## Introduced by Senators Steinberg, Hancock, and Yee

February 20, 2013

An act to amend Sections 30515 and 30900 of, and to add Section 27566 to, the Penal Code, relating to firearms.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 374, as introduced, Steinberg. Firearms: assault weapons.

Existing law regulates the sale, carrying, and control of firearms, including assault weapons, and requires assault weapons to be registered with the Department of Justice. Violation of these provisions is a crime. Existing law defines a semiautomatic, centerfire rifle that has the capacity to accept a detachable magazine and other specified features and a semiautomatic weapon that has a fixed magazine with a capacity to accept 10 or more rounds as an assault weapon.

This bill would, instead, classify a semiautomatic, rimfire or centerfire rifle that does not have a fixed magazine with the capacity to accept 10 rounds or fewer as an assault weapon. The bill would require a person who, between January 1, 2001, and prior to January 1, 2014, lawfully possessed an assault weapon that does not have a fixed magazine, including those weapons with an ammunition feeding device that can be removed readily from the firearm with the use of a tool, to register the firearm by July 1, 2014. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

This bill would require, on and after July 1, 2014, a Firearm Ownership Record to be submitted, as specified, to the Department of Justice for every firearm an individual owns, with prescribed exceptions, including firearms purchased from a licensed firearms dealer and documented by a Dealers' Record of Sale transaction and assault weapons registered with the department. The bill would authorize the

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department to charge a fee of up to \$19 per transaction for the submission of the Firearm Ownership Record.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 27566 is added to the Penal Code, to 2 read:
- 3 27566. (a) On and after July 1, 2014, a Firearm Ownership Record shall be submitted by prepaid mail or delivered in person 5 to the Department of Justice for every firearm an individual owns or possesses. 6
  - (b) The following firearms are exempt from subdivision (a):
  - (1) Handguns purchased from a licensed firearms dealer and documented by a Dealers' Record of Sale (DROS) transaction on and after January 1, 1991.
  - (2) Rifles without detachable magazines and shotguns purchased prior to January 1, 2014.
  - (3) Assault weapons registered with the department pursuant to Section 30900.
  - (4) Firearms for which a Firearm Ownership Record has been previously filed by the current owner.
  - (c) The department may charge a fee in an amount sufficient to reimburse the department for the reasonable costs of maintaining the Firearm Ownership Record program, but in no case more than nineteen dollars (\$19) per transaction to process the Firearm
- 21 Ownership Record. After the department establishes the fee 22
- amount, the department may adjust the fee amount annually as
- 23 necessary to cover the reasonable costs of administering the
- 24 program. The fees shall be deposited into the Dealers' Record of
- 25 Sale Special Account.

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- 26 SEC. 2. Section 30515 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
- 27 30515. (a) Notwithstanding Section 30510, "assault weapon"
- 28 also means any of the following:

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- 1 (1) A semiautomatic, centerfire rifle that has the capacity to accept a detachable magazine and any one of the following:
- 3 (A) A pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the weapon.
- 5 (B) A thumbhole stock.
  - (C) A folding or telescoping stock.
- 7 (D) A grenade launcher or flare launcher.
- 8 (E) A flash suppressor.
  - (F) A forward pistol grip.
- 10 (2) A semiautomatic, centerfire rifle that has a fixed magazine with the capacity to accept more than 10 rounds.
- 12 (1) A semiautomatic, rimfire or centerfire rifle that does not 13 have a fixed magazine with the capacity to accept 10 rounds or 14 fewer.
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- 16 (2) A semiautomatic, centerfire rifle that has an overall length of less than 30 inches.
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- (3) A semiautomatic pistol that has the capacity to accept a detachable magazine and any one of the following:
- 21 (A) A threaded barrel, capable of accepting a flash suppressor, forward handgrip, or silencer.
  - (B) A second handgrip.
  - (C) A shroud that is attached to, or partially or completely encircles, the barrel that allows the bearer to fire the weapon without burning the bearer's hand, except a slide that encloses the barrel.
- 28 (D) The capacity to accept a detachable magazine at some 29 location outside of the pistol grip.
- 30 (5)
- 31 (4) A semiautomatic pistol with a fixed magazine that has the capacity to accept more than 10 rounds.
- 33 <del>(6)</del>
- 34 (5) A semiautomatic shotgun that has both of the following:
- 35 (A) A folding or telescoping stock.
- 36 (B) A pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action
- 37 of the weapon, thumbhole stock, or vertical handgrip.
- 38 (7)
- 39 (6) A semiautomatic shotgun that has the ability to accept a detachable magazine.

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1 (8)

- (7) Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder.
- (b) The Legislature finds a significant public purpose in exempting from the definition of "assault weapon" pistols that are designed expressly for use in Olympic target shooting events. Therefore, those pistols that are sanctioned by the International Olympic Committee and by USA Shooting, the national governing body for international shooting competition in the United States, and that were used for Olympic target shooting purposes as of January 1, 2001, and that would otherwise fall within the definition of "assault weapon" pursuant to this section are exempt, as provided in subdivision (c).
  - (c) "Assault weapon" does not include either of the following:
  - (1) Any antique firearm.
  - (2) Any of the following pistols, because they are consistent with the significant public purpose expressed in subdivision (b):

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18	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	CALIBER
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20	BENELLI	MP90	.22LR
21	BENELLI	MP90	.32 S&W LONG
22	BENELLI	MP95	.22LR
23	BENELLI	MP95	.32 S&W LONG
24	HAMMERLI	280	.22LR
25	HAMMERLI	280	.32 S&W LONG
26	HAMMERLI	SP20	.22LR
27	HAMMERLI	SP20	.32 S&W LONG
28	PARDINI	GPO	.22 SHORT
29	PARDINI	<b>GP-SCHUMANN</b>	.22 SHORT
30	PARDINI	HP	.32 S&W LONG
31	PARDINI	MP	.32 S&W LONG
32	PARDINI	SP	.22LR
33	PARDINI	SPE	.22LR
34	WALTHER	GSP	.22LR
35	WALTHER	GSP	.32 S&W LONG
36	WALTHER	OSP	.22 SHORT
37	WALTHER	OSP-2000	.22 SHORT
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(3) The Department of Justice shall create a program that is consistent with the purposes stated in subdivision (b) to exempt

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new models of competitive pistols that would otherwise fall within the definition of "assault weapon" pursuant to this section from being classified as an assault weapon. The exempt competitive pistols may be based on recommendations by USA Shooting consistent with the regulations contained in the USA Shooting Official Rules or may be based on the recommendation or rules of any other organization that the department deems relevant.

- (d) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
- (1) "Detachable magazine" means an ammunition feeding device that can be removed readily from the firearm without disassembly of the firearm action.
- (2) "Fixed magazine" means an ammunition feeding device contained in, or permanently attached to, a firearm in such a manner that the device cannot be removed without disassembly of the firearm action.
- SEC. 3. Section 30900 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 30900. (a) Any-A person who, prior to June 1, 1989, lawfully possessed an assault weapon, as defined in former Section 12276, as added by Section 3 of Chapter 19 of the Statutes of 1989, shall register the firearm by January 1, 1991, and any person who lawfully possessed an assault weapon prior to the date it was specified as an assault weapon pursuant to former Section 12276.5, as added by Section 3 of Chapter 19 of the Statutes of 1989 or as amended by Section 1 of Chapter 874 of the Statutes of 1990 or Section 3 of Chapter 954 of the Statutes of 1991, shall register the firearm within 90 days with the Department of Justice pursuant to those procedures that the department may establish.
- (b) Except as provided in Section 30600, any person who lawfully possessed an assault weapon prior to the date it was defined as an assault weapon pursuant to former Section 12276.1, as it read in Section 7 of Chapter 129 of the Statutes of 1999, and which was not specified as an assault weapon under former Section 12276, as added by Section 3 of Chapter 19 of the Statutes of 1989 or as amended at any time before January 1, 2001, or former Section 12276.5, as added by Section 3 of Chapter 19 of the Statutes of 1989 or as amended at any time before January 1, 2001, shall register the firearm by January 1, 2001, with the department pursuant to those procedures that the department may establish.

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(c) A person who, between January 1, 2001, and prior to January 1, 2014, lawfully possessed an assault weapon that does not have a fixed magazine, as defined in Section 30515 and including those weapons with an ammunition feeding device that can be removed readily from the firearm with the use of a tool, shall register the firearm by July 1, 2014, with the department pursuant to procedures determined by the department.

<del>(c)</del>

(d) The registration shall contain a description of the firearm that identifies it uniquely, including all identification marks, the full name, address, date of birth, and thumbprint of the owner, and any other information that the department may deem appropriate.

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- (e) The department may charge a fee for registration of up to twenty dollars (\$20) per person but not to exceed the actual processing costs of the department. After the department establishes fees sufficient to reimburse the department for processing costs, fees charged shall increase at a rate not to exceed the legislatively approved annual cost-of-living adjustment for the department's budget or as otherwise increased through the Budget Act department's actual precessing costs. The fees shall be deposited into the Dealers' Record of Sale Special Account.
- SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.