, until January 1, 2015, appropriates up to \$50,000,000 from the Renewable Resource Trust Fund for the above purposes. Existing law requires the authority, until January 1, 2015, to submit a report to the Legislature regarding the implementation of the above programs.

This bill would extend that appropriation and the reporting requirement to January 1, 2017.

(2) Existing law requires the authority to administer the Clean Energy Upgrade Program to provide loans for energy-related improvements for a residential project of 3 units or fewer or energy-related commercial projects that cost less than \$25,000. Existing law requires the authority,

in evaluating the eligibility of a loan program for the Clean Energy Upgrade Program, to consider, among other things, whether the loans made under the loan program are for less than 10% of the value of the property.

This bill would expand the Clean Energy Upgrade Program to provide financial assistance for residential projects eligible for the program to 4 units or fewer and for energy-related projects for mobilehomes and would delete requirement that the authority consider whether the loan is for less than 10% of the value of the property. By expanding the eligibility of loan programs under the Clean Energy Upgrade Program, this bill would make an appropriation.

Vote:  $\frac{2}{3}$ -majority. Appropriation: yes-no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

### The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 8100 of the Welfare and Institutions Code
 is amended to read:

3 8100. (a) A person shall not have in his or her possession or 4 under his or her custody or control, or purchase or receive, or 5 attempt to purchase or receive, any firearms whatsoever or any 6 other deadly weapon, if on or after January 1, 1992, he or she has 7 been admitted to a facility and is receiving inpatient treatment and, 8 in the opinion of the attending health professional who is primarily 9 responsible for the patient's treatment of a mental disorder, is a 10 danger to self or others, as specified by Section 5150, 5250, or 11 5300, even though the patient has consented to that treatment. A 12 person is not subject to the prohibition in this subdivision-once after he or she is discharged from the facility. 13 14 (b) (1) A person shall not have in his or her possession or under 15 his or her custody or control, or purchase or receive, or attempt to purchase or receive, any firearms whatsoever or any other deadly 16 17 weapon for a period of six months whenever five years if, on or 18 after January 1, <del>1992,</del> 2014, he or she communicates to a licensed 19 psychotherapist, as defined in subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, of 20 Section 1010 of the Evidence Code, a serious threat of physical 21

violence against a reasonably identifiable victim or victims. The six-month *five-year* period shall commence from the date that the

23 licensed psychotherapist reports to the local law enforcement

24 agency the identity of the person making the communication. The

1 prohibition provided for in this subdivision shall not apply unless 2 the licensed psychotherapist notifies a local law enforcement 3 agency of the threat by that person. The person, however, may 4 own, possess, have custody or control over, or receive or purchase 5 any firearm if a superior court, pursuant to paragraph (3) and upon 6 petition of the person, has found, by a preponderance of the 7 evidence, that the person is likely to use firearms or other deadly 8 weapons in a safe and lawful manner.

9 (2) Upon receipt of the report from the local law enforcement 10 agency pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 8105, the Department 11 of Justice shall notify by certified mail, return receipt requested, 12 a person subject to this subdivision of the following:

(A) That he or she is prohibited from possessing, having custody
or control over, receiving, or purchasing any firearm or other
deadly weapon for a period of six months *five years* commencing
from the date that the licensed psychotherapist reports to the local
law enforcement agency the identity of the person making the
communication. The notice shall state the date when the prohibition
commences and ends.

(B) That he or she may petition a court, as provided in this
subdivision, for an order permitting the person to own, possess,
control, receive, or purchase a firearm.

23 (3) (A) Any person who is subject to paragraph (1) may petition 24 the superior court of his or her county of residence for an order 25 that he or she may own, possess, have custody or control over, 26 receive, or purchase firearms. At the time the petition is filed, the 27 clerk of the court shall set a hearing date and notify the person, 28 the Department of Justice, and the district attorney. The people of 29 the State of California shall be the respondent in the proceeding 30 and shall be represented by the district attorney. Upon motion of 31 the district attorney, or upon its own motion, the superior court 32 may transfer the petition to the county in which the person resided 33 at the time of the statements, or the county in which the person 34 made the statements. Within seven days after receiving notice of the petition, the Department of Justice shall file copies of the 35 36 reports described in Section 8105 with the superior court. The 37 reports shall be disclosed upon request to the person and to the 38 district attorney. The district attorney shall be entitled to a 39 continuance of the hearing to a date of not less than 14 days after 40 the district attorney is notified of the hearing date by the clerk of

the court. The court, upon motion of the petitioner establishing 1 2 that confidential information is likely to be discussed during the 3 hearing that would cause harm to the person, shall conduct the 4 hearing in camera with only the relevant parties present, unless 5 the court finds that the public interest would be better served by conducting the hearing in public. Notwithstanding any other 6 7 provision of law, declarations, police reports, including criminal 8 history information, and any other material and relevant evidence 9 that is not excluded under Section 352 of the Evidence Code, shall 10 be admissible at the hearing under this paragraph. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person would be likely 11 12 to use firearms in a safe and lawful manner, the court shall order 13 that the person may have custody or control over, receive, possess, 14 or purchase firearms. A copy of the order shall be submitted to the 15 Department of Justice. Upon receipt of the order, the department shall delete any reference to the prohibition against firearms from 16 17 the person's state summary criminal history information. 18 (B) The people shall bear the burden of showing by a 19 preponderance of the evidence that the person would not be likely 20 to use firearms in a safe and lawful manner. 21 (C) If the court finds at the hearing that the people have not met 22 their burden as set forth in subparagraph (B), the court shall order 23 that the person shall not be subject to the five-year prohibition in 24 this section on the ownership, control, receipt, possession, or 25 purchase of firearms, and that person shall comply with the 26 procedure described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 27 33850) of Division 11 of Title 4 of Part 6 of the Penal Code for 28 the return of any firearms. A copy of the order shall be submitted

to the Department of Justice. Upon receipt of the order, the
Department of Justice shall delete any reference to the prohibition
against firearms from the person's state mental health firearms

32 prohibition system information.

33 (D) If the district attorney declines or fails to go forward in the 34 hearing, the court shall order that the person shall not be subject

35 to the five-year prohibition required by this subdivision on the

36 ownership, control, receipt, possession, or purchase of firearms,

37 and that person shall comply with the procedure described in

38 Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 33850) of Division 11 of

39 *Title 4 of Part 6 of the Penal Code for the return of any firearms.* 

40 A copy of the order shall be submitted to the Department of Justice.

1 Upon receipt of the order, the Department of Justice shall, within

2 15 days, delete any reference to the prohibition against firearms

3 from the person's state mental health firearms prohibition system4 information.

5 (E) Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit the use of reports 6 filed pursuant to this section to determine the eligibility of a person 7 to own, possess, control, receive, or purchase a firearm if the 8 person is the subject of a criminal investigation, a part of which 9 involves the ownership, possession, control, receipt, or purchase 10 of a firearm.

(c) "Discharge," for the purposes of this section, does not includea leave of absence from a facility.

(d) "Attending health care professional," as used in this section,
means the licensed health care professional primarily responsible
for the person's treatment who is qualified to make the decision
that the person has a mental disorder and has probable cause to
believe that the person is a danger to self or others.

(e) "Deadly weapon," as used in this section and in Sections
8101, 8102, and 8103, means any weapon, the possession or
concealed carrying of which is prohibited by any provision listed
in Section 16590 of the Penal Code.

(f) "Danger to self," as used in subdivision (a), means a
voluntary person who has made a serious threat of, or attempted,
suicide with the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon.

(g) A violation of subdivision (a) of, or paragraph (1) of
subdivision (b) of, this section shall be a public offense, punishable
by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of
the Penal Code, or in a county jail for not more than one year, by
a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both that
imprisonment and fine.

31 (h) The prohibitions set forth in this section shall be in addition32 to those set forth in Section 8103.

33 (i) Any person admitted and receiving treatment prior to January

34 1, 1992, shall be governed by this section, as amended by Chapter

35 1090 of the Statutes of 1990, until discharged from the facility.

36 SEC. 2. Section 8102 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is 37 amended to read:

38 8102. (a) Whenever a person, who has been detained or 39 apprehended for examination of his or her mental condition or

40 who is a person described in Section 8100 or 8103, is found to

1 own, have in his or her possession or under his or her control, any

2 firearm whatsoever, or any other deadly weapon, the firearm or

3 other deadly weapon shall be confiscated by any law enforcement

4 agency or peace officer, who shall retain custody of the firearm

5 or other deadly weapon.

6 "Deadly weapon," as used in this section, has the meaning 7 prescribed by Section 8100.

8 (b) (1) Upon confiscation of any firearm or other deadly 9 weapon from a person who has been detained or apprehended for 10 examination of his or her mental condition, the peace officer or 11 law enforcement agency shall notify the person of the procedure

12 for the return of any firearm or other deadly weapon which has

13 been confiscated.

14 Where

15 (2) If the person is released, the professional person in charge

16 of the facility, or his or her designee, shall notify the person of the

17 procedure for the return of any firearm or other deadly weapon

18 which may have been confiscated.

# 19 Health

20 (3) Health facility personnel shall notify the confiscating law

21 enforcement agency upon release of the detained person, and shall

22 make a notation to the effect that the facility provided the required

notice to the person regarding the procedure to obtain return ofany confiscated firearm.

25 (4) For purposes of this subdivision, the procedure for the return

26 of confiscated firearms includes the procedures described in this

27 section and the procedures described in Chapter 2 (commencing

with Section 33850) of Division 11 of Title 4 of Part 6 of the Penal
Code.

30 (c) Upon the release of a person as described in subdivision (b), 31 the confiscating law enforcement agency shall have 30 days to 32 initiate a petition in the superior court for a hearing to determine whether the return of a firearm or other deadly weapon would be 33 34 likely to result in endangering the person or others, and to send a 35 notice advising the person of his or her right to a hearing on this 36 issue. The law enforcement agency may make an ex parte 37 application stating good cause for an order extending the time to 38 file a petition. Including any extension of time granted in response 39 to an ex parte request, a petition must shall be filed within 60 days

40 of the release of the person from a health facility.

1 (d) If the law enforcement agency does not initiate proceedings 2 within the 30-day period, or the period of time authorized by the 3 court in an ex parte order issued pursuant to subdivision (c), it 4 shall make the weapon available for return upon compliance with 5 all applicable requirements, including the requirements specified 6 in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 33850) of Division 11 of Title 4 of Part 6 of the Penal Code. 7 8 (e) The law enforcement agency shall inform the person that he

9 or she has 30 days to respond to the court clerk to confirm his or 10 her desire for a hearing, and that the failure to respond will result in a default order forfeiting the confiscated firearm or weapon. 11 For a confiscated firearm, the period of forfeiture is 180 days 12 13 pursuant to Section 33875 of the Penal Code, unless the person 14 contacts the law enforcement agency to facilitate the sale or 15 transfer of the firearm to a licensed dealer pursuant to Section 33870 of the Penal Code. For the purpose of this subdivision, the 16 17 person's last known address shall be the address provided to the 18 law enforcement officer by the person at the time of the person's 19 detention or apprehension. 20 (f) If the person responds and requests a hearing, the court clerk

shall set a hearing, no later than 30 days from receipt of the request.

The court clerk shall notify the person and the district attorney of

23 the date, time, and place of the hearing.

24 (g) If the person does not respond within 30 days of the notice,

the law enforcement agency may file a petition for order of default, *allowing the law enforcement agency to destroy the firearm in 180*

27 days from the date the court enters default unless the person

28 contacts the law enforcement agency to facilitate the sale or

transfer of the firearm to a licensed dealer pursuant to Section33870 of the Penal Code.

31 SEC. 3. Section 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is 32 amended to read:

8103. (a) (1) No person who after October 1, 1955, has been adjudicated by a court of any state to be a danger to others as a result of a mental disorder or mental illness, or who has been adjudicated to be a mentally disordered sex offender, shall purchase or receive, or attempt to purchase or receive, or have in his or her possession, custody, or control any firearm or any other deadly weapon unless there has been issued to the person a certificate by

40 the court of adjudication upon release from treatment or at a later

1 date stating that the person may possess a firearm or any other

2 deadly weapon without endangering others, and the person has

not, subsequent to the issuance of the certificate, again beenadjudicated by a court to be a danger to others as a result of a

5 mental disorder or mental illness.

6 (2) The court shall immediately notify the Department of Justice

7 of the court order finding the individual to be a person described

8 in paragraph (1). The court shall also *immediately* notify the 9 Department of Justice of any certificate issued as described in

10 paragraph (1).

(b) (1) No person who has been found, pursuant to Section 11 12 1026 of the Penal Code or the law of any other state or the United States, not guilty by reason of insanity of murder, mayhem, a 13 14 violation of Section 207, 209, or 209.5 of the Penal Code in which 15 the victim suffers intentionally inflicted great bodily injury, carjacking or robbery in which the victim suffers great bodily 16 17 injury, a violation of Section 451 or 452 of the Penal Code 18 involving a trailer coach, as defined in Section 635 of the Vehicle 19 Code, or any dwelling house, a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 262 or paragraph (2) or (3) of 20 21 subdivision (a) of Section 261 of the Penal Code, a violation of 22 Section 459 of the Penal Code in the first degree, assault with 23 intent to commit murder, a violation of Section 220 of the Penal Code in which the victim suffers great bodily injury, a violation 24 25 of Section 18715, 18725, 18740, 18745, 18750, or 18755 of the 26 Penal Code, or of a felony involving death, great bodily injury, or 27 an act which poses a serious threat of bodily harm to another 28 person, or a violation of the law of any other state or the United 29 States that includes all the elements of any of the above felonies 30 as defined under California law, shall purchase or receive, or 31 attempt to purchase or receive, or have in his or her possession or 32 under his or her custody or control any firearm or any other deadly 33 weapon.

34 (2) The court shall immediately notify the Department of Justice
35 of the court order finding the person to be a person described in
36 paragraph (1).

37 (c) (1) No person who has been found, pursuant to Section 1026

of the Penal Code or the law of any other state or the United States,not guilty by reason of insanity of any crime other than those

40 described in subdivision (b) shall purchase or receive, or attempt

1 to purchase or receive, or shall have in his or her possession,

custody, or control any firearm or any other deadly weapon unless
the court of commitment has found the person to have recovered
sanity, pursuant to Section 1026.2 of the Penal Code or the law of
any other state or the United States.

6 (2) The court shall immediately notify the Department of Justice
7 of the court order finding the person to be a person described in
8 paragraph (1). The court shall also notify the Department of Justice
9 when it finds that the person has recovered his or her sanity.

10 (d) (1) No person found by a court to be mentally incompetent 11 to stand trial, pursuant to Section 1370 or 1370.1 of the Penal Code 12 or the law of any other state or the United States, shall purchase or receive, or attempt to purchase or receive, or shall have in his 13 14 or her possession, custody, or control, any firearm or any other 15 deadly weapon, unless there has been a finding with respect to the 16 person of restoration to competence to stand trial by the committing 17 court, pursuant to Section 1372 of the Penal Code or the law of 18 any other state or the United States.

(2) The court shall immediately notify the Department of Justice
of the court order finding the person to be mentally incompetent
as described in paragraph (1). The court shall also notify the
Department of Justice when it finds that the person has recovered
his or her competence.

(e) (1) No person who has been placed under conservatorship 24 25 by a court, pursuant to Section 5350 or the law of any other state 26 or the United States, because the person is gravely disabled as a 27 result of a mental disorder or impairment by chronic alcoholism, 28 shall purchase or receive, or attempt to purchase or receive, or 29 shall have in his or her possession, custody, or control, any firearm 30 or any other deadly weapon while under the conservatorship if, at 31 the time the conservatorship was ordered or thereafter, the court 32 which imposed the conservatorship found that possession of a 33 firearm or any other deadly weapon by the person would present 34 a danger to the safety of the person or to others. Upon placing any 35 person under conservatorship, and prohibiting firearm or any other 36 deadly weapon possession by the person, the court shall notify the 37 person of this prohibition. 38 (2) The court shall immediately notify the Department of Justice

39 of the court order placing the person under conservatorship and

40 prohibiting firearm or any other deadly weapon possession by the

person as described in paragraph (1). The notice shall include the 1 date the conservatorship was imposed and the date the 2 3 conservatorship is to be terminated. If the conservatorship is 4 subsequently terminated before the date listed in the notice to the 5 Department of Justice or the court subsequently finds that 6 possession of a firearm or any other deadly weapon by the person 7 would no longer present a danger to the safety of the person or 8 others, the court shall immediately notify the Department of Justice. 9 (3) All information provided to the Department of Justice 10 pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be kept confidential, separate, and apart from all other records maintained by the Department of 11 12 Justice, and shall be used only to determine eligibility to purchase 13 or possess firearms or other deadly weapons. Any person who 14 knowingly furnishes that information for any other purpose is 15 guilty of a misdemeanor. All the information concerning any person 16 shall be destroyed upon receipt by the Department of Justice of 17 notice of the termination of conservatorship as to that person 18 pursuant to paragraph (2). 19 (f) (1) No person who has been (A) taken into custody as 20 provided in Section 5150 because that person is a danger to himself, 21 herself, or to others, (B) assessed within the meaning of Section

5151, and (C) admitted to a designated facility within the meaning of Sections 5151 and 5152 because that person is a danger to himself, herself, or others, shall own, possess, control, receive, or purchase, or attempt to own, possess, control, receive, or purchase any firearm for a period of five years after the person is released from the facility. A person described in the preceding sentence,

however, may own, possess, control, receive, or purchase, or
attempt to own, possess, control, receive, or purchase any firearm
if the superior court has, pursuant to paragraph (5), found that the

31 people of the State of California have not met their burden pursuant

32 to paragraph (6).

33 (2) (A) For each person subject to this subdivision, the facility

34 shall immediately, on the date of admission, submit a report to the

35 Department of Justice, on a form prescribed by the Department of

36 Justice, containing information that includes, but is not limited to,

37 the identity of the person and the legal grounds upon which the

38 person was admitted to the facility.

39 Any report submitted pursuant to this paragraph shall be 40 confidential, except for purposes of the court proceedings described

1 in this subdivision and for determining the eligibility of the person2 to own, possess, control, receive, or purchase a firearm.

3 (B) Commencing July 1, 2012, facilities shall submit reports 4 pursuant to this paragraph exclusively by electronic means, in a 5 manner prescribed by the Department of Justice.

(3) Prior to, or concurrent with, the discharge, the facility shall 6 7 inform a person subject to this subdivision that he or she is 8 prohibited from owning, possessing, controlling, receiving, or 9 purchasing any firearm for a period of five years. Simultaneously, 10 the facility shall inform the person that he or she may request a hearing from a court, as provided in this subdivision, for an order 11 12 permitting the person to own, possess, control, receive, or purchase 13 a firearm. The facility shall provide the person with a form for a 14 request for a hearing. The Department of Justice shall prescribe 15 the form. Where the person requests a hearing at the time of discharge, the facility shall forward the form to the superior court 16 17 unless the person states that he or she will submit the form to the superior court. 18

(4) The Department of Justice shall provide the form upon
request to any person described in paragraph (1). The Department
of Justice shall also provide the form to the superior court in each
county. A person described in paragraph (1) may make a single
request for a hearing at any time during the five-year period. The
request for hearing shall be made on the form prescribed by the
department or in a document that includes equivalent language.

26 (5) Any person who is subject to paragraph (1) who has 27 requested a hearing from the superior court of his or her county 28 of residence for an order that he or she may own, possess, control, 29 receive, or purchase firearms shall be given a hearing. The clerk 30 of the court shall set a hearing date and notify the person, the 31 Department of Justice, and the district attorney. The people of the 32 State of California shall be the plaintiff in the proceeding and shall 33 be represented by the district attorney. Upon motion of the district 34 attorney, or on its own motion, the superior court may transfer the 35 hearing to the county in which the person resided at the time of 36 his or her detention, the county in which the person was detained, 37 or the county in which the person was evaluated or treated. Within 38 seven days after the request for a hearing, the Department of Justice 39 shall file copies of the reports described in this section with the 40 superior court. The reports shall be disclosed upon request to the

person and to the district attorney. The court shall set the hearing 1 2 within 30 days of receipt of the request for a hearing. Upon 3 showing good cause, the district attorney shall be entitled to a 4 continuance not to exceed 14 days after the district attorney was 5 notified of the hearing date by the clerk of the court. If additional continuances are granted, the total length of time for continuances 6 7 shall not exceed 60 days. The district attorney may notify the 8 county mental health director of the hearing who shall provide 9 information about the detention of the person that may be relevant 10 to the court and shall file that information with the superior court. 11 That information shall be disclosed to the person and to the district 12 attorney. The court, upon motion of the person subject to paragraph 13 (1) establishing that confidential information is likely to be 14 discussed during the hearing that would cause harm to the person, 15 shall conduct the hearing in camera with only the relevant parties present, unless the court finds that the public interest would be 16 17 better served by conducting the hearing in public. Notwithstanding 18 any other law, declarations, police reports, including criminal 19 history information, and any other material and relevant evidence 20 that is not excluded under Section 352 of the Evidence Code shall 21 be admissible at the hearing under this section. 22 (6) The people shall bear the burden of showing by a 23 preponderance of the evidence that the person would not be likely 24 to use firearms in a safe and lawful manner.

25 (7) If the court finds at the hearing set forth in paragraph (5)26 that the people have not met their burden as set forth in paragraph 27 (6), the court shall order that the person shall not be subject to the 28 five-year prohibition in this section on the ownership, control, 29 receipt, possession, or purchase of firearms, and that person shall 30 comply with the procedure described in Chapter 2 (commencing 31 with Section 33850) of Division 11 of Title 4 of Part 6 of the Penal 32 *Code for the return of any firearms*. A copy of the order shall be 33 submitted to the Department of Justice. Upon receipt of the order, 34 the Department of Justice shall delete any reference to the 35 prohibition against firearms from the person's state mental health 36 firearms prohibition system information.

(8) Where the district attorney declines or fails to go forward
in the hearing, the court shall order that the person shall not be
subject to the five-year prohibition required by this subdivision
on the ownership, control, receipt, possession, or purchase of

1 firearms. A copy of the order shall be submitted to the Department

2 of Justice. Upon receipt of the order, the Department of Justice

3 shall, within 15 days, delete any reference to the prohibition against

4 firearms from the person's state mental health firearms prohibition

5 system information, and that person shall comply with the

6 procedure described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section

7 33850) of Division 11 of Title 4 of Part 6 of the Penal Code for 8

the return of any firearms.

9 (9) Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit the use of reports 10

filed pursuant to this section to determine the eligibility of persons 11 to own, possess, control, receive, or purchase a firearm if the person

12 is the subject of a criminal investigation, a part of which involves

13 the ownership, possession, control, receipt, or purchase of a 14 firearm.

15 (g) (1) No person who has been certified for intensive treatment

16 under Section 5250, 5260, or 5270.15 shall own, possess, control, receive, or purchase, or attempt to own, possess, control, receive,

17 18 or purchase, any firearm for a period of five years.

19 Any person who meets the criteria contained in subdivision (e)

20 or (f) who is released from intensive treatment shall nevertheless, 21 if applicable, remain subject to the prohibition contained in

22 subdivision (e) or (f).

23 (2) (A) For each person certified for intensive treatment under 24 paragraph (1), the facility shall immediately submit a report to the

25 Department of Justice, on a form prescribed by the department,

26 containing information regarding the person, including, but not

limited to, the legal identity of the person and the legal grounds 27

28 upon which the person was certified. Any report submitted pursuant 29 to this paragraph shall only be used for the purposes specified in

30 paragraph (2) of subdivision (f).

31 (B) Commencing July 1, 2012, facilities shall submit reports 32 pursuant to this paragraph exclusively by electronic means, in a manner prescribed by the Department of Justice. 33

34 (3) Prior to, or concurrent with, the discharge of each person 35 certified for intensive treatment under paragraph (1), the facility

36 shall inform the person of that information specified in paragraph

37 (3) of subdivision (f).

38 (4) Any person who is subject to paragraph (1) may petition the

superior court of his or her county of residence for an order that 39

40 he or she may own, possess, control, receive, or purchase firearms.

1 At the time the petition is filed, the clerk of the court shall set a 2 hearing date and notify the person, the Department of Justice, and 3 the district attorney. The people of the State of California shall be 4 the respondent in the proceeding and shall be represented by the 5 district attorney. Upon motion of the district attorney, or on its own motion, the superior court may transfer the petition to the 6 7 county in which the person resided at the time of his or her 8 detention, the county in which the person was detained, or the 9 county in which the person was evaluated or treated. Within seven 10 days after receiving notice of the petition, the Department of Justice shall file copies of the reports described in this section with the 11 12 superior court. The reports shall be disclosed upon request to the 13 person and to the district attorney. The district attorney shall be 14 entitled to a continuance of the hearing to a date of not less than 15 14 days after the district attorney was notified of the hearing date by the clerk of the court. The district attorney may notify the county 16 17 mental health director of the petition, and the county mental health 18 director shall provide information about the detention of the person 19 that may be relevant to the court and shall file that information 20 with the superior court. That information shall be disclosed to the 21 person and to the district attorney. The court, upon motion of the 22 person subject to paragraph (1) establishing that confidential 23 information is likely to be discussed during the hearing that would 24 cause harm to the person, shall conduct the hearing in camera with 25 only the relevant parties present, unless the court finds that the 26 public interest would be better served by conducting the hearing 27 in public. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any 28 declaration, police reports, including criminal history information, 29 and any other material and relevant evidence that is not excluded 30 under Section 352 of the Evidence Code, shall be admissible at 31 the hearing under this section. If the court finds by a preponderance 32 of the evidence that the person would be likely to use firearms in 33 a safe and lawful manner, the court may order that the person may 34 own, control, receive, possess, or purchase firearms, and that 35 person shall comply with the procedure described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 33850) of Division 11 of Title 4 of Part 36 37 6 of the Penal Code for the return of any firearms. A copy of the 38 order shall be submitted to the Department of Justice. Upon receipt 39 of the order, the Department of Justice shall delete any reference to the prohibition against firearms from the person's state mentalhealth firearms prohibition system information.

3 (h) (1) For all persons identified in subdivisions (f) and (g),

4 facilities shall report to the Department of Justice as specified in

5 those subdivisions, except facilities shall not report persons under

6 subdivision (g) if the same persons previously have been reported7 under subdivision (f).

8 Additionally,

9 (2) Additionally, all facilities shall report to the Department of 10 Justice upon the discharge of persons from whom reports have 11 been submitted pursuant to subdivision (f) or (g). However, a report 12 shall not be filed for persons who are discharged within 31 days 13 after the date of admission.

(i) Every person who owns or possesses or has under his or her
custody or control, or purchases or receives, or attempts to purchase
or receive, any firearm or any other deadly weapon in violation of
this section shall be punished by imprisonment pursuant to
subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code or in a county
jail for not more than one year.

20 (j) "Deadly weapon," as used in this section, has the meaning 21 prescribed by Section 8100.

(k) For purposes of this section, "immediately" means a period
of time not exceeding 24 hours.

24 (1) Any notice or report required to be submitted to the

Department of Justice pursuant to this section shall be submitted
in an electronic format, in a manner prescribed by the Department
of Justice.

28 SEC. 4. Section 8104 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is 29 amended to read:

30 8104. The State Department of State Hospitals shall maintain

31 in a convenient central location and shall make available to the

32 Department of Justice those records that the State Department of

33 State Hospitals has in its possession that are necessary to identify 34 persons who come within Section 8100 or 8103. These records

shall be made Upon request of the Department of Justice, the State

36 Department of State Hospitals shall make these records available

37 to the Department of Justice-upon *in electronic format within* 

38 twenty-four hours of receiving the request. The Department of

39 Justice shall make these requests only with respect to its duties

40 with regard to applications for permits for, or to carry, or the

possession, purchase, or transfer of, explosives as defined in 1 2 Section 12000 of the Health and Safety Code, devices defined in 3 Section 16250, 16530, or 16640 of the Penal Code, in subdivisions 4 (a) to (d), inclusive, of Section 16520 of the Penal Code, or in 5 subdivision (a) of Section 16840 of the Penal Code, machineguns 6 as defined in Section 16880 of the Penal Code, short-barreled 7 shotguns or short-barreled rifles as defined in Sections 17170 and 8 17180 of the Penal Code, assault weapons as defined in Section 9 30510 of the Penal Code, and destructive devices as defined in 10 Section 16460 of the Penal Code, or to determine the eligibility 11 of a person to acquire, carry, or possess a firearm, explosive, or 12 destructive device by a person who is subject to a criminal 13 investigation, a part of which involves the acquisition, carrying, 14 or possession of a firearm by that person. These records shall not 15 be furnished or made available to any person unless the department determines that disclosure of any information in the records is 16 17 necessary to carry out its duties with respect to applications for 18 permits for, or to carry, or the possession, purchase, or transfer of, 19 explosives, destructive devices, devices as defined in Section 16250, 16530, or 16640 of the Penal Code, in subdivisions (a) to 20 21 (d), inclusive, of Section 16520 of the Penal Code, or in subdivision 22 (a) of Section 16840 of the Penal Code, short-barreled shotguns, 23 short-barreled rifles, assault weapons, and machineguns, or to 24 determine the eligibility of a person to acquire, carry, or possess 25 a firearm, explosive, or destructive device by a person who is 26 subject to a criminal investigation, a part of which involves the 27 acquisition, carrying, or possession of a firearm by that person. 28 SEC. 5. Section 8105 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is

## 29 *amended to read:*

8105. (a) The Department of Justice shall request each public
and private mental hospital, sanitarium, and institution to submit
to the department that information that the department deems
necessary to identify those persons who are within subdivision (a)
of Section 8100, in order to carry out its duties in relation to
firearms, destructive devices, and explosives.

(b) Upon request of the Department of Justice pursuant to
subdivision (a), each public and private mental hospital, sanitarium,
and institution shall submit to the department that information
which the department deems necessary to identify those persons
who are within subdivision (a) of Section 8100, in order to carry

1 out its duties in relation to firearms, destructive devices, and 2 explosives.

3 (c) A licensed psychotherapist shall-immediately report to a 4 local law enforcement agency, within 24 hours, in a manner 5 prescribed by the Department of Justice, the identity of a person subject to subdivision (b) of Section 8100. Upon receipt of the 6 report, the local law enforcement agency, on a form prescribed by 7 8 the Department of Justice, shall immediately notify the department 9 electronically, within 24 hours, in a manner prescribed by the 10 *department*, of the person who is subject to subdivision (b) of 11 Section 8100.

12 (d) All information provided to the Department of Justice 13 pursuant to this section shall be kept confidential, separate 14 *separate*, and apart from all other records maintained by the 15 department. The information provided to the Department of Justice 16 pursuant to this section shall be used only for any of the following 17 purposes:

18 (1) By the department to determine eligibility of a person to 19 acquire, carry, or possess firearms, destructive devices, or 20 explosives.

(2) For the purposes of the court proceedings described in
subdivision (b) of Section 8100, to determine the eligibility of the
person who is bringing the petition pursuant to paragraph (3) of
subdivision (b) of Section 8100.

(3) To determine the eligibility of a person to acquire, carry, or
possess firearms, destructive devices, or explosives who is the
subject of a criminal investigation, if a part of the criminal
investigation involves the acquisition, carrying, or possession of
firearms, explosives, or destructive devices by that person.

(e) Reports shall not be required or requested under this section
where the same person has been previously reported pursuant to
Section 8103 or 8104.

33 SEC. 6. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

34 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution for certain

35 costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district

36 because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction,

37 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime

38 or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the

39 Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the

1	meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California
2	Constitution.
3	However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that
4	this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement
5	to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made
6	pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division
7	4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
8	SECTION 1. Section 26070 of the Public Resources Code is
9	amended to read:
10	26070. The authority shall administer a Clean Energy Upgrade
11	Program to reduce overall costs to the property owners of a loan
12	provided by an applicant to finance the installation of distributed
13	generation renewable energy sources, electric vehicle charging
14	infrastructure, or energy or water efficiency improvements that
15	are permanently fixed to real property by providing a reserve or
16	other financial assistance at a level to be determined by the State
17	Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission
18	and the authority. Improvements financed pursuant to this program
19	shall be for a residential project of four units or fewer, a project
20	for a mobilehome, as defined in Section 18008 of the Health and
21	Safety Code, or a commercial project that costs less than
22	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in total.
23	SEC. 2. Section 26073 of the Public Resources Code is
24	amended to read:
25	26073. (a) In evaluating eligibility, the authority shall consider
26	whether the applicant's loan program includes the following
27	conditions:
28	(1) Loan recipients are legal owners of underlying property.
29	(2) Loan recipients are current on mortgage and property tax
30	payments.
31	(3) Loan recipients are not in default or in bankruptcy
32	proceedings.
33	(4) The program offers financing for energy and water efficiency
34	improvements.
35	(5) Improvements financed by the program follow applicable
36	standards of energy efficiency retrofit work, including any
37	guidelines adopted by the State Energy Resources Conservation
38	and Development Commission.
39	(b) In evaluating an application, the authority shall consider all

40 of the following factors:

1 (1) The use by the loan program of best practices, adopted by 2 the authority, to qualify eligible properties for participation in 3 underwriting the loan program. 4 (2) The cost efficiency of the applicant's loan program. 5 (3) The projected number of jobs created by the loan program. 6 (4) The applicant's loan program requirements for quality assurance and consumer protection, as related to achieving 7 8 efficiency and clean energy production, in accordance with the 9 standards developed pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 26072. 10 (5) The mechanisms by which savings produced by this program 11 are passed on to the property owners. 12 (6) Any other factors deemed appropriate by the authority. 13 (c) The authority may approve a loan program that offers financing for electric vehicle charging infrastructure if the electric 14 15 vehicle charging infrastructure is part of a project to install energy 16 efficiency improvements and distributed generation renewable 17 energy resources and is designed so that the project does not 18 increase peak energy demand. SEC. 3. Section 26080 of the Public Resources Code is 19 20 amended to read: 21 26080. (a) Until January 1, 2017, an amount of up to fifty 22 million dollars (\$50,000,000) from the Renewable Resource Trust 23 Fund, established pursuant to Section 25751, is hereby appropriated 24 to the authority for the purposes of this chapter. The moneys 25 appropriated shall remain in the Renewable Resource Trust Fund 26 until the funds are needed by the authority pursuant to this chapter. 27 (b) Of the moneys appropriated in subdivision (a), up to five 28 hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$550,000) may be expended by 29 the authority for the initial administrative costs in implementing 30 this chapter. 31 (c) All repayments of moneys disbursed pursuant to this chapter 32 shall be deposited into the Renewable Resource Trust Fund. SEC. 4. Section 26081 of the Public Resources Code is 33 34 amended to read: 35 26081. (a) On March 31, 2011, and annually thereafter, the 36 authority shall submit to the Legislature a report pursuant to Section 37 9795 of the Government Code on all of the following:

38 (1) The status of the account.

39 (2) A summary of the PACE bonds that received assistance

40 pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 26060) and a

- 1 summary of the loans that received assistance pursuant to Article
- 2 3 (commencing with Section 26070).
- (3) A summary of the benefits provided by this division, 3
- including reduced interest rates on the PACE bonds or on loans 4 receiving assistance pursuant to this division. 5
- (4) The number of jobs created by the PACE programs or loans 6
- 7 that received assistance pursuant to this chapter.
- 8 (5) Information on energy and water savings resulting from the
- 9 PACE programs or loans that received assistance pursuant to this 10 chapter.
- (6) Other information deemed appropriate by the authority. 11
- 12 (b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2017,
- 13 and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that
- is enacted before January 1, 2017, deletes or extends that date. 14

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